### THE RUNAWAY AUSTRALIAN BESTSELLER

108 SUGAR-FREE RECIPES

'Sarah's down-to-earth, practical approach makes the sugar-quitting process doable, while her recipes make it fun.' DAVID GILLESPIE (author of *Sweet Poison* and *Big Fat Lies*)

QUIT

SARAH WILSON

YOUR COMPLETE 8-WEEK DETOX PROGRAMME AND COOKBOOK

'Sarah Wilson's *I Quit Sugar* cookbook is probably one of the more important food and lifestyle books I've read. Her research is meticulous and informed yet written with a positive, warm and humorous voice. Sarah's love of food shows in her delicious, innovative and easy recipes. But it's Sarah's basic message that counts and one I totally share; you can live well, and eat well without sugar.'

JANE KENNEDY (writer, producer, director, actress and foodie)

'Was an absolute revelation to me, breaking the sugar addiction. Also felt the benefits in energy – not needing more than seven hours' sleep, being alert ALL day without the afterlunch slump, and losing the brain-fog.'

#### VIKKI

'Thank you, Sarah, your ebook has literally saved my life. I am 42 years old and I was 45 kg overweight and staring straight down the barrel of multiple chronic illnesses. Kicking my life-long sugar habit has changed me dramatically both physically and emotionally. My appetite has reduced, my health is back on track, I have lost 26 kg very easily, I get complimented every day on how young and healthy I am looking – and I have no cravings!'

#### KIRRA PENDERGAST

'The main change is this freedom I have never had before. No more internal berating about not having strong enough willpower, no more negotiations with myself about what/when/how much I can have, and no more hours in the afternoon debating whether I should go and get chocolate. You have truly changed my life, and for that, I thank you.'

#### SAMANTHA

'I've been sugar-free for almost 12 months. I love the way it makes me feel – lots of energy! I'm amazed how much I don't crave sweets anymore. My skin is glowing.'

#### DI

'I was overweight (113 kg) and had been on BP medication for nearly 30 years (I'm not yet 50!!), anti-depressants, and thyroid drugs (from a tumour); I thought I'd give [the 8-week programme] a try. Over this last year, I have dropped 20 kg through diet alone, I've now joined a gym, I've just weaned myself off the anti-depressants, I'm now dropping the BP meds, my skin has cleared up (been bad since high school), people are saying I look ten years younger and I feel like I want to do things and get on with life again.'

JON





YOUR COMPLETE 8-WEEK DETOX PROGRAMME AND COOKBOOK

#### SARAH WILSON

MACMILLAN

### A LITTLE DEDICATION

I wrote this for everyone who's ever struggled with their eating and their health. And then given themselves a stinkin' hard time for not finding a way to get on top of things. And I wish to say to you all:

### YOU'RE NOT ALONE. WE'RE ALL IN THIS TOGETHER.

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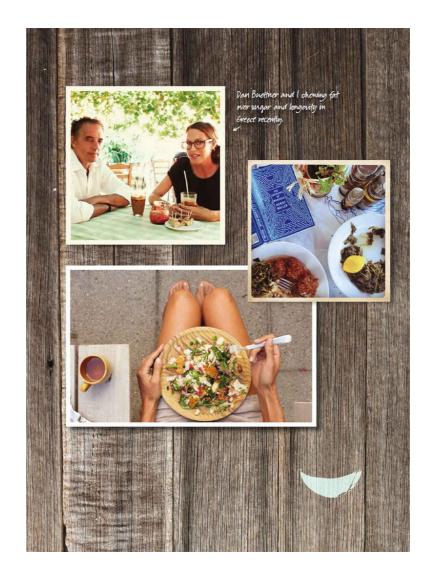
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## A QUICK FOREWORD

### by Dan Buettner

National Geographic Fellow and New York Times bestselling author of *The Blue Zones: Lessons for Living Longer from the People Who've Lived the Longest*.

What should you eat? I just Googled 'diet' and was presented with 656 million results. WebMD scientifically reviews 94 diets – everything from the 'Atkins Diet' to the 'Zone Diet'; from the 'Gene Smart Diet' to the 'Cookie Diet'. Here's the bottom line: None of them work! Sure, any one of them will help you lose weight for a few weeks or a few months. But we humans are hardwired for variety and pretty soon, no matter how seemingly fantabulous a new diet may seem, we're going to get bored with it and stray. I defy anyone to tell me about a diet that has worked for more than two years.

I've spent over a decade studying what centenarians eat to be 100 and I can tell you a few things for sure. First is that evolution provides important cues for helping us decide what to eat. Think about what your grandparents ate, the quantity, the level of processing, the freshness, and you can get a pretty good idea of what humans have been eating for the past few centuries. Second, we all need to experiment and find out what works for our lifestyle and our particular body chemistry. I believe that vegetables are good for you but if I eat aubergine – and I don't know why aubergine – the roof of my mouth swells like a sea anemone. Third, if we eat what we like we're going to probably eat it for long enough to make a real difference in our health – for better or for worse.

Which is why I like Sarah Wilson's approach to eating, and particularly this book. Sarah is a food explorer of the highest order. She began her deep dive into the science of eating not because she wanted to sell books, but because she had an intrinsically personal and authentic motive: she needed to heal herself. She then proceeded with journalistic rigor and Machiavellian resolve to get to primary sources of dietary information. She's personally interviewed the top scientists and/or has metabolised their research to produce a powerful understanding of how food impacts our wellness (I call her a walking Googlet of Dietary Information). Then she travelled the world in search of recipes that match her best practices. Couple this with her epicurean sensibilities and the fact that she started cooking at an age when most kids are learning to walk, you have the perfect credentials to write a cookbook. My advice: Take a Sarah Wilsonesque expedition of your own through the pages of this book. Try most of these recipes, turn your favourites into weekly habits, and watch wellness ensue!

P.S. Dan and I met after I wrote about his Blue Zone theories four years ago. We started a robust electronic dialogue over our common interests – mountain biking, eating and exploring. I love that he digs my book! Sarah

# TWO YEARS AGO I DECIDED TO QUIT SUGAR.

I'd played with the idea many times before, but had never quite gone the full distance. Then I decided to get serious.

What started out as just a New-Year experiment became something more. Giving up sugar was easier than I thought, and I felt better than ever, so I just kept going and going.

I interviewed dozens of experts around the world and did my own research as a qualified health coach. I experimented, using myself as a guinea pig, and eventually assembled a stack of scientifically tested techniques that really worked. Then I got serious and committed. I chose.

# THESE THINGS ARE ALWAYS A MATTER OF CHOOSING . AND COMMITTING.

We have a deep-rooted resistance to quitting sugar. We grow up with an emotional and physical attachment to it. Just the idea of not being able to turn to it when we're feeling happy or want to celebrate, or when we're feeling low or tired, terrifies us.

If not a sweet treat, then what? Well, I'll tell you what:

#### A MIND AND BODY THAT'S CLEAN AND CLEAR.

But I soon learned that when you quit sugar, you can feel very much on your own. Our modern food system is set up around sugar, and seductively so. A muesli bar can contain more sugar than a block of chocolate; everyday barbecue sauce more than chocolate topping. You try to do the right thing only to find low-fat yoghurt contains more sugar than ice cream. You feed your kids 'wholegrain' cereal in the morning with some juice and pack their lunchbox with 'healthy' snacks, like raisins or fruit. By lunch, they've eaten their way through a Mars-barand-cola-can-worth of sugar.

And don't try taking refuge in a health food shop – they're little dens of fructose-dressed-up-as-healthy food stuffs. Some of the highest fructose snacks I've encountered were found in health food shops, usually festooned with 'low fat', 'gluten-free', '100% natural' and even 'no added sugar' labels. What hope do we have?

It also doesn't help that the nutritional bodies we rely on to advise us as to what to put in our mouths are in many cases funded by - you guessed it - the sugar industry.

# JUST ABOUT EVERYTHING WE EAT IS LACED WITH SUGAR.

I found breakfast became a minefield and trying to grab a healthy, sugar-free snack on the run was virtually impossible. I had to get clever and creative. So I spent the next twelve months inventing new fructose-free snacks and meals, both sweet and sweet-diverting.

# THIS BOOK WILL SHOW YOU HOW TO TAKE SUGAR OUT OF YOUR DIET AND GET WELL.

It's a step-by-step eight-week programme, full of tips, tricks and techniques that will help you eliminate the white stuff for good.

#### PLUS IT'S A RECIPE BOOK

It's a compendium of all the things that I personally ate and treated myself to while giving up sugar, and beyond. The recipes are a combination of my 'inventions', plus a few contributions from some of my lovely health-focused friends.

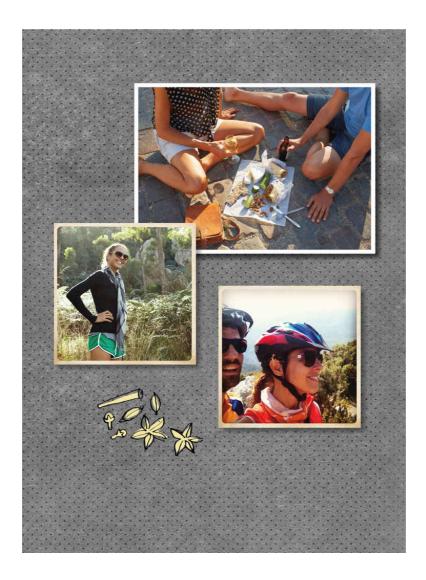
For me, eating sugar-free has become incredibly easy, efficient, economical, sustainable and ... right.

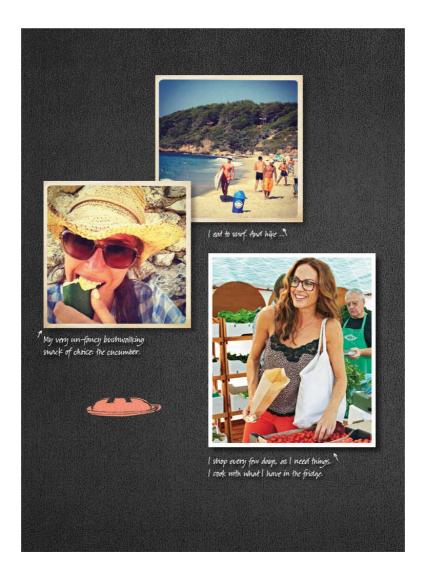
For the first time in decades, I am eating exactly what I want. That's what going sugar-free does – it recalibrates your appetite. I don't think about restricting my intake. Ever. And eating has become even more joyous and deeply, wholly satiating.

I'm no white-coated expert. But I did succeed in ridding my life of sugar and I did experience firsthand what worked and what didn't. Now I want to share what I found and help as many people as I can make the leap to healthy, sugar-free living.

I wish you luck and a whole lot of wellness.

Sarah XX





# JUST A FEW THINGS ABOUT THE RECIPES

The recipes in this book are not fancy. They're simple and everyday. No croquembouches!

Less is more. I try to use as few ingredients as possible. You'll notice that I use the same staples over and over throughout the book. This way you get to experiment with each ingredient, using it in a number of different ways, plus it means you're not buying an entire jar of something for one dish, never to be used again. This means less wastage – which is fundamental these days, right?

I don't like to cook precisely. The recipes reflect this and, as a result, are really rather foolproof. See them as an invitation to play a little and experiment.

**I focus on stumbling blocks.** When you give up sugar, the hardest foods to accommodate are breakfasts, quick-and-easy snacks, desserts and feeding your kids – which is why I've focused squarely on these. I've also provided some great detox meals that will help with the transition period to sugar-free eating.

Most of the recipes are completely fructose-free and are perfect for the eight-week quit-sugar programme.

**Some contain sugar alternatives** or low-fructose fruits and are best for eating after the two-month quitting period.

**The recipes are mostly gluten- and grain-free** because I think starches from grains can feed the sugar addiction and are best minimised if you have issues with sugar.

The recipes are mostly suitable for those with fructose malabsorption, but it depends on your relationship with

coconut products. It's worth speaking with a nutritionist or doctor about this if you're concerned.

**This is not strictly a Paleo cookbook,** mostly because I don't subscribe to dietary labels. The principle of the Palaeolithic diet is that we should eat as close to the way our hunter-gather ancestors did 10,000 years ago – lots of meat, fat, nuts, vegetables and some fruit, and no grains or sugar. Most of the recipes in this book are Paleo-suitable, but with some great vegetarian and vegan options provided.

When a recipe calls for dairy, meat or eggs, please try to use free-range, pasture- or grass-fed, organic options . Not so flush with cash? Try cheaper, less fashionable cuts of meat, and don't trim the fat, bones and cartilage. Use them instead to make a stock (see <u>here</u>).

**These recipes are a reflection of how I cook.** I like to mix a bit of this and that. I eat whole (never low-fat), nutrient-dense food where possible.

### I WAS A SUGAR ADDICT. I DIDN'T LOOK LIKE ONE.

I didn't drink Coke or put sugar in my coffee. I've never eaten a Krispy Kreme doughnut, and ice cream bores me.

#### BUT HERE'S THE THING: I WAS A COVERT ADDICT.

I hid behind the so-called 'healthy sugars' like honey, dark chocolate and fruit. Which made things harder in some ways because first I had to face my denial.

Growing up on a semi-subsistence property, my family ate very naturally. My attachment started when, as a teenager, I moved into town from the country. A cocktail of girl hormones, new-found access to malls and convenience stores, as well as a-kid-in-candy-store delight with foods I'd previously been denied meant I went sugar crazy.

I remember at university not being able to function if I didn't have a cinnamon scroll at 10 a.m. I loved the pink icing blob in the middle. And convinced myself the currants made it healthy.

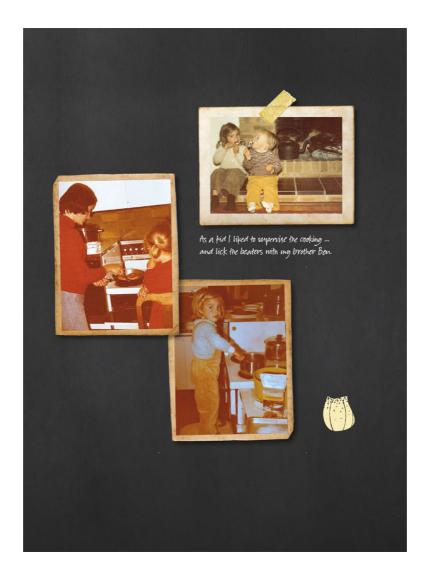
Over time this wasn't enough. I'd then eat an apple pie after lunch. And some chocolate. Soon, I was riding a horrible rollercoaster of sugar highs and lows. I was bingeing. Then, feeling guilty, I would starve myself the rest of the day.

I got sick off the back of this reactionary eating – very sick. I developed mood disorders and sleep problems, and finally I developed adrenal issues and my first autoimmune disease – Graves, or overactive thyroid. Ever since, I've had stomach

problems linked to poor gut balance and have developed further autoimmune issues, most recently Hashimoto's.

Over time I swapped my processed sugary carbs for 'healthy' sugary treats. And, yeah, I ate less sugar overall. But all the symptoms still continued. I didn't put it down to sugar completely. But I knew it was a major player.

For the past ten years I've eaten very well. But up until three years ago I was still eating too much sugar every day. After every meal. I was still addicted.





#### HERE'S A SNAPSHOT:

I was eating three pieces of fruit a day, a handful of dried fruit, a teaspoon or two of honey in my tea, a small (35 g) bar of dark chocolate after lunch and, after dinner, honey drizzled on yoghurt, or dessert (if I was out).

A conservative day would see me consume about 25-plus teaspoons of sugar, just in that rundown of snacks above. That's not counting the hidden sugar in things like tomato sauce and commercial breads.

I told myself I ate 'good' sugar and convinced myself I didn't have a problem.

#### BUT SUGAR IS SUGAR.

Sure, the other ingredients mixed in with the sugar in, say, a muesli bar or a piece of fruit were good for me. But the chemical composition of sugar – whether it's in a mango or a chocolate bar – remains the same. And it is highly addictive.



#### IT WAS TIME TO FACE THE FACTS.

# **FACT 1:** I WAS EATING WAY MORE SUGAR THAN WE'RE DESIGNED TO EAT.

Even though I was eating much less sugar than the average Australian, and many would say my diet looked very healthy, I was still consuming too much sugar.

Around the world, recommendations are increasingly being revised down and down ... which suggests something, right? The American Heart Association recommends that women consume no more than 100 calories a day and men no more than 150 calories a day from added sugar. That translates into about six teaspoons for women, nine teaspoons for men and three teaspoons for children, inclusive of hidden sugars.

Australian guidelines differ and are hazy when it comes to defining 'added sugar' and the amounts vary from 85–110 g a day, which is up to 26 teaspoons. From my research over the past 18 months, I found that those who espouse eating sugar at the levels we used to before the 'invention of sugar' and its related chronic diseases tend to suggest 20 g (5 teaspoons) a day as a maximum. Which isn't much.

#### FACT 2: I WAS ADDICTED.

And in a most undignified way. If someone put a cheesecake in front of me or a family-sized block of chocolate, and I was having a weak moment, I'd damn well eat the lot. Once I got a taste, I couldn't control myself.

# **FACT 3:** AUTOIMMUNE DISEASE (*or Adrenal issues or an excitable personality*) + SUGAR = BAD.

I suspect my autoimmune disease is, to an extent, linked to my lifelong sugar habit. And it is certainly made worse by sugar. Anyone with a compromised system simply cannot afford to have their stress hormones (adrenaline and cortisol), their neurotransmitter levels (dopamine), or their insulin levels tipped off balance by sugar. It's a hard, cold, but oddly motivating fact!

#### FACT 4: I WANTED TO LOSE WEIGHT.

I'd put on weight (nearly two stone) from my thyroid disease a few years back and hadn't been able to shift it. It wasn't a core issue for me but it played on my mind. I was keen to see if cutting sugar would help.

#### FACT 5: I'D HAD ENOUGH.

I was done with riding the rollercoaster of sugar highs and lows and my obsession with my next fix. And I figured it was time to at least try eliminating sugar. Just to see what happened.

To begin with, I committed to 'just trying it out'. But after two weeks I felt so much clearer and cleaner I kept going. I wasn't draconian about it. I just remained curious ...

This is a principle I apply to many aspects of my life. Like exercise. I commit to exercising 20 minutes every day (it's the 'every day' bit that counts). I don't baulk at the idea of 20 minutes, so I do it without fuss. Plus, once I set out for a jog or a swim for 20 minutes, I get engaged and invariably go for a bit longer. I apply the same psychology to quitting sugar. It works!

#### NOTE

#### I TRY TO KEEP MY SUGAR INTAKE AS LOW AS POSSIBLE. 5–9 TEASPOONS OF SUGAR A DAY IS MY RECOMMENDED LIMIT.



#### ARE YOU READY TO QUIT?

### I'LL BE UPFRONT.

There are a few harsh-ish realities to bear in mind before you set out:

- Quitting, I found, took about two months. Studies say it takes between 21 and 66 days to change a habit from a *psychological* perspective. My experience and research found it took most people the same amount of time to overcome the physical habit of eating sugar, too. Sugar is a gnarly habit; I advise pacing yourself. Do it properly over eight weeks.
- When you first quit sugar, you must quit ALL of it. Including fruit, fruit juice, agave and honey. Some nutritionists advise just cutting out the added sugar. But a lot of the sugar experts agree: it's best to get rid of all of it at first, so you can break the addiction and then recalibrate.
- At the end of the eight-week programme, some fruit and safe table sugar alternatives can be reintroduced.
- There is a detox period where you will feel like crap. This lasted only a week or two for me. For some it can last six weeks. After that, it's a non-issue. I promise.

#### STILL NOT CONVINCED?

#### FIRST CONSIDER THIS:

▶ We're eating more low-fat food than ever before.

▶ We're joining more gyms.

> Yet we're putting on more weight.

THEN CONSIDER THIS:

- Today we eat more than a kilo of sugar a week. Just 150 years ago we ate next to none.
- Low-fat food often contains more sugar than the whole-food version. (Sugar is added to make a food taste more like the original.)

▶ The low-fat industry is big business.

#### A PICTURE FORMS, RIGHT?

There is a lot of resistance to eliminating sugar. The sugar and corn industries in many countries are propped up by government tariffs. And government nutrition bodies around the world are too often funded by the sugar industry. I don't want to spell things out with outrage and finger-pointing. But I will highlight that quitting sugar is something that's not about to be encouraged by a big world-wide health initiative any time soon.

We have to make the change ourselves, consciously.

SHOULD YOU BE QUITTING?

- ▶ Do you get an energy slump in the afternoon?
- ▶ Do you need something sweet after meals?
- Does your stomach get bloated after eating?
- ► Are you unable to eat just one piece of cake and walk away?

Are you 'podgy' around the middle, perhaps even slim everywhere else?

Do you often feel unclear? That you're not always sharp and on-form?

I ticked 'yes' to most of the above and had a sneaking suspicion that sugar might be the thing making me feel baseline-crappy. If you do too, then have a go and see if quitting works. It has for tens of thousands of people who have completed my eight-week programme already. (Check out the testimonials on the inside cover of this book.)

I'll be working to a few IQS mantras throughout the programme. This is the first.



#### BE GENTLE AND KIND

As you do this programme, please go gently and don't punish yourself.

We don't respond well to 'restrictive thinking'. You're doing this not because you have to, but because it might make you feel better. Be alive to this as often as you can through this process. Gentle and kind ...

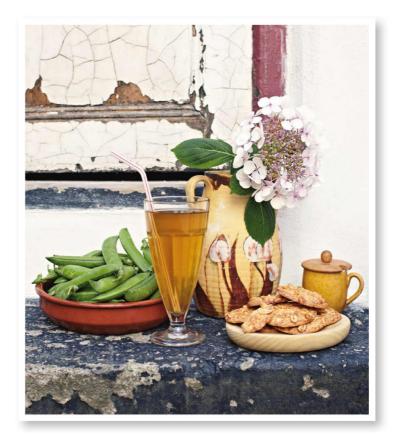
#### MY FINAL TIPS ON QUITTING

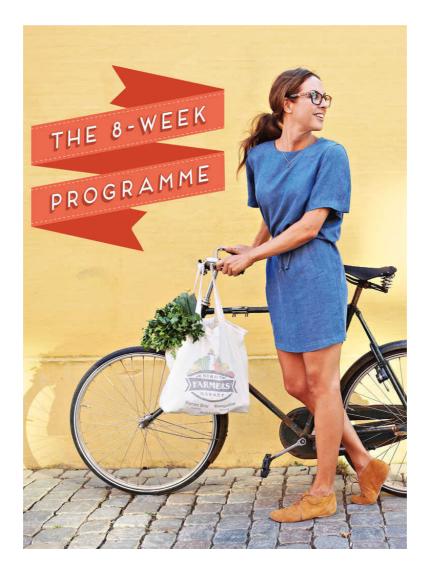
Take a 'let's just see' approach and it will make the process less onerous.

Get an IQS mate to do it with you. It does make it easier. Even just to have someone to cook new foods with.

Read and learn as much information on the science of sugar absorption and sugar politics as you can. It will help remind you why you're doing it, and keep you motivated. (See <u>here</u> for ideas.)

Change doesn't happen with an about-face. It happens by building up habits in our minds. Slowly, we form new neural pathways in our brains until we're doing things differently, effortlessly. So every day that we flex our 'I'm not eating sugar' muscle, the stronger we get. I found it helped to view this process as a strengthening exercise.







### SOME EXPERTS ADVISE GOING COLD TURKEY FROM THE OUTSET.

Me, not so much.

This first week is about a few easy, simple changes that aren't too detailed or complicated. We're not going to cut out all sugar straight away – I think it's worth having a little warm-up. My theory is that humans respond badly to outright bans. Tell me not to touch the 'wet paint' and all I want to do is touch the wet paint. If we're told to stop eating a certain food, we'll crave it all the more and it's all we can think about.

# THE LESS SUGAR IN YOUR SYSTEM BEFORE YOU ENTER WEEK 2, THE EASIER IT WILL BE.

Your gut will be in a better place to deal with the adjustment and the cravings will be milder. Stick to this experimental 'I'm just playing with the idea' phase for one or two weeks. But not too long. You don't want to get bored with the experiment.

### DO THIS

#### PARE BACK ON SUGAR.

And while you're at it, pare back on the refined carbohydrates (doughnuts, bready and white floury things, etc.) Start to become more food-conscious and make a few simple swaps:

- Toast and Vegemite with a few avocado slices, instead of toast with jam.
- Eggs on toast instead of muesli and low-fat yoghurt.
- ▶ Herbal tea or soda water instead of juice and soft drinks.
- ▶ Popcorn at the movies instead of a bag of sweets.
- Cheese instead of dessert after dinner.
- If you drink sugar in your tea and coffee, halve the amount and add in extra milk (which tastes sweet, but contains no fructose). Or, only as an interim measure, use artificial sweetener instead. (I explain later why fake sugars are not a good idea. For now, to get you off sugar, we can live with a week or two of it, for adjustment purposes.)
- If you're addicted to soft drinks, swap to the diet versions again, only as an interim measure. That is, for a week or two.



#### A few factoids to get started.

#### To be clear, it's fructose that's the enemy, not sugar, per se.

# WHEN I TALK ABOUT QUITTING SUGAR, I'M TALKING ABOUT QUITTING FRUCTOSE.

And here's why it's bad!

#### 1 Fructose makes us eat more.

Every molecule we put in our mouths has corresponding appetite hormones. And when we've eaten enough of said molecule, these hormones tell our brains, 'We're full now, stop eating'. Our bodies are good that way; we're designed to eat only as much as we need.

EVERY MOLECULE, THAT IS, EXCEPT FRUCTOSE.

This is because back when we were cave people, sugar was both highly valuable (as instant energy for chasing wildebeest) and extremely rare (a berry here and there). Thus we evolved with no fructose 'full switch'. This was so that when we did stumble on a berry bush, we could gorge ourselves stupid (and store it as instant fat).

All very well back when sugar was rare and we had to work hard to get it. But now it's ludicrously abundant and we barely have to extend an arm to get at it. Having no 'off switch' is a massive liability!

#### **2** Fructose converts directly to fat.

After eating fructose, most of the metabolic burden for metabolising it rests on your liver. This is not the case with glucose, of which your liver breaks down only 20%. Nearly every cell in your body utilises glucose, so it's normally 'burned up' immediately after consumption. The way fructose is converted in our bodies means it's not used straight away as energy, but converted directly to fat. When we drink fructose (in soft drinks and juices), this process is even more direct and faster.

#### 3 Fructose makes us sick.

More and more research is being done on the effects of fructose on our bodies. A number of studies have found that fructose:

- inhibits our immune system, making it harder to fight off viruses and infections.
- upsets the mineral balance in our bodies, causing deficiencies as well as interfering with mineral absorption.
- messes with fertility.
- speeds up the ageing process.
- has been connected with the development of cancers of the breast, ovaries, prostate, rectum, pancreas, lung, gallbladder and stomach.
- is linked to dementia.
- causes an acidic digestive tract, indigestion and malabsorption.
- can cause a rapid rise in adrenaline, as well as hyperactivity, anxiety and a loss of concentration.

#### SUGAR = POISON?

The research is growing to show sugar is indeed poisoning us. Studies are proving sugar to be the biggest cause of fatty liver, which leads to insulin resistance. This then causes metabolic syndrome, which is now being seen as the biggest precursor to heart disease, diabetes and cancer.

Sugar isn't just a bunch of naughty, empty calories. Some leading scientists are saying it's responsible for 35 million annual deaths worldwide.

### GARY TAUBES, AUTHOR OF *WHY WE GET FAT* , WROTE IN THE *NEW YORK TIMES* :

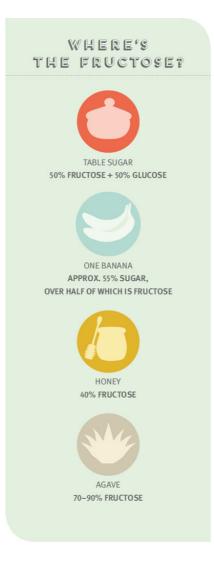
'Sugar scares me ... I'd like to eat it in moderation. I'd certainly like my two sons to be able to eat it in moderation, to not over-consume it, but I don't actually know what that means, and I've been reporting on this subject and studying it for more than a decade. If sugar just makes us fatter, that's one thing. We start gaining weight, we eat less of it. But we are also talking about things we can't see – fatty liver, insulin resistance and all that follows. Officially I'm not supposed to worry because the evidence isn't conclusive, but I do.'

I do too!



#### START MAKING SWAPS IN YOUR KITCHEN.

At this stage you might like to flick to the Getting Equipped section of the book and start getting equipped with some ingredients and staples. (See <u>here</u>.)



### Three recipes to try this week:

### Coco-nutty granola

Swap your flakes and sugary muesli for this sugar-free version. Makes a great snack, too. Make a big batch to get you through this week! (See recipe <u>here</u>.)

### Salted Caramel' Haloumi and Apple

A great one for those of you who need 'a little something' after dinner. (See recipe <u>here</u> .)

# **B**Poached eggs

Swap your usual weekend pancakes or muffin for these lovely little meals. Learn how to make them perfectly, with fun options. (See recipe <u>here</u>.)



### YES, I'M SUGGESTING YOU EAT FAT. I know it's unconventional, but it works.

Humans aren't designed to restrict their intake of food. When we fast, our obedient little bodies are programmemed to think we're in famine or in a state of emergency, and thus particular hormones and urges kick in to ensure our survival.

When our bodies are deprived of food, our:

- survival instinct kicks in and we become obsessed with seeking out food.
- ▶ systems store any calories ingested for safe-keeping.

And that's why extreme diets don't work. Actually, they're counter-effective. More than 95% see you put on weight. Which is why I found this interim phase so important when quitting sugar.

WE HAVE TO REPLACE WHAT WE'RE TAKING OUT.

For both psychological reasons (so we don't get depressed and frustrated from the deprivation) and for physiological reasons (so our bodies don't go into famine mode).



#### REPLACE SUGAR WITH FAT.

You know what? It's this very trick that makes my sugarquitting programme work. I know it might be a bit tough to take at first. But hear me out.



#### EAT FAT AND PROTEIN.

Once we take out sugar, the best thing you can do is replace it with fat and some protein. I'm talking wholesome, unprocessed fats and quality protein, like eggs, cheese, nuts and coconuts.

#### The reason is two-fold:

It takes care of the craving for a 'treat' – which is part of the sugar addiction. When I replaced my afternoon chocolate treat with a fatty, protein-rich food, I didn't feel like I was denying myself – emotionally or physically.

▶ Fat and protein fill us up. They curb the cravings.



Some white-coaty facts to arm yourself with:

#### **1 FAT DOESN'T MAKE YOU FAT (SUGAR DOES).**

Eating fat is bad! Right? Actually, no. And this is something we need to get clear on ...

## THE 'FAT MAKES US FAT AND SICK' ARGUMENT IS FLAWED.

We all grew up being told fat is bad. On the food pyramid we were all fed at school, fat took up a tiny tip of the iceberg. Saturated fat, we were told, was particularly evil – it led to heart attacks and cholesterol issues.

This thinking can be linked to a study American scientist Ancel Keys conducted in the 1950s and 60s that focused on 22 countries around the world. At the time, incidences of heart disease had increased dramatically in the US and there was pressure to find 'the reason', not least because the president at the time had had a near-fatal heart attack. Keys' study found that folk around the world who ate lots of saturated fats (animal and coconut fats) had higher rates of heart disease and cholesterol issues.

#### BINGO! A REASON!

And so the anti-saturated-fat campaign was launched.

The FDA developed their guidelines based around this messaging (which led to the food pyramid taught to kids around the world) and the low-fat industry was launched. We were told to eat margarine and use so-called vegetable oils, such as rapeseed, corn and soya.

Problem was, the science was thoroughly wrong.

Keys only ever published the results of seven of the 22 countries. The results of the other 15 countries actually disproved the whole theory.

Nutritionists and commentators have only just realised this to be the case and are starting to reassess guidelines. They're realising the reason that they were after – the common culprit – was actually sugar.

#### You might find this interesting, too:

As all this was happening several decades back, the US government had been subsidising farmers to produce polyunsaturated oils (rapeseed, soya and corn) but now had a glut of it that they had to make use of. It was a huge problem. They had to offload it. So the low-fat industry heavily promoted these polyunsaturated oils, with low-fat products becoming pumped full of high-fructose corn syrup (HFCS – a corn oil by-product) to enhance flavour and texture.

#### **2** FAT FILLS US UP – SO WE CAN'T GORGE ON IT.

As I mentioned earlier, fats and proteins (and carbs) have corresponding appetite hormones that act as messengers to the brain to control our appetite. You've probably noticed that when you eat cheese or nuts, they get rid of hunger straight away.

So, all things being equal (i.e. our systems are in balance), we don't get fat from eating fat and protein. Our bodies ensure this. We get full.

Also, fat actually activates your metabolism by synthesising several important vitamins, including vitamin D. Eating (good) fat can actually help you lose weight. **Fact.** 

## **3** *BUT* , WE GORGE ON SUGAR. IN FACT, WE'RE DESIGNED TO.

When we eat fructose, our body doesn't notice it in our system. It goes undetected. And so we can eat and eat and eat it, but our bodies don't feel full. Which is why you can drink a jumbo-sized juice or soft drink. Can you imagine drinking that much yoghurt? It would be pretty much impossible.

Some say fructose is good because it doesn't cause insulin spikes (as glucose does). You might see agave described as a low-GI sugar alternative. This can actually be a bad thing, in part because insulin is an appetite-control hormone. In fact, be very wary of low-GI claims while you're on the sugar-quitting mission. Fructose is extremely low-GI and the easiest way to make a product qualify as low-GI is to jam it full of fructose.

#### PLUS, WE'RE PROGRAMMED TO ACTIVELY SEEK OUT AND BINGE ON SUGAR.

Way back when it was so very rare, we had to stock up when we could.

#### **4 SUGAR TURNS DIRECTLY TO FAT.**

Just to ensure you were listening: the way fructose is converted to energy in our bodies means that it side-steps the fat-creation control mechanism in the liver and is converted directly to fatty acids, and then body fat.

#### **5** SUGAR MESSES WITH OUR HORMONE SYSTEMS.

And, in complex ways, leads to cravings and deficiencies. Thus adding to the binge cycles. And so on it goes ...

#### DO THIS

#### EAT THE RIGHT FATS.

There are many mixed, mostly wrong, messages about fat. Many fats are vital. We need fats for immune health, digestion and metabolism. They act as antioxidants and also get rid of heavy metals and toxins in our systems.

- ► I cook with ghee and coconut oil. These are stable, saturated fats that don't change structure at high heat, and both have anti-inflammatory and anti-fungal properties.
- I cook with butter and olive oil, but at moderate temperatures only. These oils aren't as stable as the ones above.
- I pour with olive, walnut and macadamia oils. These oils are fantastic on salad. (Note: don't cook with the walnut oil – it should always be kept cool.)
- I embrace animal fat I eat chicken skin and bacon fat. Just not excessively. I believe we are meant to eat the whole food. Plus once you allow yourself this fat, you find you get full on it quickly and don't need a lot of it.
- ▶ I eat full-fat dairy. Again, the whole foods argument. When the fat is taken out, a lot of the enzymes that help break down lactose are also taken out. I found that when I swapped to fullfat milk, I had no dairy-based digestion problems.
- **I always use organic butter** instead of processed spreads.

I avoid all polyunsaturated fats such as rapeseed, safflower, sunflower, soya and corn oils as they are very unstable. I don't touch trans fats (as in deep-fried foods and so on).

# TRY THESE REPLACEMENT FAT/PROTEIN TREATS:

- ▶ When the afternoon cravings hit, try some **grilled haloumi**. If you have a sandwich maker in the office, pop in a few slices and within minutes you have snack-a-licious goodness on a plate.
- After dinner, try grilling walnuts or tossing them in a pan and then sprinkling them on natural yoghurt. I sprinkle some cinnamon or vanilla powder on top, too.
- At a restaurant, order an extra calamari dish after dinner instead of dessert. Or the cheese platter, without the grapes and pear slices.
- A thick dollop of macadamia or almond spread on a rice cake hits the spot if I'm still hungry after lunch. (See recipe <u>here</u> on how to make your own.)

AND MIX INTO YOUR COOKING:

- Toasted pumpkin seeds (toast in a pan until they start to pop – about a minute) or use activated pumpkin seeds (see <u>here</u>). Toss on salads or on top of your porridge or yoghurt.
- > Avocado . I love it under cheese on toasted sandwiches.

- Play with different oils . I pour walnut oil (good for dry eyes) on yoghurt and dollop the lot on casseroles. Flaxseed (linseed) (good for inflammation) is great on salads.
- **Eggs and more eggs**. Toss two through a pumpkin stir-fry. It gives it a great 'cheesy' texture. (See my hash meals <u>here</u>.)
- **Bacon** . I chop up two rashers and add to a hearty lentil and vegetable soup. I use it for a lush flavour hit.
- **Goat's cheese**. I sprinkle a chunk on top of salad with a glug of olive oil, Greek-style.

#### BE CONSCIOUS.

As you switch to this kind of eating, take note of how quickly you feel full, whether your cravings are lessened, whether you feel like you're 'missing out on something'. I can't stress enough how important it is to witness these kinds of changes. Understanding, as well as having a more intimate relationship with, your internal body will strengthen your resolve over the next few weeks. Find your own way to do this, whether it be through blogging, a morning journal or sharing with your IQS mate ...

#### KEEP SNACKING.

At least for now. Remember this – if you've been a sugar addict (mild, medium or heavy), you'll probably have some hypoglycaemic issues. Which is why you have slumps at 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. I'm betting you've been berating yourself for this, because it generally means you reach for sugar.

Eating regular small meals, 5–6 times a day, is what your body needs for now. In the long-term, once you're off the blood-sugar rollercoaster and you've recalibrated, you will find that 2–3 meals a day is best (oh, the time it saves in a day!). But for the next few weeks, when cravings hit, the simple solution is to snack ... but sugar-free.

My aim when I set out to quit sugar was to get my body back to a balanced state, so I could rediscover my natural appetite mechanisms, instead of reacting from craving to craving.

And ultimately to find my happy weight.

When we're in balance, and eating no sugar, our bodies find a happy homeostasis. And we reach a happy weight. We have few cravings. We get full and genuinely lose interest in food. We burn off the calories in our system. And only then do we feel hungry again when another set of hormones tells the brain we're hungry once more.

This is not some magical state of utopia. It's what our bodies do on their own.

Three recipes to try this week:

### Cheesy biscuits

I promise these will fill you up and satisfy any biscuit/cake fetish. (See <u>here</u> .)

# Bacon and egg cupcakes

Bake a batch and grab one or two when you get hungry. (See <u>here</u> .)

# **3** Activated nuts

Try some flavour combinations and up your protein and fat intake in a fun way. (See <u>here</u> .)



#### HOLD ON TO YOUR SANITY – WE'RE GOING COLD TURKEY!

If you've now cut back on sugar and added good fats into your diet, this won't be as gruelling as it sounds. I promise.

Many argue that when you quit sugar you must quit *all of it ... for life*. My research found that it was best that all of it goes – in the first instance. Down the track we can lighten up a bit ... (More on this later.)

During this 8-week programme, I found that quitting it all – with no exceptions – was easier. When we allow exceptions, we have to deliberate. If I allow apples, can I also allow pears? If I allow one sugar day a week, should it be Tuesday or Wednesday? Too hard! And likely to lead to a domino-effect of exceptions. Forget that. Do it for real. Life works better when you do.

#### THERE IS ALSO THIS REASON TO GO COLD TURKEY: YOUR BODY NEEDS TO RECALIBRATE.

You need to find the new set-point. Allowing a little sugar in – some honey here, a bit of fruit there – won't allow your confused system to rid itself of cravings and swings.



#### GO COLD TURKEY.

From today, the below must go (with no exceptions!):

▶ fresh and dried fruit, fruit juice

- muesli and muesli bars
- ▶ jams (even if it says no added sugar)
- condiments containing sugar, particularly tomato and barbecue sauces, balsamic vinegar

flavoured yoghurts

▶ honey



▶ palm and coconut sugar

chocolate, soft drinks, etc.

#### do this

#### AS AN OVERALL RULE:

#### EAT PRODUCTS WITH

#### LESS THAN 3-6 G SUGAR PER 100 G OR 100 ML

With dairy, the first 4.7 g of sugar per 100 ml listed will be lactose (no fructose). Anything on top of that is added sugar.

Drink liquids that contain no sugar. Always. A standard drink is around 350 ml, which means that 'per 100 g' figure must be multiplied by 3.5.

More than this and you'll find your 'incidental' sugar intake is much too high.

ARE ALL VEGGIES CONSIDERED OK? I NOTICED MY PACK OF SEMI-DRIED TOMATOES HAS 34 G OF SUGAR PER 100 G!

Fresh tomatoes are about 5 g of sugar per tomato, so about 1.5 teaspoons. A few slices on a sandwich are fine. But the dried tomatoes are just like any other dried fruit. Drying them concentrates the sugar and gives you a big sugar hit without the associated bulk that would slow you down if you were eating the whole fruit. We should try to avoid all dried fruits (even ones we think of as savoury).

#### LEARN HOW TO READ FOOD LABELS.

To properly quit sugar, you need to be aware of hidden sugars, to ensure you're keeping to six teaspoons or less of the stuff a day. Take time to pause in the supermarket aisle and read labels. Make smart choices by comparing sugar content. On labels, where it says 'sugars', it's referring to all sugar – glucose, fructose and lactose. Different sugars contain different amounts of fructose. For example, table sugar is 50% glucose and 50% fructose, while the sugar in milk is lactose and contains no fructose.

So, it can be confusing.

#### Here are some label-reading guidelines that work for me:

- If sugar is the first or second ingredient, there's a big issue. Labels always list things with the ingredient used most, first.
- Look out for other sugars in the list: fruit pulp, fruit purée, agave, honey.
- Scan over to the 'per 100 g' column and scroll down to 'sugar' (it's often under 'total carbohydrates'). If it lists 30 g of sugar, this means that product contains 30% or a third sugar. Visualise this!
- Salt-free products often contain less sugar (which is added to salted products, ironically, to counteract the salt).
- Be careful with chai tea: it often comes with palm sugar or honey already added. Ask!
- Drain and rinse tinned veg and beans that come in water containing sugar.

#### THE BIG SAUCE SWAP

#### TAKE A CLOSE-UP OF YOUR CONDIMENTS AND MAKE SOME NEW CHOICES. HERE ARE SOME SIMPLE SWAPS TO CONSIDER FOR EVERYDAY DRESSINGS:

#### REDUCED-FAT SAUCES AND SPREADS CAN CONTAIN DOUBLE THE AMOUNT OF SUGAR.

#### OR, IN THE CASE OF MAYONNAISE, TEN TIMES AS MUCH!



#### THE LOW-FAT DAIRY DOOZIE

A SMALL TUB OF 'DIET' YOGHURT CAN OFTEN CONTAIN UP TO 6 TEASPOONS OF SUGAR, EVEN THE ONES THAT SAY 'NO ADDED SUGAR'. NATURAL, FULL-FAT YOGHURT IS ABOUT 4.7 G/100 G SUGAR. BUT THE SUGAR IS LACTOSE, WHICH IS FRUCTOSE-FREE. ANYTHING OVER 4.7 G/100 G IS ADDED SUGAR.

#### LOW-FAT YOGHURT

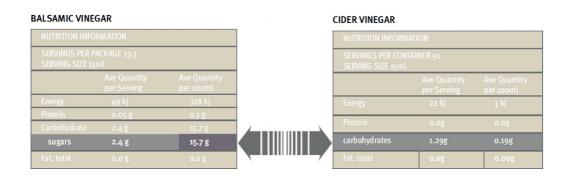
				NATURAL YOGH	URT	
NUTRITION INFOR						
SERVINGS PER PACKAGE 3.2				NUTRITION INFORMATION SERVINGS PER PACKAGE 5 SERVING SIZE 100g		
SERVING SIZE 170g Ave Quantity Ave Quantity						
					Ave Quantity	Ave Quantity
					per Serving	
			1			
- gluten	o mg	o mg		Protein - total	5.2g	5.2g
				Fat - total	5.58	5.58
- saturated	1.7g	1.0g				
Carbohydrate total		15.4g		Carbohydrate total	5.7g	5.7g
		15.1g				4.7g
				Sodium	50mg	50mg
				Calcium	18omg	180mg

TAKE TIME TO CHECK OUT THE LABELS ON YOUR CONDIMENTS.

Instead of barbecue sauce (54% sugar), use mustard (less than 1% sugar).

ARBECUE SAUC	E			MUSTARD		
NUTRITION INFORMATION SERVINGS PER PACKAGE 92 SERVING SIZE 10ml				NUTRITION INFORMATION		
				SERVINGS PER PA SERVING SIZE 5g		
	Ave Quantity per Serving	Ave Quantity per 100ml			Ave Quantity per Serving	Ave Quantity per 100g
Energy	107kJ	1074kJ		Energy	22kJ	435kJ
Protein	0.1g	0.6g		Protein	0.2g	4.2g
Fat, total	<0.1g	0.1g		Fat, total	0.2g	3.9g
- saturated	NIL	NIL		- saturated	<1g	<1g
Carbohydrate	6.2g	62.4g	4	Carbohydrate	0.2g	4-3g
sugars	5-4g	53-9g		sugars	<1g	<1g
Sodium	105mg	1051mg		Sodium	55mg	1110mg

Instead of balsamic (16% sugar), use cider vinegar (less than 1% sugar).



Instead of sweet chilli sauce (42% sugar), use tamari (less than 1% sugar).

SWEET CHILLI SAU	JCE		TAMARI			
NUTRITION INFORMATION			NUTRITION INFORMATION			
SERVINGS PER PAC SERVING SIZE 2011			SERVINGS PER PACKAGE 25 SERVING SIZE 10ml			
				Ave Quantity per Serving	Ave Quantity per 100ml	
			Energy	33kJ	327kJ	
Protein			Protein	1.1g	10.8g	
			Fat, total	<0.1g	0.2g	
- saturated	<1g	<1g	- saturated		<0.1g	
			Carbohydrate			
sugars	8.4 g	42.2 g	sugars	<0.1g	<0.1g	
Sodium	217 mg	1085 mg	Sodium	410 mg	4100 mg	

#### DOTHIS

#### EAT OUT DIFFERENTLY.

Eating out doesn't need to be avoided during these first eight weeks. You just need to be mindful of possible hidden sugars, and try to avoid even glancing at the dessert menu ...

- Look out for and avoid 'honey-roasted', 'caramelised' and 'balsamic reduction' on menus.
- Steer clear of Thai food the stuff is drenched in palm sugar. I learned this the hard way. I forced myself to eat a stir-fry, vaguely aware it was full of sugar ... and threw up all night.
- Greek cuisine is great and so is pub fare steak, chips, veggies or fish of the day.
- Be wary of tapas and 'picky' food they often get slathered in more sauces than a main-course dish.
- At delis, build your own sandwich rather than grab the pre-made kind so you can choose the spreads yourself.
- Similarly, at buffets, opt for dishes with the least amount of ingredients, particularly sauces. So go for the roast dinner, rather than the pasta with the rich tomato sauce.
- Ask for olive oil and lemon over salad, or ask for dressing on the side if you're not sure what it comes with. Salads are perilous: they often come drenched in balsamic or, worse, Thousand Island Dressing.



You've possibly been scanning the pages looking for this bit ... Good news!

### WINE, BEER AND PURE SPIRITS CONTAIN MINIMAL FRUCTOSE.

This is because the fructose in the fruit used is converted to alcohol. The drier the wine, the better (so don't touch fortified and dessert wines). But this isn't a licence to get drunk. Alcohol has its own fat metabolism and health issues, and is also addictive. Once you've cut out sugar you'll possibly find your tolerance is lower. One or two drinks maximum in one sitting is best.

#### BEWARE

### TONIC WATER IS BRIMMING WITH SUGAR. USE ONLY SODA WATER AS A MIXER!

### IS HFCS WORSE OR BETTER THAN SUGAR?

The short answer – it's on a par with sugar in terms of fructose content (about 55%). However (long answer), in the 1980s the US government subsidised corn producers and so the food industry went into overdrive to use up this cheap, new, bountiful product and it flooded the market and our diet. Not surprisingly everyone was told it was healthier than sugar. More recently, though, it's been blamed for the obesity epidemic and stamped as 'evil', and cane sugar is now being branded as the healthier alternative. Confused? Don't be. They're both as bad as each other.

## START EATING FROM THE 'NINE CS OF GOODNESS'

I FOUND THAT THERE WERE CERTAIN FOODS THAT HELPED ME THROUGH THE FIRST 8 WEEKS.

#### These were high-protein or high-fat foods, or foods that picked me up in some way. They all happened to start with 'c', funnily enough.

**Cacao** – You can buy raw cacao nibs at health food shops. They're pure, raw cocoa – an amazing antioxidant that gives you an intense chocolate hit.

**Chai** – Oh, yes. Chai tea. The ritual of heating the milk and adding cardamom, cinnamon bark, ginger and liquorice, then pouring cup after cup into a nice glass, makes for very happy times.

**Chia** – Add these little protein-rich seeds to a smoothie or your yoghurt in the morning. They fill you up and do wonders for your digestion.

**Cheese** – Put a few slices of haloumi in a sandwich maker, under the grill or in a pan and eat as an afternoon snack. Or wrap a slice of cheese around a slice of red pepper.

**Chicken** – I keep a bag of very thinly sliced chicken or turkey (from the deli at the supermarket) in the fridge and grab a small handful when my energy slumps a few hours before dinner.

**Cinnamon** – I sprinkle the powder on a variety of foods, like yoghurt. I'm also adding cinnamon nibs to my tea. It's great for reducing inflammation, too (for anyone else with autoimmune issues!).

**Coconut oil** – Very sweet. Add coconut oil to smoothies or cook with it (fry some pumpkin in it – it's sublime!) Or just scoop a tablespoon of it straight from the jar. I do!

**Coconut water** – This stuff is sweet but contains low-to-negligible fructose. It halts sugar cravings in their tracks. The whole baby coconut is best (eat the flesh from it, too!). But the packaged varieties are also good.

**Coffee** – After I quit sugar I was able to drink coffee again. I'd gone off it for three years because it got my heartbeat too racy. Now I metabolise it just fine. On days I'm missing sweetness in my life, I have it with milk. The lactose is lusciously satisfying.



#### FIND YOUR BLANK SLATE.

The aim isn't to ban sugar for life. It's to establish a clean canvas from which we can then feel what our bodies need (possibly for the first time in our lives). While sugar is in the system, this is impossible, as we're responding to cravings and highs and lows, not true hunger and need.

### IT TAKES ABOUT TWO MONTHS TO FIND YOUR BLANK SLATE.

After that, it's over to you.

#### A LITTLE TIP

IF YOU DRINK YOUR COFFEE WITH SUGAR, TRY IT WITH STEVIA. A LOT OF CAFÉS NOW PROVIDE STEVIA SACHETS INSTEAD OF THE NASTIER FAKE SUGARS. Three recipes to try this week:

#### Make-me-over mojito smoothie

The freshness and coconut-water injection will keep you on track. (See <u>here</u> .)

### Coconut butter

A very nice way to be introduced to coconut. (See <u>here</u> .)

## **Cashewy chia puddings**

Experiment with these and see how much they fill you up! (See <u>here</u> .)



### THE DOUBTS START TO CREEP IN: AM I DOING THE RIGHT THING HERE?

Best, then, to equip yourself with some facts.

Around about this stage I can almost guarantee a little sabotaging voice will pipe up: Why am I putting myself through this pain?

Also – and this is a very bizarre factor – other people will try to sabotage you. Even get angry with you. Everyone I know who has quit sugar has commented on the rough time they get from others. Their efforts are criticised as being misguided. They find themselves defending their diet.

My explanation is this: we all know that sugar is not good for us and we all know, deep down, that we probably eat too much of it. But most people are so attached to it – emotionally and physically – that the idea of not eating it at all petrifies them. Viscerally. I'm betting if we announced we were cutting out peanuts or popcorn, it wouldn't prompt the same ire.

#### SO WHEN YOU BRAVELY TAKE THE PLUNGE AND QUIT SUGAR, YOU HOLD A MIRROR UP TO OTHERS' FEARS.

You remind them of what they wish they could do. And they feel guilty so then they get angry and lash out.

In the event of such an emergency, here are some comebacks (best issued calmly and without a patronising sneer).

They say: But sugar is natural!

You say: Indeed it is. But so is petroleum. And arsenic.

As discussed before, our bodies are designed to eat very little fructose. As in a few berries here and there, honey on the rare occasion we stumble upon a hive. The addition of tablespoons (sometimes cups) of sugar to our meals via cereals, sauces and even savoury snacks is a very new thing. And not natural. And our bodies have not adjusted to it.

Our digestion and metabolisms haven't changed in 130,000 years. Our sugar intake, however, has. In 150 years, it's gone from 0 kg to about 60 kg a year.

Yes, sugar is natural. But the amount we're exposed to isn't.

HOW DO I GET MY KIDS TO GO SUGAR-FREE?

I don't have children and I don't yet have an opinion on how (and if) I'd keep all sugar from them so I asked my friends with kids. Their answers and recipes are in the Sugar-Free Kids chapter <u>here</u>.

They say: Cutting fruit out? That's ridiculous!

**You say:** Fruit contains fructose. And fructose is fructose, no matter the package it comes in.

Yes, whole fruit also contains vitamins and other stuff that's great for us. And indeed the fibre and water in whole fruit diffuses the sugar content. But three things to consider are:

- There's little nutritional content in fruit that you can't get from vegetables if you're eating a good variety.
- We are designed to metabolise only a small amount of fructose a day, equivalent to two small pieces of fruit, which is what we used to eat prior to the 'invention' of sugar in the 1800s. If you're able to eliminate all other sources of fructose (i.e. all hidden sugars added to pasta sauces, bread etc.) then eating two pieces of fruit is fine. But few of us live like this. At which point you say to your doubter:

#### THIS IS WHY I'M CUTTING OUT OTHER SUGAR – SO THAT I CAN EAT A LITTLE FRUIT EACH DAY.

(Note: fruit is introduced towards the end of the 8-week programme.)

Also, it really is a very modern thing that we eat so much fruit. Our grandparents didn't eat four pieces a day, as we're told to do these days. And as recently as twenty years ago, fruit juice was a treat, not something you drank from jumbo containers each day.

#### P.S. I DON'T THINK FRUIT SHOULD BE DEMONISED.

Or any food that's legitimately nutritious. I just found it helpful to cut fruit out for two months while my body rebalanced. And to become aware of the fact that it does contain a lot of sugar and that it should be consumed mindfully.

**They say:** We shouldn't be cutting food out; moderation is the answer!

**You say:** If only. The problem is, moderation is nigh on impossible with sugar. For so many of us it's all or, well, nothing.

Sugar is a drug. We know that sugar interacts with reward systems in the brain in much the same way as addictive drugs. Studies have found rats fed sugar not only became addicted, but when they were denied it for a short period then later exposed to it, they binged on larger quantities of sugar – and other substances like alcohol.

For many of us, a moderate amount of sugar is not achievable because even just a taste of it sets off a desire for more. Much more. I personally can't eat one Tim Tam. I'm not that person. I'm more like Miranda in that scene in *Sex and the City* where she has to put the cake in the bin and then douse it with water so she won't eat more. I get the taste and I keep going.

Not everyone's like this. But I am.

If my comebacks fail, then there's always this (for your own personal comfort):

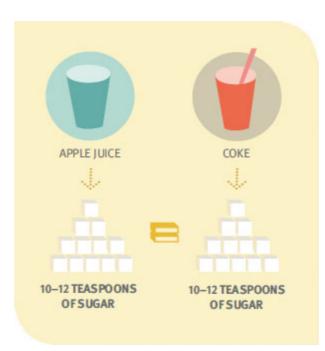
'All truth passes through three stages. First, it is ridiculed. Second, it is violently opposed. Third, it is accepted as being self-evident. – ARTHUR SCHOPENHAUER '

#### DO THIS

#### WALK AWAY FROM THE FRUIT JUICE.

A glass of apple juice (freshly squeezed or otherwise) contains the same amount of sugar (fructose) as a glass of Coke, which is about 10–12 teaspoons.

And know this: when sugar is in liquid form – soft drink or juice – the fructose and glucose hit the liver faster. The speed with which the liver has to do its work means the liver will convert much of the sugar in the drink to fat, inducing insulin resistance. And so on.



# CALCULATE HOW MUCH SUGAR YOU ARE ACTUALLY EATING.

Now's a really good time in the journey to remind yourself how much white stuff you were consuming before you quit. Had you been kidding yourself ... even just a little? I had. So I sat down with pen and paper and added up the exact number of teaspoons of the stuff I had been eating. It was shocking. I suggest you try the same exercise. It's a good reminder of why you're doing this.

- 1. Look on the food label at the sugar content in the 'per serving' column (not the 'per 100 g' column).
- 2. Divide that number (grams) by 4 to get the number of teaspoons.
- 3. Remember to subtract the first 4.7 g/100 g of sugar in dairy products (which is lactose). And if the serving size is 50 g, for example, adjust and subtract 2.35 g.
- 4. Double or triple the serving amount if you tend to eat more, as I do. Be realistic!

#### SOME EXTRA CONSIDERATIONS:

- When calculating sugar in a piece of fruit, it gets tricky. But to give an indication, an apple is about 2–3 teaspoons of sugar (more than half of which is fructose, so it's almost the equivalent of 4.5 teaspoons of sugar), a banana is about 4 teaspoons of sugar.
- That handful of raisins or dates or sultanas on your muesli? About 5–7 teaspoons. Dates and raisins are almost 70% sugar!

#### AT A GLANCE:

A glass of fruit juice = 8–12 teaspoons.

Fruit toast = 6–7 teaspoons per serve (two pieces).

A fruit muffin = up to 11 teaspoons.

A dollop of tomato sauce = 1-2 teaspoons.

Kellogg's Just Right cereal = 4–8 teaspoons (depending on serving size).

#### A small tub of low-fat yoghurt = up to 6 teaspoons.

#### A serve of pasta sauce (from a jar) = about 4 teaspoons.

Jot down a typical day's worth and add it all up.

What did you arrive at?

#### AND REMEMBER:

#### FROM A BIOLOGICAL POINT OF VIEW, WE'RE ONLY DESIGNED TO BE ABLE TO HANDLE THE SUGAR CONTAINED IN TWO PIECES OF FRUIT IN A DAY – ABOUT 5–6 TEASPOONS.

#### YOU'RE ALMOST HALFWAY!

Stick with things. And once fructose is out of your system, your body will start to tell you whether it wants to eat fruit – or is happy with vegetables instead – and how much it wants. It will stop bingeing.

Your body will seek balance and will find it if it's not interfered with.

Three recipes to try this week:

### Courgette cheesecake

A simple, fun dish that proves you don't need to eat sugar and carbs for breakfast. (See <u>here</u> .)

# Kale chips

A quick snack that's so much better than an afternoon muffin. (See <u>here</u> .)

# **3** Rooibos chai

Sweet and special, for when the Doubting Thomas voices in your head are really getting to you. (See <u>here</u>.)



# CRAVINGS – THEY'RE UGLY AND DISPIRITING.

# But they're normal so it's important to keep going.

As I said at the outset, studies show it takes 21–28 days to break a habit. Another study says it takes 66 days, but that it doesn't matter if you lapse, so long as your intention is to continue.

I like this thinking. It acknowledges how we humans operate. Each day we stay off sugar, we're creating new habits in our cells, our hormones and in our brains.

LIKE A MUSCLE, THE MORE WE PRACTISE, THE MORE THIS WAY OF BEING BECOMES SECOND NATURE. But if you do lapse – say you sneak honey in your tea or pick at a friend's birthday cake – don't fret and don't give up. It's fine. Just keep your intention on track.

Tomorrow is a new day.

### DOTHIS

# DISTRACT YOURSELF WITH ALTERNATIVE SWEETNESS.

Often sugar is simply a treat. A punctuation point in the day, a reward for completing something challenging, or a tool to get you through a difficult task. I know I used to reach for sugar when I was working – it made the task feel less onerous and took the edge off so I didn't resent doing it.

Plan out a few activities that can take the place of the comfort drawn from sugar. Cutting emotional attachment is a huge part of this process. It's been the hardest bit for me.

I found changing a few lifestyle habits really helped. I sat down and wrote out all the moments that were going to feel hard while quitting sugar. And then matched it with a fix. I really suggest doing the same. It's illuminating. And necessary.

← Try these tricks on the opposite page.

### MY SWEET DISTRACTIONS

CHALLENGING MOMENT	THE FIX
Mid-morning empty feeling or agitation (especially in the face of a difficult task)	I find eating breakfast a little later helps. I push it back so it coincides with my 'snack attack'. This might not work for anyone who's desperately hungry when they wake.
Afternoon slump	I assign chores that require a walk, such as a visit to the post office, or I stroll to the park for some fresh air. When I'm wanting to indulge, I'll buy a new flavour of tea – green, chai, herbal. I've invested in a gorgeous pot, which makes the tea ritual all the more 'treaty'.
Coffee with friends who tend to order biscuits or cakes	l order a very large pot of chai to fill me up. The tea-straining ritual also distracts me nicely. Or I suggest a catch-up over a walk instead.
Plane journeys	I buy nuts at the airport to take on board. Most of the 'Australiana' gift shops sell small packets of plain macadamias. Or I bring my own from home.
When I'm in the middle of a tricky project	Previously, writing a long paper or nutting out a complicated email would lead me to the larder for an anxiety fix. Now, I get up and burn sandalwood incense sticks or cinnamon bark oil. The woodiness and sweetness smell almost as smooth and velvety as chocolate. Then I make a pot of green tea.
After dinner	I often seek something sweet around 8 p.m. Now I try these alternatives:
	Cheese. It's decadent and it fills me up immediately Faster than nuts, I find.
	Have a bath and read a book. Sweetness in another shape!
	Brush my teeth after dinner.

#### DO THIS

#### PAUSE FOR 20 MINUTES.

When in the clutches of a craving, simply tell yourself: Let's wait 20 minutes.

Only 20 minutes. And then see if you still need a sweet fix. In the meantime, make a cup of tea. Again, pause and take note of how the craving shifts.

#### THIS PAUSING AND LOOKING IS IMPORTANT – IT BUILDS THE 'I CAN DO THIS' MUSCLE, MAKING IT EASIER NEXT TIME.

#### START TO DETOX.

Some of you, around about now, will be nauseous, dizzy, constipated, have aching kidneys and joints. This means that you're withdrawing and detoxing.

And it's a good sign.

Your body is ejecting toxins from your fat cells and they're swirling around your system on their way out. But they're definitely on their way out!



#### CROWDING OUT

This is a theory I subscribe to with my eating overall. Rather than engage in prohibitive, restrictive eating ('I must quit chocolate', 'I have to stop eating muffins'), swap tactics.

EAT MORE OF THE GOOD STUFF.

Each meal, load up on vegetables, nuts, seeds, pulses, healthy grains etc. and 'crowd out' the 'bad food'. Stuff yourself with spinach and you'll be too full to eat any chocolate!

#### THERE ARE THINGS YOU CAN DO TO FEEL BETTER AND SPEED THINGS UP:

- Drink lots of warm water (herbal tea is good) to flush the toxins out.
- Get acupuncture. It can help with cravings, withdrawal and toxin flushing.
- **Visit a sauna,** and sweat things out.
- ► Take gut-care and bowel-movement helpers. You might like to try slippery elm powder and chia seeds – both are quite mild and won't clog you up but you will have to drink extra water to ensure they do their job well. I also take good-gut-bacteria supplements: acidophilus tablets/powders, green powders and chlorophyll. But not all at once. I alternate.
- **Try some herbal supplements.** Here's a few that have worked for me, but I very much recommend visiting a

qualified naturopath or herbalist before you start experimenting.

**Calcium and magnesium.** Best taken in a formula together, I was told. Magnesium and calcium help combat adrenal stress, curb sugar desire and protect against metabolic syndrome.

**Gymnema.** A traditional Ayurvedic Indian herb, which powerfully curbs sugar cravings by balancing the release of insulin from the pancreas. Chromium (200 mg daily) is also good for regulating insulin.

**Green tea.** Green tea reduces the GI of food intake (so best drunk just before meals).

**Cinnamon** (1 teaspoon per day). Helps control blood-sugar levels and stops sugar cravings. Easy to add to breakfast or a hot drink, such as chai tea.

**Liquorice root tea.** Tastes sweet without containing sugar. Supports healthy, strong adrenal glands and helps combat stress. When stress is under control, you'll crave sugar less. Three recipes to try this week:

## Sweet green meal-in-a-tumbler

Kick your day off with one of these and you'll be crowding out all temptations. (See <u>here</u> .)

# Cheesy green mish-mash soup

A complete detox helper. Perfect at the end of the day. (See <u>here</u> .)



Green, refreshing and zesty. (See here .)



### I'M NOT TALKING SUGAR, HERE. I'M TALKING ABOUT SWEET FLAVOURS.

After about six weeks, most of you will find you're no longer craving sugar, or sweetness.

Now is a good time to start playing a little with some sweetorientated ingredients: some low-fructose vegetables and fruits, some safe sugar substitutes and some other spices and flavours.

But be aware: all sweeteners – fructose-tainted or otherwise – should be used in moderation. Some research suggests that over-use of artificial sweeteners might contribute to weight gain, as it can give people a sugar craving, meaning you'll seek out calories from other sweet sources.

Our brains expect sweetness to be accompanied by corresponding kilojoule density, and when it's not, we're

thrown off kilter. This causes us to seek out calories from other sources, and we overeat.

# DO THIS

#### ADD A SMALL AMOUNT OF FRUIT.

At this stage in the game, it's best just to try a little of the lowfructose fruit. For your records:

Low-fructose fruit: kiwis, grapefruit, honeydew melon, blueberries and raspberries.

Medium-fructose fruit: satsumas, plums, peaches, strawberries and oranges.

High-fructose fruit: grapes, cherries, apples, mangoes and bananas. Avoid these!

**I LOVE BAKING SO HOW DO I SWAP OUT SUGAR IN MUFFINS AND CAKES WITH SOMETHING ELSE?** 

You can replace with glucose (dextrose), rice malt syrup or stevia granules (or drops). Dextrose is a bit tricky, as it weighs about half as much as sugar, but takes up more fluid, so you'll need to play around with it. Stevia in the granulated form can be used exactly like sugar, although I tend to put in a little less as I find stevia sweeter-tasting (others don't). Rice malt syrup works best where you've been instructed to use honey. (For conversion details see <u>here</u> .)

FAKING IT: THE SAFE SUGAR ALTERNATIVES

Everyone likes to whack on a 'no added sugar' label. Health food shops are some of the worst for this. But read labels carefully. Agave, maple syrup, honey, fruit juice extract, treacle, golden syrup – they're all fructose.

There are many fake sugars out there, most of which I wouldn't feed to a pot plant.

After a full year of researching the options, I choose to work with the first two, mostly safe, sweeteners. Please note that throughout this book I've tended to steer my recipes towards the less sweet end of the spectrum. I think it's better to work with less sweetener, even if it's a safe one. But also, once you quit sugar, your sensitivity to sweetness is more acute, so you need less to get your kick. However, if you're cooking for others, you might want to tip in a little extra. Up to you.

**RICE MALT SYRUP** (sometimes called rice syrup or brown rice syrup) is a natural sweetener that is made from fermented cooked rice and is a blend of complex carbohydrates, maltose and glucose. It's a relatively slow-releasing sweetener so it doesn't dump on the liver as much as pure glucose or sucrose does. Make sure the ingredients list only rice (and water). Some versions add extra (fructose-containing) sugars.

**STEVIA** is made from stevioside (which is 300 times sweeter than sugar) and rebaudioside (450 times sweeter than sugar). It comes as a liquid or mixed with erythritol to form granules (be sure to read the label as the liquid is more potent than regular sugar). Stevia is a natural alternative, derived from a leaf and contains no fructose. Most researchers deem it safe but still don't really know what the human body does with the steviol once ingested.

Other sweeteners that are OK to use in moderation: xylitol (a sugar alcohol extracted from birch cellulose that can be digested by our bodies) and dextrose (100% glucose). The rest: don't touch. Most have been shown to be either carcinogenic or entirely indigestible, thus causing myriad

health issues (um, ever noticed how 'sugar-free' gum can make you loose-bowelled and gassy?!). Many of the fake sugars available are banned in parts of Europe, deemed unsafe. Enough said.

#### BEWARE

EVEN NON-FRUCTOSE SUGARS, SUCH AS GLUCOSE, ARE NOT GOOD TO EAT IN LARGE QUANTITIES AND WILL CAUSE INSULIN WOBBLINESS TOO, ALBEIT IT IN A FAR MORE MANAGEABLE WAY. EAT 'SWEET' TREATS AS TREATS ONLY AND NOT WITHOUT OTHER NUTRIENTS AND FIBRE, OR IN LARGE QUANTITIES, UNLESS THEY'RE ONLY SWEETENED WITH COCONUT OIL, FLESH, CREAM OR MILK.

#### DO THIS

#### ADD IN A FEW FUN FLAVOURS.

- **Vanilla powder** sprinkled on yoghurt.
- Cinnamon instead of sugar in your coffee. Try adding a dash of it to coffee as it brews.
- Liquorice root in baked things. A small teaspoon of the root adds instant sweetness.

Almond milk – add it to tea as well as smoothies.

- Sautéed onion to sweeten pasta sauces. Many savoury foods have sugar added. This is especially true for foods with a tomato base due to tomatoes' acidity. Sweeten with lots of cooked onion instead. Let the onion caramelise on the stove top until it's deeply golden, the sugar oozing out.
- Roast vegetables instead of dessert. Eat the roasted veggies at the end of the meal and you will feel far less in need of a sweet. The most dessert-like ones are sweet potato, squash, beetroot and carrots.
- Sweet sugar-free drinks liquorice root tea, chai tea, milk sprinkled with coffee, and herbal teas that contain roasted dandelion root (tastes like coffee/chocolate), liquorice, cinnamon, chilli, maca, ginger or cardamom. And, of course, coconut water.

TIP

WHEN BUYING SOYA, ALMOND OR RICE MILK, BE SURE TO CHECK WHETHER IT HAS ADDED SUGAR. SOME CONTAIN MORE THAN 2 TEASPOONS PER GLASS. (OR SEE <u>here</u> FOR MY EASY HOMEMADE ALMOND MILK RECIPE.)

#### THE DEAL WITH CHOCOLATE ...

The most common question I get asked is: What about sugar-free chocolate? Well, so far there are very few commercial versions on the market using safe fructose-free sweeteners. In Europe and America there are a few, such as Frusano in Germany (stock up when you're over there!).

Here are some suggestions for getting your chocolate fix:

- > A small handful of raw cacao nibs.
- Make your own, using coconut oil and raw cacao powder. (See <u>here</u> for my recipe.)
- Try one of the 99% or 100% cacao versions from speciality chocolate shops, although they are very bitter. I also think the 85% cocoa varieties are OK once you've been off sugar a few months. You'll need to limit yourself to just a few squares – and you'll need to be 'clean' to have such discipline.
- And, of course, there are plenty of sugar-free chocolate recipes featured later in the book.

BEWARE

- ▶ SURE, 70% COCOA DARK CHOCOLATE IS BETTER THAN MILK CHOCOLATE, BUT IT STILL CONTAINS ALMOST 30% SUGAR. DO THE MATHS: A 50 G SERVING CONTAINS 15 G, OR ALMOST 4 TEASPOONS OF SUGAR.
- ► SOME 'SUGAR-FREE' CHOCOLATE CONTAINS AGAVE, WHICH IS UP TO 90% FRUCTOSE.
- ► SOME 'SUGAR-FREE' CHOCOLATES ARE SWEETENED WITH MALTITOL, WHICH IS ONE OF THE COMMON SUGAR ALCOHOLS. OUR BODIES CAN'T INGEST MORE THAN A HALF TO TWO-THIRDS OF ANY SUGAR ALCOHOL. SO, WHAT DOESN'T GET INGESTED PROPERLY INTO YOUR BLOODSTREAM FEEDS THE BACTERIA IN YOUR LARGE INTESTINE. NOT NICE.

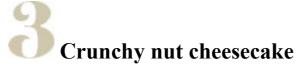
Three recipes to try this week:

## My raspberry ripple

Finally, some chocolate, but without the angst and sugar crashes. (See <u>here</u>.)

## Coconut fluff pancakes with spiced berry swirl

A very treaty breakfast! (See <u>here</u> and <u>here</u> .)



For when it's time to indulge and impress your friends with a classic 'sweet' treat. (See <u>here</u> .)



# AROUND ABOUT NOW, THINGS BECOME A LITTLE EASIER.

I've found most people are over the detox period and the withdrawal, and are in the glorious swing of things.

At this stage it can be tempting to relax, to be a little too proud of yourself. And you lapse.

So, you have to be careful. I've lapsed. Many times. But each time I've been aware of it and – here's the thing – allowed it. Which has enabled me to remain mature about whether I actually enjoyed sugar at all.

I find I lapse not when I'm around fully sugared foods but when I'm exposed to 'sort of healthy' foods. Like dark chocolate strawberries, or a gluten-free muffin sweetened with organic maple syrup. This is because the issue becomes one of degree. I've had to become aware of this. But to be honest, if I find myself eating these 'healthy' sugared foods occasionally, I just go with it. I don't punish myself. I can revert to my blank slate pretty quickly by eating some fat and crowding out with lots of greens. I find it's helpful to reflect and correct once the moment is gone. Then I can choose. Do I want to continue eating this? Or do I want to be clean and clear? It doesn't have to be a big deal and I can move on from it.

I know some other sugar-free converts can't operate like this. You will only know where you're at once you have sugar out of your system.

Lapses have served as great reminders of why I quit.

When I have sugar I can witness how my body isn't sated by sugar but wants MORE. It's a little scary. And so I have to move forward with a bit of care.

#### GENTLE AND KIND.

I actually recommend – after being sugar-free for a good two months – testing yourself. Have a chocolate biscuit. Monitor your enjoyment and reaction to it.

It's been one of the most liberating things for me – to see how measured and grounded I can be with it. Only a few short months ago, sugar controlled me. Now I can witness what it does to my body with curiosity. And decide to leave it alone.

This is freedom.

#### DO THIS

#### TRY THESE LAPSE FIXERS:

- During or just after a lapse, pause and take note. How do you find the smell? The taste? Can you feel yourself wanting to reach for more? How did you feel afterwards? Each time I was amazed how much I was repulsed by the taste; it seemed so acidic and cloying.
- Next, move. Walk, swim, do a yoga class, sweat a little. Literally move on from it.
- Eat some densely nutritious food protein, fats and vegetables only. Avoid starchy carbs for a day (they'll just add to the blood-sugar load). I find warm food – not salads – work best. You want to 'ground' yourself again; warm, heavy foods are best for this. I'll buy a piece of fish and grill it with some steamed vegetables with lots of butter. Or I'll buy a hamburger with cheese. And bacon. But hold the fries and bread bun.
- The next day, ensure you don't touch any sugar or stimulants. It only takes half a day to feel on track again. Back off from fruit, tea, coffee, etc.
- And most importantly: don't punish yourself. It's no big deal.

When we get harsh, we tend to swing right back into the crave-reward cycle that fuels sugar addiction.

#### FACT

STUDIES HAVE SHOWN THAT WHEN PEOPLE ACKNOWLEDGE AND FORGIVE THEMSELVES FOR A BAD FOOD CHOICE, THEY'RE BETTER ABLE TO RESIST NEXT TIME.

#### LATE-NIGHT CRAVING FIX – BRUSH YOUR TEETH. MOST TOOTHPASTES CONTAIN A SMALL AMOUNT OF SWEETENER (NOTHING WORTH WORRYING ABOUT). THEN DRINK A GLASS OF WATER TO FOOL YOUR STOMACH INTO THINKING YOU'VE CONSUMED SOMETHING SWEET. SPIT THE LOT OUT, AN ACTION THAT SYMBOLICALLY 'REJECTS' THE SWEETNESS WHILE ALSO STOPPING YOU FROM EATING FURTHER.

## **IS SUGAR-FREE CHEWING GUM OK?**

Sugar-free gum contains high-intensity sweeteners (like Ace K, aspartame, alitame and sucralose) and a range of sugar alcohols (like sorbitol, isomalt and mannitol). These sweeteners increase the pH level in your intestines, reduce the amount of good bacteria and can have similar effects to fructose. The sugar alcohols are an issue since our bodies are only able to ingest a fraction of them once in our system. The rest goes into our bloodstream and feeds the bacteria in our large intestine, leading rather delightfully to diarrhoea and gas. Which is why so many of these products warn of a 'laxative effect'. I avoid them. But if you're a gum fan, look out for those sweetened with xylitol only. There are quite a few on the market these days.

#### TIP

#### DO THIS

#### TRY COCONUT.

Coconut really is going to become your friend, in all its forms – flakes, shavings, oil, cream, milk and, of course, fresh. The stuff is particularly good for cravings and lapses.

Coconut oil is mostly made up of medium-chain fatty acids (MCFAs), which produce a whole host of health benefits. They're small enough to permeate cell membranes easily, do not require special enzymes to be broken down so are easily digested, and they are immediately converted into energy rather than being stored as fat. But unlike carbohydrates, coconut oil does not produce an insulin spike in your blood-stream. This saves you from a slump. Energy, a sense of fullness, a sweet hit and no after-effects. A quadruple whammy!

Some supermarkets, fresh produce markets and health food shops now stock virgin (young/green) coconuts (they have a white casing, not the brown hard shell of a mature coconut). Drink the juice and scrape the flesh out with a spoon to use in smoothies and recipes. To open, either ask the person you bought it from to do so, or invest in a coconut opener.

Coconuts do contain sugar, and it can vary depending on the age (younger coconuts have less sugar). But these quantities are quite low (about 2 g per 100 ml), plus the sugar is mostly composed of glucose and a lot less fructose. Be aware of this when reading labels.

#### Here are some coconut ideas to get you started:

► Have a glass of coconut water/juice. It's three times more hydrating than water, is fat- and (mostly) sugar-free, and is an amazing electrolyte. Go fresh if you can. Otherwise there are some great packaged ones around – look out for versions that are organic, fair-trade and have travelled the least distance. I also choose versions that package the juice straight from the coconut, limiting oxidation. They're a lot sweeter!

- Add the soft flesh of the fresh coconut (once you've drunk the juice) to some mushed, stewed pear and serve with goodquality cream.
- Play about with smoothies. Add coconut oil (about 1 tablespoon) to your favourite blend (see <u>here</u> for some recipes), replace milk with coconut water, and/or add coconut flesh to the mix to bulk things up beautifully.
- Simply eat a tablespoon or two of coconut oil straight from the jar. I do this most afternoons to get me through to dinner and to nip a sweet craving in its sneaky little tracks. There is a lot of evidence to show that this daily habit will help you lose weight!
- **Toast coconut flakes** lightly in a pan and sprinkle on porridge or yoghurt with some walnuts and cinnamon.
- Pan-fry some pumpkin chunks in coconut oil. Sprinkle with salt (to tenderise the pumpkin) and some cinnamon. Just before serving, stir through some coconut flakes or shredded coconut and stir until golden. A great little meal or snack on the fly!
- Coconut ice cream! Simply put a can of coconut cream (not milk, and not a 'light' version) in the fridge – it thickens to a soft ice-cream consistency within a few hours.
- Stew fruit in coconut milk or pour some over strawberries for insta-dessert.

- Make rice pudding with coconut milk. Simply heat leftover brown rice (or quinoa, or oats) with a good splash of the milk – creamy and sweet! Add cinnamon and nuts.
- Make your own coconut butter (see <u>here</u>) and eat straight from the fridge, or spread on toast or pancakes. (Note: coconut butter is 'puréed' coconut flakes; coconut oil is the more refined oil extracted from the flesh. Some brands confuse 'butter' and 'oil', just so you know.)

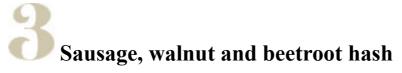
Three recipes to try this week:

## Fluffy pumpkin and chia muffins

Dense and filling – you'll forget your lapse in no time. (See <u>here</u> .)

## Coconut butter

A simple way to fall in love with coconut. (See <u>here</u> .)



Make yourself a *proper* lunch. This is the best lapse-fixer. (See <u>here</u> .)

#### BEWARE

THAI FOOD USES A LOT OF COCONUT MILK (GREAT) – BUT A LOT OF PALM SUGAR, TOO ... STICK WITH INDIAN FOOD INSTEAD.



### YOU'VE MADE IT! YOU'VE BROKEN THE CYCLE.

After almost 60 days of repeatedly saying no to sugar, you've built new neural pathways and allowed your body to recalibrate.

When I got to the two-month mark, I remember someone asked me if I missed sugar. Their question was tinged with pity. I answered: 'Gosh, I hadn't really thought about it.' And this is the sublime point of doing this whole crazy experiment. Soon enough, you wake up and realise sugar is simply not an issue.

When I set out, I wanted to feel clean and clear. But mostly I wanted to be free of sugar. Free from its grip. I wanted to be able to decide how much sugar I wanted. In the process, sugar just lost its appeal. As a wonderful consequence. Naturally.

There's an assumption – and I certainly started out this way – that living sugar-free would remain a battle forever. It isn't. The enemy just leaves the battlefield.

I went sugar-free. And I became freed from sugar.

#### SO WHERE AM I NOW?

It took me eight weeks to get off sugar completely. I followed the steps I outline here in this book. I reduced my intake by making simple swaps. I replaced sugar with fat, and I didn't stay too rigid. I remained gentle, kind, curious and experimental. I ensured my body wasn't left deprived of energy. In fact, I overdid the energy replacements and crowded out with a smorgasbord of densely nutritious and detoxing food. I felt better than I've ever felt, even while going through withdrawal. I was no longer hungry, for the first time in as long as I can remember. I'd arrived at a blank-slate state.

#### AND MY BODY – AGAIN FOR THE FIRST TIME IN LIVING MEMORY – WAS ABLE TO TELL ME WHAT IT NEEDED, MEAL TO MEAL.

I'm not militant about being sugar-free. If a burger comes with tomato sauce on top, I let it be. If I realise the curry I'm eating is sweetened, I don't freak out. I eat beetroots and carrots (which contain a high percentage of sugar, as much as some of the low-fructose fruits) even though some sugar quitters don't. As I said before, I occasionally lapse, too. But only a little. Because I'm able to correct myself easily now. It's not really lapsing. I'm just continuing the experiment.



FIND YOUR OWN WAY.

We're letting go of the training wheels and now you're on your own. But here are some pointers for the road ahead:

- Ask yourself what your approach to sugar is now. What's your body telling you? It's quite good to do a 'so where am I now' rundown this week. Stamp out your stance. Be clear with yourself.
- But keep testing and being curious. This will always be an experiment. I advise enjoying the ride, allowing for lapses and corrections.
- Keep informed and engaged. I find staying up to date on the latest science and developments in regards to sugar very helpful. It helps to remind me of why I'm doing the experiment. You might like to join the I Quit Sugar communities on my Facebook page (<u>http://www.facebook.com/i.quit.sugar.ebook</u>) and Twitter (\_sarahwilson\_), or on my blog (<u>www.sarahwilson.com.au</u>).

Don't become an anti-sugar bore. I had to be conscious of this. There's nothing worse than a reformed smoker/drinker/sugar addict ramming their message down others' throats. Far better to simply 'be your message'. Live it, radiate it, be an inspiration.

#### GO EASY ON THE FAT.

I kind of got excited about the 'replace sugar with fat' thing for a while when I first quit and had to pull back after a few weeks. This plan isn't a licence to pig out! My bet, though, is that by the eighth week your body will tell you how much it needs and you'll settle into a nice rhythm. Mine did, but I continue to eat a lot more (healthy, clean, saturated) fat than I used to.

WHAT'S THE DEAL WITH TOOTH-PASTE? IT TASTES SWEET AND I THINK MINE CONTAINS SACCHARIN ...

Most toothpastes contain no sugar but a very small amount of saccharin, about 0.2% of the total volume. There are reports linking saccharin to cancer, but at levels equivalent to about 606 standard tubes of toothpaste every day for 50 years. My view: there are other things to worry about.

#### The Upshot

- I lost about 4 kg not much, but visibly I looked less puffy and I feel like I'm the right weight for my age and height and food quantity choices.
- I now have a flat stomach no more bloating or fluid retention. Seriously. I just don't get it anymore.
- ▶ I have a clear head and rarely get slumps.
- ▶ I get full from a meal happily full.

I don't get 'sugar hangovers'. I now realise that many of my hangovers after a big dinner were actually from sugar, not always due to alcohol or the late night.

▶ My autoimmune disease is healing – slowly, slowly.

#### HOW MUCH SUGAR DO I EAT NOW?

I'm not sure exactly. As I say, I'm not militant. I'm not counting out the teaspoons every day as I have a good 'gut' feel for what's right for my body. I limit it as much as I can and avoid the prime culprits (dried fruit, juice, sauces etc. – all things I'm happy to live without now that I know they're not benign).

- I try to keep to foods with less than 3–6 g/100 g of sugar. Wherever possible.
- ▶ I eat 1–2 pieces of fruit a day. Mostly berries.
- I slip in some 85% chocolate and the occasional 'sweet treat'. (See recipe ideas, <u>here</u>.) But they're now treats, not everyday necessities. And besides, I mostly make my own chocolate these days (see <u>here</u>).

As I said from the outset, I was simply curious. I started the experiment and kept going. While I feel good, I'll continue to keep going.

# I COULD GO BACK TO EATING SUGAR. BUT I DON'T WANT TO.

To all the naysayers out there who freak out about the extremeness of going sugar-free, I say, relax. Since I'm no

longer addicted, I'm able to allow a little into my diet.

A little doesn't send me over the edge these days. A little doesn't prevent me from being able to correct. And, the best thing of all, a little is all I feel like.

I'm aware of, and alive to, sugar. So I know where the sugar traps are and I can avoid them.

And this is precisely where I wanted to get to.

Three recipes to try this week:

## Breakfast casserole

Make up a big batch and freeze in portions so you have some staples for the weeks ahead. (See <u>here</u> .)



Make up a big patch of tasty pesto to have to hand for breakfast (on toast, on eggs) or lunch (stir through a salad) or dinner (with courgette fettuccine). (See <u>here</u>.)

# **3** Avocado and coconut lollies

These are fun to make and eat. Why would you think of going back to sugar, right? (See <u>here</u> .)

Hooray!

By the time you get to this page I'm truly hoping sugar is out of your system and that you're alive to sugar and your new (vibrant) body. This, my friends, is wonderful!!



# BEFORE WE START, TAKE SOME TIME TO GET PRIMED

A quick two notes:

### 1. I hate wastage ...

So I've devised recipes that use the same core ingredients over and over, in different ways. Some might not be familiar to you, or might be a little hard to find in your neighbourhood. You might like to buy one or two at a time and see what grabs your fancy. I don't deal in 'exacts', so many ingredients in my recipes can actually be replaced if you've run out or don't want to buy a whole box of new stuff.

### 2. I love efficiency ...

So I've devised recipes that use bits and pieces that can be prepared in advance and kept at hand, ready to go.

Just so you know ...

#### 🏶 A SIMPLE KITCHEN KIT 🛛 👫

This is not a complete list of what you *must* have in your kitchen to successfully cook without sugar. It's more of a heads-up on what I find useful to have at hand for a sugar-free future. I'm not a fan of going overboard with kitchen stash. A bulging cupboard of waffle-makers and grapefruit de-pithers is just depressingly wasteful. There is an elegant joy to be gleaned from using as few dishes as possible, and many of my recipes are designed to be made in one bowl or pan. However, there are some bits and pieces you might like to build up into a kitchen kit.

- Good-quality big knife. (Preferably ceramic they are impervious to chemical reactions with either acidic or alkaline foods. Your food won't react to the knife, wilt or oxidise.)
- ► Good-quality small vegetable knife (ceramic).
- ▶ Medium-sized saucepan with a double steamer.
- Stick blender, or 'stab-mixer' (these are sold individually, or as part of a blender ensemble).
- Small frying pan (preferably a heavy cast-iron one).
- Medium-sized frying pan (as above), preferably with a lid.
- ▶ 23 cm baking dish (square or round; ceramic or glass is best).
- Baking tray/sheet (preferably stainless steel).

▶ Big soup pan.

High-powered blender. If you are going to invest in one thing, it should be this. A standard blender is fine, but the high-powered versions can be used to make everything from nut butters to vegetable smoothies, soups and lemon zest. When buying a blender, look out for a style that allows you to bang everything into the one vessel and then pour directly from it. You'll thank me for this tip down the track – it saves on cooking steps ... and washing up!

## CREATE A FREEZER STASH

Your freezer is about to become your new friend. Having a fully stocked freezer will help when using this cookbook and dozens of the recipes refer back to these staples over and over (so best get stocked in advance!) But also:

- A full freezer is a green freezer. Freezers work more efficiently when they're full. Solids freeze at a lower temperature than air does, so it's actually a good thing to stock up your freezer and use it as a storage area.
- Freezing saves time and money because it allows you to buy stuff in bulk when it's on sale or in season. I think one of the worst food crimes is to have two heads of broccoli in the crisper that you ignore, and so you leave them another day or two until finally you have to toss them out. Par-cook and freeze your veggies as soon as you buy them and you can live your week guilt-free (see <u>adjacent page</u>).
- Many foods are best when frozen frozen tofu, for instance, stir-fries better. Nuts are crisper. Also, many starchy vegetables, such as sweetcorn and peas, are better frozen than fresh because freezing stops the starch from breaking down into sugars.

#### TIP

WATCH OUT FOR 'FREEZER BURN' (WHERE FOOD BECOMES DISCOLOURED AND DEHYDRATED BECAUSE IT IS NOT PROPERLY SEALED IN THE FREEZER). MAKE SURE EVERYTHING IS COVERED, AND FILL CONTAINERS TO THE TOP. STORE SAUCES AND PESTO WITH A LAYER OF OIL ON TOP, AND TOP OFF COOKED BEANS AND RICE WITH A LITTLE WATER, SO THERE IS NO AIR LEFT IN THE CONTAINER.

# **PUMPKIN PURÉE**

A whole bunch of my recipes use pumpkin that's been blended into a smooth paste – for sublime, low-fructose sweetness. It's handy to have a stash of it, divided into 1-cup (250 ml) batches, in your freezer, ready to go.

1 large pumpkin, cut into 4 big wedges

2 tablespoons olive oil

pinch of salt

Preheat the oven to 180°C (gas 4). Scoop out and discard the pumpkin seeds and pulp. Put the pumpkin wedges on a baking tray, then rub with the olive oil and salt. Bake on the middle oven rack until tender – about 1 hour. (If you're pressed for time, cut the pumpkin into smaller chunks and bake for 30 minutes.) Scoop out the flesh and purée using a stick blender or mash well by hand. Once cool, store in 1-cup (250 ml)batches in the freezer in zip-lock bags or sealed containers.

#### VARIATION

TO MAKE SWEET POTATO PURÉE, PEEL AND CHOP INTO CHUNKS. EITHER BAKE AND PURÉE AS ABOVE, OR SIMPLY BOIL, DRAIN AND PURÉE

## PAR-COOKED-AND-FROZEN VEGETABLES

Many of my recipes call for these handy additions. Again, cook in a big batch and store in the freezer.

Buy a stash of veggies. Stock up on your favourite vegetables when they are in season or on special offer. Organic veggies can often be really cheap at certain times of the year – invest when they are. Mix it up. Broccoli, spinach, kale, beans and cauliflower work really well as a mixture, but you can try other veggies too.

Blanch them to 60% done. Using a saucepan with a steamer (or double steamer), steam the veggies for 1-2 minutes, then rinse in cold water to stop the cooking process.

Drain and freeze in portions. I divide mine into per-serve portions and put them in zip-lock bags. You can also dump them all into one large container and 'break off' what you need as you go, as you would frozen peas.

#### NOTE

TO PAR-COOK FRESH BEETROOT, SIMPLY PLACE UNPEELED, WHOLE, SCRUBBED BEETROOTS ON A BAKING TRAY (NO OIL, NO SALT, NO BAKING PAPER) AND COOK IN THE OVEN ON 180°C (GAS 4) FOR 15 MINUTES UNTIL JUST TENDER. COOL AND PEEL (I DON'T, I LIKE THE TEXTURE OF THE SKIN), THEN PLACE IN THE FREEZER.

# ACTIVATED NUTS

You can buy activated nuts and seeds in health food shops, but they're expensive. It's much cheaper to make your own in bulk. You can make a batch of these and store them in the freezer – they keep fresher for longer and are crunchier! Plus you can eat them straight from the freezer, as they don't actually freeze.

So, what are activated nuts? Let me explain. Nuts and seeds contain poisons in the husk that can make them tough to digest. Soaking then drying them causes them to sprout, which activates enzymes that make them easier to digest and metabolise. The more enzymes you get from food, the less your own body's enzymes are required to break down food, and this will keep you younger, longer. Activating also produces a crunchier, slightly toasty version of the original nut or seed. Almonds, walnuts, pistachios, pecans and pumpkin seeds work best – the 'oily' nuts such as macadamias or cashews can go a little soggy, and must be soaked for no longer than 6 hours.

#### 1 x bag of non-oily nuts or seeds

#### (e.g. almonds, pumpkin seeds, walnuts)

#### pinch of sea salt

Soak the nuts or seeds overnight in a covered saucepan of water with the salt. Drain, then spread out on a baking tray (no oil, no baking paper) and dry in the oven for 12–24 hours at the lowest temperature possible (less than 65°C; for gas ovens, on the pilot light). When cool, store in a sealed container in the freezer.

# BASIC CHICKEN STOCK

Every freezer should contain stock in 2–3 cup (500–750 ml) containers, ready to defrost for soups, and in an ice-cube tray, for deglazing and thinning out sauces. Reasons to make your own stock:

- Stock is beyond nutritious. It's a condensed cauldron of minerals and electrolytes in a form that is easy for the body to assimilate.
- It's great for anyone with digestion issues. Stock has a soothing effect on any areas of inflammation in the gut. That is why it aids digestion and has been known for centuries as a healing remedy for the digestive tract.
- ▶ The store-bought stuff is full of additives and tastes artificial.
- It's economical. You can get about 3 litres of stock and 6–8 portions of meat from one chicken.
- Stock is a de-stresser seriously. It has a natural ingredient that feeds, repairs and calms the mucous lining in the small intestine, which makes up a large part of our nervous system. Ergo all that 'chicken soup for the soul' stuff.
- ▶ It's great for anyone with thyroid or autoimmune issues.

1 whole organic chicken (if you're friendly with your butcher, ask for some extra bony chicken bits: necks, feet, etc.)

1 onion, roughly chopped

2 carrots, roughly chopped

2 stalks celery, chopped

1 teaspoon black peppercorns

3 bay leaves

a few sprigs of thyme (if you have some)

a splash of vinegar

Put all the ingredients in a big soup pan. Cover with 3–4 litres of water. The water should cover the lot. Bring to the boil, then reduce the heat, cover and simmer for hours – 2 is good, 3 is better, about 6 is best. Pull out the chicken and strain the stock, discarding the veggies. Allow to cool, then store in the fridge or freezer. Simple.

#### Makes about 3 litres

A FEW TIPS FOR MAKING MEAT STOCKS

- Adding a little vinegar during cooking draws minerals particularly calcium, magnesium and potassium – into the broth.
- When removing the fat layer, don't get too finicky. Some argue that the fat is the most nutritious stuff.
- Always use the whole chicken especially the bones and joints. Keep the cartilage and joints and eat them after cooking, particularly if you're female. They are the best bits, as they provide the healing substances.
- Definitely use an organic, free-range chicken. It's worth the investment. Remember: everything is going to leach from this thing. Do you really want chemicals and bleaches percolating in your stock?

- Stock will keep for about 5 days in the fridge (longer if reboiled) and several months in the freezer.
- **•** To thin a savoury recipe, toss in a cube of chicken stock from the freezer. To thin a sweet recipe, toss in a cube of coconut milk from the freezer, or some coconut water.

#### QUINOA (pronounced KEEN-wah)

What's the big deal with quinoa? Well, it's easy to cook and store in batches in the freezer, but more importantly, if you're gluten-free it's a great substitute for cereal, porridge, couscous and bulgur wheat. If you're grain-free, it can also be suitable as technically it's not a grain (it's a seed) and is easier to digest.

Quinoa is an extremely high-energy food containing all eight amino acids, making it a complete protein, and it has a protein content equal to milk. It's super high in B vitamins, iron, zinc, potassium, calcium and vitamin E. When quinoa is cooked, the outer germ surrounding the seed breaks open to form a crunchy coil while the inner grain becomes soft and translucent, giving it an interesting texture.

#### VERY IMPORTANT

BEFORE COOKING, QUINOA MUST BE RINSED WELL - PREFERABLY TWICE - TO REMOVE THE TOXIC BUT NATURALLY OCCURRING BITTER COATING CALLED SAPONIN. WHEN YOU RINSE QUINOA, YOU WILL SEE A 'SOAPY' SOLUTION IN THE WATER - THAT'S THE SAPONIN.

1 cup (225 g) quinoa

500 ml water

Rinse the quinoa well. Put it in a saucepan and pour in the water. Cover and bring to the boil, then reduce the heat and simmer, covered, for 15 minutes or until all the water has been absorbed. Remove the pan from the heat and let stand for 5 minutes, covered. Fluff the quinoa with a fork.

Eat immediately or store in the fridge for up to 4 days. (If you prefer, make a larger quantity and freeze in portions.)

Serves 4 (4 cups/540 g cooked quinoa)

#### STOCK UP ON STAPLES

# \* LARDER FAVOURITES

I abhor the idea of buying an expensive ingredient that I use once which then sits in the cupboard for two years before eventually being tossed. Here is a list of the key ingredients I keep in my larder or fridge:

Raw cacao powder and cacao nibs have a much higher level of antioxidants and minerals than standard cocoa, which has been processed.

Chia seeds. These tiny seeds are a super food, being the highest known plant source of omega-3 fatty acids (up to 8 times more than salmon).

#### TIP

USE CHIA SEEDS TO THICKEN A SOUP, STEW, SMOOTHIES OR CAKE MIXTURE. THEY CAN ABSORB UP TO 17 TIMES THEIR WEIGHT IN WATER AND WILL STODGE OUT A LIQUID IN A MATTER OF MINUTES (ALLOW 2–3 MINUTES FOR THEM TO WORK THEIR MAGIC).

- Nut meals and nut flours such as almond meal, almond flour and any other kind of nut flour can be used interchangeably. I sometimes substitute LSA (a blend of ground linseed, sunflower seeds and almond, available in health food shops and large supermarkets) when I have it in my fridge, and you can also substitute in part quinoa or millet flour if you run short of a nut flour.
- Nut spreads/butters include almond, cashew, peanut and macadamia. Only buy versions with no added sugar or salt. Or

make your own (see recipe adjacent).



# NUT BUTTER

1 bag unsalted nuts (almonds, cashews, macadamias or peanuts – preferably activated, see  $\underline{here}$  ).

Blend in a food processor until the mixture is smooth and creamy. Then store in an airtight container in the fridge for up to three weeks.

# CREAM CHEESE

It's so simple to make your own cream cheese. Be sure to use full-fat organic yoghurt – I've found that this doesn't work well if you use the commercial stuff.

#### 1 kg tub full-fat organic plain yoghurt

Pour the whole tub of yoghurt onto a large handkerchief- sized square of clean cheesecloth or muslin. Bunch the ends like you're tying a sack and secure with an elastic band or string. Suspend the bag over a large bowl – I attach mine to a wooden spoon placed across a bowl, while others hang theirs from a cupboard doorknob, or a chandelier! You're going to be straining out the whey, leaving a beautifully creamy curd in the sack. Drain for 12–24 hours. Store the cream cheese in the fridge for up to 1 month. Keep the whey (you can store it in the freezer) for fermenting vegetables (to make them last longer) or making mayonnaise (see here ).

#### THINGS TO DO WITH CREAM CHEESE:

- > Spread on muffins or toast or pancakes.
- Stir in some freshly chopped herbs and salt and sandwich between two seed crackers.
- ▶ Use to make Chicory Sardine Boats (see <u>here</u>).
- Blend ¼ cup (50 g) chopped smoked salmon; 1 tablespoon freshly chopped dill, chives or spring onions; a dash of olive oil; and 225 g cream cheese in a food processor. Serve on a rice cake or toast.

# ALMOND MILK

Shop-bought almond milk can be expensive and often contains added sugar. I always make my own, and it's so quick and simple. You can also do the same with cashews for cashew milk.

750 ml water

#### 1 cup (125 g) blanched or soaked (overnight) almonds

Boil the water and allow to cool slightly. Blend with the almonds until smooth. Pass through a sieve, reserving the pulp for making Dairy-Free Coconut Ice Cream (see <u>here</u>) or allow to dry completely and use as almond meal.

Makes about 800 ml

# 🍀 SPROUTS

I avoid eating too many legumes as I find them rough on my guts. Sprouting is certainly the best approach I've found for making them a smoother experience. First, why sprout?

- Sprouting kills toxins. Phytic acid a toxin found in the fibre of legumes – leaches calcium, magnesium, iron, copper and zinc from our bodies. Not great. Sprouting neutralises this nasty acid (as does soaking before cooking). It also inactivates aflatoxins – potent carcinogens – in grains.
- Sprouting increases vitamins. It increases the amount of B vitamins and carotene in the little beady things. Vitamin C is also created in the process.
- Sprouting (almost) fixes the flatulence issue because the complex sugars responsible for intestinal gas are broken down into simpler glucose molecules.
- Sprouting alkalises. Legumes tend to be acid-forming but by sprouting them you are effectively making a plant ... and plants are always alkalising.
- Sprouting increases enzymes. Legumes contain enzyme inhibitors, which unfortunately not only inhibit enzymes in the actual seed, but can also inhibit your own valuable enzymes once they have been eaten. So sprouting first neutralises these while also adding extra enzymes into your system. This helps digestion immeasurably.

Sprouting slows ageing. In a nutshell, more enzymes = less ageing (a simplistic reading of things, to be sure).

#### BUT A WORD OF CAUTION

YOU DON'T WANT TO EAT TOO MANY RAW SPROUTED LEGUMES. THEY STILL CONTAIN SOME TOXINS. THE BEST IDEA IS TO ALSO COOK YOUR SPROUTS WHERE POSSIBLE. I BRAISE OR STEAM MINE, OR ADD THEM TO STEWS AND SOUPS. SEE BELOW FOR MORE.

# SPROUTED LEGUMES

1 cup (200 g) dried legumes (chickpeas, brown lentils, mung beans all work really well)

Soak the legumes in water overnight. In the morning, drain and rinse in a wire sieve. Leaving the legumes in the sieve, prop the sieve over a bowl and put a saucepan lid over the top. Leave on the worktop for 2–3 days, rinsing twice a day (I rinse really well, filling the bowl with water over the legumes and stirring up a little before draining). In summer, you'll need to rinse more often. White shoots will start to form after a day or so. Once they're about 0.5 cm long, put in a storage container in the fridge for 3–4 days.

## THINGS TO DO WITH SPROUTS:

- Steam lightly and then sprinkle on a salad.
- ▶ Toss through stir-fries, casseroles or soups.
- For a snack, braise in a little chicken stock (I freeze stock in ice-cube trays for just this purpose) and add a dash of liquid aminos or tamari.
- Add to a mish-mash meal. Steam some veggies (broccoli or courgettes) and the sprouts or braise as above, and then toss through ½ chopped avocado, feta, rocket and some capers.

# RCOOKING OILS

There is some conjecture about the best oils to use in cooking. Smoke point (the temperature at which the oil begins to smoke) determines some people's thinking, while stability and fatty-acid-chain composition determine things for others. Here's my advice:

- Avocado oil can be used for baking and pouring (i.e. used cold).
- **Butter** is great for baking, cooking (at low-medium temperatures only) and greasing trays and pans.
- Coconut oil is the best oil for greasing trays and pans, and can also be used for baking and cooking.
- **Ghee** can be used for cooking and for greasing trays and pans.
- Macadamia oil is good for baking, cooking and pouring (i.e. used cold).
- Olive oil is used for cooking (at low-medium temperatures only), greasing trays and pans and pouring (i.e. used cold). Never touch seed oils such as rapeseed, sunflower or soya.

TIP

TRY PUTTING A DAB OF COCONUT OIL IN YOUR CAKE OR MUFFIN TIN, THEN POPPING THE TIN IN THE OVEN AS IT'S PREHEATING, TO MELT THE OIL. REMOVE AFTER A MINUTE AND SWIRL. VOILÀ! PAN GREASED.

#### NOTE

AVOCADO OIL, BUTTER, COCONUT OIL AND MACADAMIA OIL ARE GENERALLY USED FOR BAKING AS THEY HAVE HIGH HEAT POINTS AND CAN BE USED INTERCHANGEABLY. JUST BEAR IN MIND THAT COCONUT AND MACADAMIA OILS AREN'T A NEUTRAL FLAVOUR – BUT THIS CAN WORK IN YOUR FAVOUR IF YOU'RE BAKING A SWEET RECIPE.



Here are some simple conversions to help you cook with sweeteners.

## **STEVIA**

When I refer to stevia in this book, I mean the granulated form unless specified otherwise. Most stevia granules you can use as you would sugar, although I tend to use a little less because that's my taste preference these days. If you're using the liquid form, keep in mind these conversions:

1 cup (200 g) sugar/granulated stevia = 1 teaspoon liquid stevia

1 tablespoon sugar/granulated stevia = 6-9 drops liquid stevia

1 teaspoon sugar/granulated stevia = 2-4 drops liquid stevia

# **RICE MALT SYRUP**

Use this in place of sugar or honey in recipes, roughly in a 1:1 ratio. Some people say rice malt syrup is less sweet than honey or sugar, but I beg to differ, and I tend to put less of it in my recipes than many others would. Perhaps it's because my tastebuds have shifted!



Again, just start with some good staples:

The grounds – cinnamon, cumin, nutmeg, allspice, ginger, chilli, paprika, salt and pepper.

The blends – five-spice mix, ras el hanout, garam masala and za'atar. (I like to have two spice blends in my cupboard at a time. I go through phases, and play with one blend on popcorn, veggie chips, soups and more, then move on to the other when I've almost run out.)

Dulse flakes – dried red seaweed, great for sprinkling on soups, popcorn and other savoury snacks. High in vitamins, minerals and protein.

- Salt it's always best to use pure rock salt or sea salt (processed table salt lacks many of the minerals found in rock and sea salt).
- Vanilla powder made from ground vanilla pods. I tend to use this rather than vanilla essence, which often contains added sugar. The powder can be hard to find, so scour the health food shops and keep it safe and dry.



Packaged sauces are a sugar-quitter's stealth enemy. They are full of sugar, wrapped up in a seductive, savoury and often 'low-fat' packaging. My advice is to avoid all commercial sauces apart from these:

- Mustard wholegrain, French, Dijon … Play with different options and make simple dressings by blending mustard, olive oil, lemon juice and crushed garlic and shaking in a jar.
- Cider vinegar great for salad dressings, marinades and chutneys.
- **Tamari** a wheat-free, sugar-free version of soy sauce.

# FOUR SAUCES TO TRY

# HOMEMADE MAYONNAISE

This recipe lists whey as an optional ingredient. Mayonnaise made with whey will keep for 2–3 months longer than mayonnaise made without, which normally only lasts 2–3 weeks. You can use the whey that is left over from making your own cream cheese (see <u>here</u>). If you don't have any whey, that's fine, but use up the mayonnaise within a week or two.

1 egg

1 teaspoon Dijon mustard

1 tablespoon lemon juice

1 tablespoon whey (optional)

pinch of salt

250 ml extra-virgin olive oil

Blend all the ingredients except the oil for 30 seconds in a food processer on a low speed. With the motor running, add the oil in a slow drizzle until the mayo is thick and smooth. If you included the whey, cover the mayonnaise and allow to sit on your worktop for 7 hours before refrigerating – this activates the enzymes in the whey.

Makes about 300 ml

# HOMEMADE TOMATO SAUCE

2 cans tomatoes or 675 ml passata

½ onion, chopped

80 ml cider vinegar

- 1 tablespoon rice malt syrup (or 2 teaspoons granulated stevia)
- 1 teaspoon ground allspice
- 1 teaspoon ground cinnamon
- 1 teaspoon ground cloves
- 1 teaspoon cayenne pepper

#### salt and freshly ground black pepper, to taste

Bring all the ingredients to the boil in a saucepan, stirring to dissolve the spices. Reduce the heat and simmer for about 50 minutes until the sauce reduces by almost half and is quite thick. Blend with a stick blender or in a food processer. If the sauce is still a bit runny, return it to the heat for a little longer. Store in a clean glass jar in the fridge for up to 1 month. (I divide my mixture and freeze half so it doesn't spoil.)

#### Makes about 400 ml

#### NOTE

YOU CAN ALSO DO THIS IN A SLOW COOKER: COOK ALL THE INGREDIENTS ON HIGH FOR 2–2½ HOURS. AFTER BLENDING, YOU MIGHT WANT TO RETURN IT TO THE COOKER FOR ANOTHER 30 MINUTES, WITHOUT THE LID, TO THICKEN IT.

# HOMEMADE BARBEQUE SAUCE

250 ml homemade tomato sauce (see adjacent)

2 tablespoons cider vinegar

- 1 teaspoon tabasco sauce
- 1 clove garlic, finely chopped
- 1 tablespoon paprika
- 2 tablespoons chilli powder

Mix all the ingredients and store in a clean glass jar in the fridge for up to 1 month.

Makes about 300 ml

# **BERRY GROWN - UP SAUCE**

Great as a sweet coulis accompaniment to desserts or spooned over yoghurt.

2 cups (250 g) frozen berries

1 tablespoon rice malt syrup

1 teaspoon finely grated fresh ginger

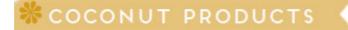
½ teaspoon grated orange zest

1 star anise, finely crushed

¼ teaspoon ground cinnamon

Combine all the ingredients in a small saucepan and bring to the boil. Lower the heat and simmer for 5–10 minutes. Serve warm or cool. Store in a clean glass jar in the fridge for up to 2 weeks.

Makes 500 ml



- Coconut flour. There are three things you should know before using coconut flour: it's sweet (so it's great for baking); it soaks up a lot of liquid, which means you may have to add extra liquid – such as an egg or some coconut water – if the mixture starts to clog; and it produces chewy rather than fluffy baked goods. Arrowroot or tapioca can be substituted for coconut flour – they are all thickening agents.
- **Shredded or desiccated coconut.** Great for baking.
- Coconut flakes. These aren't the same as desiccated or shredded coconut – they're chunkier 'scrapings'.
- Coconut cream. Thicker than coconut milk, this is perfect for creamy curry sauces, and for using instead of cream.
- Coconut water. Great on its own or can be used as a substitute for milk.

# \* SUPPLEMENT POWDERS

These nutrient-rich powders can be a quick and easy way to supplement your diet with the necessary vitamins, minerals, proteins and other essentials that your body needs, especially during the detox period in week 5. But they are supplements, not food substitutes, so it's important to still eat a healthy, balanced diet. Most are available at health food stores and some pharmacies. These are the ones I regularly use:

- Green powders a concentrated blend of a variety of green vegetables and plants.
- **Spirulina powder** a highly nutritious salt-water micro plant.
- Protein powder helps stimulate metabolism of fat and boosts immune system.
- Maca powder a plant-based super food from South America.
- Acai powder a berry super food from the Amazon, rich in antioxidants.
- Slippery elm powder made from the bark of the slippery elm tree; as well as rich in nutrients, it is also high in fibre and aids digestion.





# BREAKFAST

# QUICK, CLEVER THINGS TO TURBO CHARGE THE DAY

The biggest dilemma for anyone quitting sugar is what you are meant to eat for breakfast. If you can't have fruit, juice, raisin toast, muesli, cereal, muffins, banana bread or pancakes, what's left?

Well, a lot, actually. It means letting go of the notion of sugarand starch-based 'breakfast foods' - a concept invented by breakfast cereal companies in the 1940s. Seriously.

The aim at breakfast time is to eat plenty of protein and good fats. Eating these slow-burning fuels is like throwing a sturdy log onto your metabolic fire that will keep you fuelled to lunch (sugars and starches are the equivalent of paper and twigs). I no longer hold on to the idea that my first meal of the day should be shaken from a box. Since quitting sugar, my breakfast is now all about eggs, cheese, yoghurt, bacon, coconut and nuts, along with a lot of vegetables and a little low-sugar fruit, such as berries or kiwi fruit.

Am I happier? Oh, yes.



# **PUMPKIN PIE PORRIDGE**

Have you ever checked out lush foodie blog My New Roots? If not, you should. Creator Sarah Britton's deep understanding of comforting foods sings from the pages. This is one of her personal favourites, which I have adjusted to make the recipe

fructose-free. It really is like a pumpkin pie in a bowl!

#### INGREDIENTS

½ cup (100 g) amaranth, soaked for 8–24 hours (the longer, the better)

250 ml coconut milk, plus extra for serving

1/3 cup (80 ml) Pumpkin Purée (see here)

pinch of salt

pinch of ground cinnamon

pinch of ground nutmeg

pinch of ground ginger

pinch of ground allspice

pinch of vanilla powder

½ teaspoon granulated stevia (optional)

1/3 cup (25 g) coconut flakes, toasted

# SERVES 2

#### METHOD

Drain and rinse the amaranth. Combine in a saucepan with the coconut milk, pumpkin purée, salt, spices and vanilla powder. Bring to the boil, then cover and simmer on the lowest heat for 15 minutes, stirring often to prevent scorching. Watch to see if the liquid level becomes too low; if it does, add a little extra coconut milk or water. Turn off the heat and let sit for 10 minutes with the lid on to thicken. Sweeten with the stevia if desired, then serve drizzled with coconut milk and sprinkled with the coconut flakes.

#### VARIATION

If you don't have amaranth (a gluten-free grain), you could substitute 1 cup (100 g) oats.

# **COCO-NUTTY GRANOLA**

The rice malt syrup in this recipe is optional – I personally don't sweeten my granola at all. Perhaps make half a batch with the syrup, half without and see what you like. I like to eat this granola with yoghurt – nice and chunky.

#### INGREDIENTS

- 3 cups (175 g) coconut flakes
- 2 cups (250 g) almonds, cashews, pecans, walnuts, pumpkin seeds (preferably activated; see <u>here</u>), roughly chopped (you can use either one type or a mixture)
- 2 tablespoons chia seeds
- 1 teaspoon ground cinnamon (optional)
- 80-100 g coconut oil or butter, melted

3 tablespoons rice malt syrup (optional)

#### MAKES 5 CUPS (425 G) METHOD

Preheat the oven to 120°C (gas ½) and line a baking tray with baking paper. Combine all the ingredients, then spread evenly on the tray. Bake for 15–20 minutes until golden, turning halfway through the cooking time. I like to bake mine until quite dark – the darker it is, the crunchier. Remove from the oven and allow to cool, then eat while it's still crispy.

#### VARIATION

If you wish to add rolled oats, toss 2 cups (200 g) into the bowl with the rest of the ingredients, and add a little more oil and syrup.



#### SIMPLE BREAKFAST IDEAS

#### BREAKFAST IS THE HARDEST MEAL OF THE DAY TO ADJUST TO WHEN QUITTING SUGAR BECAUSE MOST 'BREAKFAST FOODS' ARE LADEN WITH SUGAR (A LOT OF IT HIDDEN).

Some 'healthy' mueslis (even the Heart Foundation-approved ones) contain more sugar than Coco Pops! And as we know, fruit juice can contain more sugar than canned drinks. You have to be careful with this first meal of the day.

No one has ever said you have to have cereal or fruit for breakfast, so get imaginative. The trick is to include healthy fats and protein in each meal. Here are some simple ideas you can play with to get you started.



# AT HOME

- Millet toast with cashew or almond spread, or tahini.
- Avocado, pumpkin seeds and Vegemite on toast (don't use Promite or Marmite, as they contain a lot of sugar).
- Avocado and cheese toasties (I love the way avocado goes soft and gooey when heated).
- Porridge 'sweetened' with a little coconut milk and cinnamon, or with yoghurt and nuts.

- Buckwheat groats ('buckinis'), coconut (flakes or desiccated) and pumpkin seeds (or whatever nuts or seeds you have in the cupboard) toasted in a non-stick pan, then sprinkled over yoghurt and mushed with either cinnamon or raw cacao powder and/or a drizzle of macadamia oil (pictured opposite).
- Cream cheese or coconut cream and frozen berries mushed in a cup.
- In a hot pan, heat leftover veggies with an egg tossed through (who says you can't do veggies for breakfast?)
- A big chunk of feta with some chopped tomato, sardines and olives, with olive oil and salt over the top, Greek style.
- A smoothie (coconut- or yoghurt-based). See <u>here</u> for recipe ideas.
- Sugar-free (and fruit-free) muesli. There is a range on the market these days. Or try my granola (see <u>here</u>).
- Sardine Chicory Boats (see <u>here</u>). I eat these for breakfast on a weekly basis!
- Pea, Herb and Almond Crush (see <u>here</u>), spread on toast.
- Cheesy Biscuits (see <u>here</u>). An amazing breakfast food. Eat straight from the oven and serve with some fresh tomato.

## EATING OUT

- Eggs and bacon on toast, with healthy extras such as mushrooms, spinach and avocado.
- Smoked salmon on toast.
- Ham and cheese toastie.
- Vegetable juice (but be warned: carrot and beetroot are almost as high in sugar as fruit is).
- Porridge with berries and yoghurt, but only if both the berries and yoghurt are unsweetened. (It's hard to find and justify paying for café porridge that isn't super-sweetened with banana and honey and so on. I tend to avoid it.)

- A glass of milk. With some cinnamon. You'd be surprised how good this is. And what café doesn't have milk?
- If you don't eat bread (I personally can't), take your own gluten-free bread (I wrap two slices in foil and hand them over to the kitchen to be toasted), or ask for your eggs to be served on a bed of spinach instead.

#### NOTE

# **BEWARE OF 'NO ADDED SUGAR' MUFFINS, MUESLIS AND GRANOLAS. THEY ARE RARELY, IF EVER, SUGAR-FREE.**

## ON THE RUN

- Plain yoghurt.
- Nuts (preferably activated).
- Coconut water.
- A smoothie (see <u>here</u>). Add extra chia seeds and ice, then par-freeze in a travel cup or jar with a lid so that it's nice and firm. I do this for plane trips and long drives.
- The Eggy Muggins (<u>here</u>) and Cashewy Chia Puddings (<u>here</u>) were designed by me for eating on the run!

# **CASHEWY CHIA PUDDINGS**

#### **INGREDIENTS**

- ½ cup (75 g) chia seeds (white chia seeds are good for this recipe)
- 375 ml cashew milk (or Homemade Almond Milk, see <u>here</u>, or regular milk)

¼ cup (25 g) frozen berries (optional)

½ teaspoon vanilla powder

granulated stevia, to taste

pinch of salt

## SERVES 2

#### METHOD

Combine all the ingredients in a bowl. Divide between 2 serving bowls and chill before eating.

#### NOTE

Make the night before to take to work. But add a little more liquid – chia seeds soak up everything in sight. The puddings will keep for a few days in the fridge.

# CHEWY PUMPKIN AND COCONUT MUFFINS

#### INGREDIENTS

coconut oil, butter or ghee for greasing

100 g pumpkin

½ cup (50 g) coconut flour, sifted

½ cup (50 g) almond meal or LSA

2 tablespoons granulated stevia

½ cup (25 g) basil leaves

½ teaspoon baking powder

pinch of vanilla powder

1 teaspoon ground cinnamon

¼ teaspoon ground nutmeg

6 eggs

125 g coconut oil, melted

¾ cup (75 g) walnuts, roughly chopped

splash of coconut water (add more if needed)

🏁 BATCH & FREEZE

## MAKES 15

#### METHOD

Preheat the oven to 190°C (gas 5) and lightly grease 15 cups of a muffin tray (or use paper cases). Grate the pumpkin (preferably with a food processor). Add the flour, almond meal, stevia, basil, baking powder, vanilla powder and spices to the pumpkin. Whisk the eggs in a separate bowl, then use a wooden spoon to stir the eggs and coconut oil into the pumpkin mixture until the lumps are gone. Gently stir in the walnuts. Add coconut water, stirring, until the batter is thick. Spoon into the muffin tray and bake for 15–20 minutes. Serve warm or cold.

Remember: coconut flour produces a chewy muffin (see <u>here</u> ).





# **CHIA AND QUINOA PARFAIT**

I saw this done with granola in a restaurant in Spain, and decided to do my own sugar-free, densely nutritious version.

You need to make these a couple of hours in advance.

INGREDIENTS

½ cup (70 g) cooked quinoa (see here)

3 tablespoons chia seeds

1 tablespoon flaxseeds (linseeds)

- 375 ml milk or Homemade Almond Milk (see <u>here</u>) or coconut milk
- 2 teaspoons raw cacao powder
- ½ cup (125 ml) full-fat unsweetened thick Greek-style yoghurt
- ½ cup (125 ml) Berry Grown-Up Sauce (see <u>here</u>) or handful of frozen berries, chopped

## SERVES 2 METHOD

Mix the quinoa, chia seeds, flaxseeds, milk and cacao powder well, then put in the fridge for 1–2 hours. To serve, layer with the yoghurt and berries in a pretty glass. Get decorative!

# **POACHED EGGS**

Everyone needs to know how to poach an egg, and it's a simple technique. These little parcels of goodness are designed to plop on top of a meal that is otherwise a little lacklustre or lacking in protein. You can cook a few at a time and store them in a bowl of cold water in the fridge, where they'll keep for several days.

#### **INGREDIENTS**

white vinegar or rice vinegar (optional)

eggs

## **1–2 EGGS PER PERSON** METHOD

Fill a small shallow frying pan that has a lid with water (or pour water into a wide saucepan to a depth of 5 cm). Bring to the boil. Add a dash of white or rice vinegar if you like – this will help the egg whites to congeal neatly rather than spray out in the pan. Break an egg into a teacup, then tip the egg from the cup into the water. (You can poach a few eggs at a time, if you like.) Turn off the heat immediately and cover the pan tightly. Leave for 3–4 minutes, then remove each egg with a slotted spoon.

## TO SERVE, TRY THESE EGGY BREAKFAST BOMBS:

- After removing the eggs from the hot water, use the same pan to steam some frozen peas and chopped courgettes (place a steamer attachment on top). Mix the steamed veggies with a tin of tuna, some finely chopped spring onions or red onion, and capers. Plop a poached egg on top to serve.
- While the eggs are poaching, sauté some garlic and Swiss chard. Toss in some parmesan, then plop a poached egg on

top to serve.

- I like this idea: poach the egg in a sauce instead of water. I also like the idea of using leftover soup instead of water. Simply heat the soup in a small pan and poach the eggs as above. Serve with a sprinkle of parmesan. This works really well with Roasted Pepper Soup (see <u>here</u>).
- Some of my favourites, clockwise from the top: eggs in soup, peas and spinach with an egg on top, a poached egg on toast.





## **GREEN EGGS WITH HAM**

#### **INGREDIENTS**

4 eggs

pinch of salt

splash of milk or cream

knob of butter

3 tablespoons Kale Pesto (see here)

toast, halved cherry tomatoes and slices of grilled ham, to serve

# SERVES 2

#### METHOD

Use a fork to lightly mix the eggs, salt and milk or cream in a small bowl – not too much as you want to see a bit of yolk streaked through. Melt the butter in a frying pan over medium heat, then pour in the egg mixture. Once the eggs 'take' a little, gently fold and lift using a flat wooden spatula – don't stir. Pause, then fold again. After a minute, add the pesto and fold a little more until the whole lot is just soft and still a bit runny (about another minute). Remove from the heat and let sit, then gently stir to ensure it is cooked through. Serve with toast, cherry tomato halves and a few slices of grilled ham.

## **BACON AND EGG CUPCAKES**

#### **INGREDIENTS**

coconut oil, butter or ghee for greasing 6 rashers bacon 6 eggs crumbled feta (optional) chopped chives or other herbs (optional)

## METHOD

### METHOD

Preheat the oven to 200°C (gas 6) and lightly grease a 6-cup muffin tray. Use a bacon rasher to line each muffin cup, looping or pressing the bacon around the sides and using any small broken bits to line the bottom. It needn't be a perfect job – feel free to use extra bits to fill in the gaps. If you like your bacon crispy, place the tray in the oven for 5 minutes before continuing. Gently crack 1 egg into each bacon cup, then sprinkle with cheese and herbs if desired. Bake for 15 minutes until the egg whites are set. Let sit for a minute and then, using a knife or spoon, gently remove the cupcakes from the tray. Serve hot or warm.

#### VARIATION

For a 'greener' option, place a small par-cooked-andfrozen broccoli floret (see <u>here</u>) into each cup. Use only 5 eggs and beat them lightly with a fork before dividing among the 6 cups.



## **FRITTATINIS**

### Frittatinis? Yep, mini frittatas!

#### **INGREDIENTS**

coconut oil, butter or ghee for greasing

8 eggs

2 cups (about 250 g) raw vegetables (asparagus, mushrooms, onion, pumpkin, courgettes – whatever you have in the fridge)

6 slices ham or 4 rashers bacon, diced

3 spring onions, sliced, or a handful of basil leaves, chopped

freshly ground black pepper and/or chilli flakes, to taste



MAKES 12-16

#### METHOD

Preheat the oven to 170°C (gas 3) and grease a 12-cup muffin tray. Beat the eggs in a large bowl. Finely chop the veggies using a food processor. Add the veggie mix and ham to the eggs, then stir in the spring onions/basil, pepper and/or chilli flakes and spoon the mixture into the muffin tray. Bake for 12–15 minutes. Eat while warm.

#### VARIATION

Instead of raw vegetables, use 2 cups (250 g) chopped leftover or par-cooked-and-frozen veggies (see <u>here</u>), such as pumpkin, sweet potato and broccoli, and toss in a few frozen peas as well. Skip the food processor step.

# **EASY-PEASY COURGETTE BLINIS**

#### **INGREDIENTS**

2–3 large courgettes

1 tablespoon coconut flour

3 eggs

salt and freshly ground black pepper, to taste

coconut oil, butter or ghee for frying

Homemade Cream Cheese (see <u>here</u>) and chopped chives, to serve

# MAKES 8-10

#### METHOD

Grate the courgettes using a food processor with a shredding disc – you need 2 cups (350 g) grated courgettes. Sift the coconut flour into the eggs and beat them together until smooth. Mix in the courgettes, salt and pepper. Heat a little oil in a frying pan and spoon in dollops of the batter. Cook until golden on both sides. Serve warm with cream cheese and chives on top.

# **EGGY MUGGINS**

Muggins are a muffin-type creation made in a mug – perfect for taking to work or on road trips. Eating while driving isn't great, nor is using a microwave, but if it's the difference between eating a solid breakfast and not ...

#### INGREDIENTS

½ cup (75 g) par-cooked-and-frozen veggies (see here )

(broccoli or Swiss chard works best) or 1 cup (30 g) fresh baby spinach leaves

small handful of frozen peas

1 egg

pinch of grated cheddar, parmesan or feta

# MAKES 1

Place the vegetables in a large coffee mug with a dash of water. Microwave on high for 30 seconds–1 minute. Crack in the egg, add the cheese and stir loosely. Microwave again for 30 seconds–1 minute. Eat while still warm.

## **ENERGY MEFFINS**

Meffins? Yep, meat muffins!

#### **INGREDIENTS**

coconut oil, butter or ghee for greasing

500 g minced pork or beef

1 cup (150 g) chopped leftover or par-cooked-and-frozen

veggies (see <u>here</u>), such as carrot, pumpkin, peas and courgettes

12 eggs

225 g cottage cheese

several tablespoons freshly chopped herbs (I use sage and thyme) and/or 2 teaspoons dried herbs and spices (I like a bit of nutmeg)

handful of grated cheddar cheese



Preheat the oven to 180°C (gas 4) and lightly grease a 12-cup muffin tray. Brown the mince in a frying pan with a little oil, then remove and set aside. Sauté the veggies in the pan using the fat from the mince. Beat the eggs in a bowl, then add the meat, veggies, cottage cheese, herbs and spices. Spoon into the muffin tray and sprinkle with the grated cheese. Cook for 15–20 minutes. Best served warm.



# FLUFFY PUMPKIN AND CHIA MUFFINS

Trust me: these will work out. Don't worry about exact measurements, as long as the consistency is cakey. Bear in mind the chia seeds soak up stacks of liquid, so if you end up with a runny batter-like slop, add more chia seeds before spooning into the muffin tray. Get fancy and sprinkle the muffins with freshly torn basil and some flowers.

#### INGREDIENTS

#### 100 g pumpkin

2 cups (240 g) gluten-free flour (I use buckwheat and some chickpea flour)

1 cup (100 g) almond meal

sprinkle of ground cinnamon

1 teaspoon baking powder

handful of basil leaves, chopped

fistful of chia seeds

2 eggs, separated

2-3 tablespoons granulated stevia

2 tablespoons olive oil

handful of pumpkin seeds

🍍 BATCH & FREEZE

## MAKES 12-16

#### METHOD

Preheat the oven to 180°C (gas 4) and line each cup of a 12cup muffin tray with a 10 cm square of baking paper (or use paper cases). Grate the pumpkin using a food processor with a shredding disc. Combine the pumpkin, flour, almond meal, cinnamon, baking powder, basil and chia seeds. In a separate bowl, beat the egg yolks, stevia and olive oil using a stick blender, then add to the pumpkin mixture. Stir in enough water to make a thick consistency (I use the stick blender again for this). Whip the egg whites until soft peaks form and stir into the pumpkin mixture. Spoon into the muffin tray and pop in the oven. After about 5 minutes, sprinkle the muffins with the pumpkin seeds. Bake for about 10 minutes. Serve warm or cold.

# **COURGETTE CHEESECAKE**

This dish can also be jazzed up into a slightly special catering-for-brunch meal.

#### **INGREDIENTS**

coconut oil, butter or ghee for greasing

2–3 large courgettes

1 teaspoon salt

550 g ricotta

¾ cup (75 g) grated parmesan

2 spring onions, chopped

2 cloves garlic, chopped

4 tablespoons chopped dill

zest of 1 lemon

2 large eggs, well beaten

1/3 cup (75 g) crumbled feta

# SERVES 8

Preheat the oven to 170°C (gas 3) and grease a 23 cm cake tin or medium-sized baking dish. Grate the courgettes using a food processor with a shredding disc – you need 2 cups (350 g) grated courgettes. Combine the courgettes and salt in a colander or sturdy sieve and let sit for 15 minutes, then use your fingers or a spoon to press out as much moisture as you can. Combine the ricotta, parmesan, spring onions, garlic, dill and lemon zest, then stir in the eggs and courgettes. Pour into the tin and bake for 1 hour. Sprinkle with the feta and return to the oven for 25 minutes or until the cheese has melted. The cake is best when left to cool completely so that it sets properly. Serve at room temperature.



#### THREE FUN PANCAKES

### YES! SUGAR-FREE PANCAKES. HERE ARE THREE TYPES AND FIVE TOPPINGS THAT COVER ALL NEEDS AND TASTES.

The first is a great 'paleo' version and the third can be prepared as gluten-free, too.

FIRST CHOOSE YOUR PANCAKE

# **COCONUT FLUFFS**

#### INGREDIENTS

2 eggs, whisked

400 ml can coconut milk

2 tablespoons coconut oil or butter, melted, plus extra for frying

¼ cup (30 g) coconut flour

¾ cup (100 g) buckwheat flour

3 teaspoons baking powder

½ teaspoon salt

½ cup (50 g) shredded coconut



### METHOD

Combine the eggs, coconut milk and coconut oil. Stir in the remaining ingredients. Melt a generous dollop of butter or oil in a frying pan over medium–low heat. Pour in some batter. The mixture will make 4–6 large pancakes or 8–12 smaller ones. When the surface starts to bubble, flip and cook the other side. Repeat until all the batter is used.

turn over to <u>here</u> for great mix-n-match toppings

## **SIMPLE APPLE PANCAKES**

#### **INGREDIENTS**

1 cup (120 g) self-raising flour
1 egg
250 ml milk
1/3 cup (75 g) powdered stevia
1 apple, peeled and grated
butter for frying
MAKES 12

METHOD

Combine the flour, egg, milk and stevia, then add the apple and stir gently. Melt some butter in a frying pan over medium– low heat. Spoon in 5 tablespoons batter. When the surface starts to bubble, flip and cook on the other side. Repeat until all the batter is used.

## **BUCKWHEAT GALETTES**

#### **INGREDIENTS**

½ cup (50 g) buckwheat flour

½ cup (50 g) plain flour

¼ teaspoon sea salt

1 egg

250 ml milk

30 g salted butter, melted, for greasing

MAKES 4-6

NOTE

#### THE INCLUSION OF PLAIN WHEAT FLOUR IMPROVES THE TEXTURE OF THESE GALETTES. IF YOU WANT TO MAKE GLUTEN-FREE GALETTES, USE 150 G BUCKWHEAT FLOUR INSTEAD OF THE TWO FLOURS.

#### METHOD

Sift the flours and salt. Make a small well in the centre. Whisk the egg and milk together in a small bowl, then pour into the well. Beat into a smooth batter the consistency of thick cream. Cover with cling film and refrigerate for at least 2 hours or overnight. Remove the batter from the fridge and set aside for 20 minutes. Stir, adding 1–2 tablespoons of water if necessary. Heat a large non-stick frying pan over medium heat. Lightly grease the entire base of the pan with melted butter.

Add a small ladleful of batter and quickly swirl it around so you have a very thin layer covering the whole of the pan. Use a palette knife or an egg slice to spread out the mixture. Cook for 1 minute or until the galette comes away easily from the pan when you shake it. Flip the galette over and cook for 1-2minutes. Repeat with the remaining batter.

## NOW CHOOSE YOUR TOPPING

# **1** COCONUT TREACLE

Serve a pancake with a cube or two of Coconut Butter (see <u>here</u>), melted.



THE WALDORF

1 green apple, grated

lemon juice

1 cup (225 g) Homemade Cream Cheese (see here)

walnuts, preferably activated (see here)

½ cup (120 ml) rice malt syrup, heated

rock salt, to taste

Mix the apple with a little lemon juice to prevent it from browning. Place the cream cheese, apple and walnuts in separate bowls on the table and invite everyone to layer up their pancakes, starting with the cheese and drizzling a little syrup over the lot and sprinkling with rock salt.



## **SPICED BERRY SWIRL**

Add a drizzle of Berry Grown-up Sauce (see <u>here</u>) and a dollop of full-fat yoghurt to your pancake and swirl a little.



## **SPICED PUMPKIN BUTTER AND PECANS**

1 cup (250 ml) Pumpkin Purée (see here)

1 teaspoon ground cinnamon

½ teaspoon ground ginger

pinch of ground cloves (optional)

pinch of ground nutmeg (optional)

1 tablespoon rice malt syrup

1 tablespoon cider vinegar or lemon juice

knob of butter

½ cup (60 g) pecans, preferably activated (see <u>here</u>) or Candied Pecans (see <u>here</u>)

Combine the pumpkin purée, spices, syrup and 80 ml of water in a saucepan and bring to the boil. Reduce the heat and simmer for 30 minutes, stirring frequently. Stir in the vinegar and butter. Pour over the pancakes and sprinkle the pecans on top. The pumpkin butter mixture will keep for 2 weeks, so feel free to make extra!



**SO-FRENCHIE-SO-CHIC HAM AND CHEESE** 

6 slices ham

2 cups (225 g) grated gruyère or other cheese

This one only works with the buckwheat galettes (see <u>here</u>). Place a slice of ham and a large sprinkle of cheese in the centre of each cooked galette and fold. I fold the galette in half, but you can do it as a 'pouch' or in quarters. Heat in a frying pan until the cheese melts.



## **BREAKFAST CASSEROLE**

I love the idea of a breakfast casserole – it breaks so many rules (turnips for breakfast?!) I like to keep it simple and use one vegetable at a time. Turnips, swedes or sweet potato work best for this recipe, in my opinion. This is also a good way to use up random sausages left in the fridge after a barbecue. You can double the recipe and place half the mixture in another baking dish, cover and freeze to cook the following week.

#### INGREDIENTS

coconut oil, butter or ghee for greasing

3 turnips, peeled (or 2 swedes or 1 large sweet potato)

2 sausages or a large handful of minced pork or beef

3 spring onions, chopped

4 eggs, beaten

🏁 BATCH & FREEZE

SERVES 4

#### METHOD

Preheat the oven to 190°C (gas 5) and grease a small glass or ceramic baking dish. Grate the turnips, using a food processor if you have one. If using sausages, remove the meat and discard the casings. Brown the meat with a little oil in a large hot frying pan until not quite cooked through, breaking it up into small pieces with a spoon or spatula. Toss in the rest of the ingredients and stir, then spoon into the baking dish. Bake for 45 minutes. Let it stand for a few minutes so the casserole sets before you cut into it. Serve warm.



# PERFECT OMELETTE WITH BAKED MUSHROOMS

Maggie Beer kindly shared this divine breakfast recipe (her favourite) as well as some tips for perfect omelette-making: 'While I have a traditional black steel omelette pan, which I use for this purpose only, a good small non-stick frying pan will also do a great job. I make sure I always wipe my pan clean after each use rather than washing it, to preserve the surface and not create any rust spots that would act as magnets for an omelette. I also ensure the pan is sufficiently hot that a small piece of butter will sizzle in it without browning. I find a non-stick spatula a great tool, as it is just the thing for dragging through the quickly setting egg to allow the unset centre to flow to the sides of the pan. And speed – no more than 90 seconds in total and it's cooked.'

#### INGREDIENTS

4 medium-sized brown mushrooms

50 g unsalted butter, plus extra for cooking

salt and freshly ground black pepper, to taste

- 4 sprigs thyme
- 3 free-range eggs

1 tablespoon pouring cream

2 tablespoons mascarpone

flat-leaf parsley, roughly chopped

toasted wholegrain bread, to serve

# SERVES 1

Preheat the oven to 200°C (gas 6). Lay the mushrooms on a baking tray, stem-side up, then spread one-quarter of the butter

evenly over each. Season with salt and pepper, top each mushroom with 1 sprig thyme and bake for 10 minutes.

Crack the eggs into a bowl and stir lightly, so the yolks and whites break up a little. Swirl in the cream and season with salt and pepper. Heat a small frying pan over medium heat and add a knob of butter. Once the butter has melted, increase the heat to medium–high and pour in the eggs, distributing the mixture evenly. Drag a spatula or fork through from the sides of the pan to the middle, then cook until most of the mixture is set but still a little runny. Remove from the heat.

Add the mascarpone to the centre of the omelette, then tilt the pan and gently fold the omelette in half. The egg mixture will continue to cook. Loosen the base of the omelette with a spatula, then slide onto a warm plate and scatter with parsley. Serve with the baked mushrooms and wholegrain toast on the side.

# **COCONUT CURRY MEATBALLS**

I love most of the recipes by Mark at his Mark's Daily Apple website, but this one he's shared with me is a cracker! Mark says: 'You can buy pre-minced chicken if you like, but it takes hardly any time to mince it yourself in a food processor. A combination of thigh and breast meat yields a moist meatball that will hold together well.'

INGREDIENTS

650 g skinless chicken fillets

1 carrot, grated

2 cloves garlic

½ cup (50 g) shredded coconut

1 egg

2 teaspoons curry powder

½ teaspoon salt

handful of coriander or flat-leaf parsley leaves, to taste

```
oil
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# MAKES 24

## METHOD

Put everything except the oil in the food processor and blend until smooth. Using your hands, form 24 small balls (smaller balls cook quicker). Heat several tablespoons of oil in a large frying pan over medium—high heat. When it is hot enough that a meatball sizzles as soon as it hits the pan, put the meatballs in. You might have to cook these in batches. Cook for 2 minutes, then roll the meatballs over and cook for 5 minutes more. Put a lid on the pan and cook for another 6–8 minutes. Serve immediately.



# SMOOTHIES & DRINKS

## HEALTHY MEALS-IN-CUPS FOR BREAKFAST AND BEYOND

The smoothies I share here with you cut to the chase – they are full of nutrition, swift to make and a convenient way of using supplements to repair the balance in your stomach and your gut lining: antioxidant powders, green powders, slippery elm powder, chia seeds, and so on. The hot drinks are designed for sugar-free comfort and joy.

## **TIPS FOR: SMOOTH SMOOTHIES**

- If a recipe contains coconut oil, always add it just before you blend so it doesn't turn solid in the cold liquid. During the winter months you may have to melt the coconut oil on a gentle heat before you put it in.
- Put all the ingredients in a wide drinking glass and mix using a stick blender. This is a great way to save on equipment.
- Remember to always use full-fat dairy in your smoothies. (See <u>here</u> to remind yourself of why.)
- If you have to eat on the run, add extra chia seeds and ice and place the smoothie in the freezer for a few minutes to set (so it doesn't spill).

# SWEET GREEN MEAL-IN-A-TUMBLER

This recipe evolved out of necessity. I wanted a green drink for those days when I knew I wouldn't be eating as well as I'd like, and that could travel (i.e. wouldn't spill). The grapefruit and chia make this really thick, while the green powder adds a nutritional kick and 'sweetness'.

#### **INGREDIENTS**

½ grapefruit

½ lemon

½ green apple

1 cucumber

handful of lettuce, rocket or watercress

handful of mint or coriander leaves

1 teaspoon chia seeds

2 teaspoons green powder

125-250 ml coconut water

handful of ice

# SERVES 1–3

If you're using a high-powered blender, toss all the ingredients in together – pips and all – and blend for a minute or so. This will make 2–3 servings. If you're using a juicer, juice the grapefruit, lemon, apple, cucumber, lettuce and herbs, then stir in the remaining ingredients. This will make 1–2 servings.



# **SPINACH AND FENNEL SMOOTHIE**

My friend Joe Cross (who made the eye-opening documentary Fat, Sick and Nearly Dead) shares this fruit-free digestive number.

#### **INGREDIENTS**

1 bulb fennel

1 cucumber

3 stalks celery

3 cups (100 g) baby spinach leaves

handful of ice (optional)

splash coconut water (optional)

# SERVES 2–3

METHOD

Throw all the ingredients into a high-powered blender and blend until smooth.

# MAKE-ME-OVER MOJITO SMOOTHIE

#### **INGREDIENTS**

250 ml coconut water juice of 2 limes 1 small ripe avocado handful of mint leaves small handful of baby spinach leaves (optional) pinch of vanilla powder pinch of powdered stevia 1–2 teaspoons spirulina powder or 2 tablespoons green powder small handful of ice cubes

# SERVES 2

#### METHOD

Throw all the ingredients into a blender and blend until smooth.

# **BERRY YOGHURT SMOOTHIE**

**INGREDIENTS** 

1 cup (250 ml) full-fat organic plain yoghurt
1 egg
small handful of frozen mixed berries
½ teaspoon ground cinnamon
small pinch of granulated stevia
1 teaspoon chia seeds
1 tablespoon coconut oil
SERVES 2–3

Throw all the ingredients into a blender (add the coconut oil last so it doesn't turn solid in the cold yoghurt) and blend until smooth.

# ICED LEMONGRASS AND GINGER ZING

One of the best sugar-craving fixes is making a cup of tea. It can distract you for 5 minutes – enough time for the gripping to pass – and can calm you and restore some gentle steadiness.

Muriel Barbery writes in her philosophically delicate novel The Elegance of the Hedgehog: 'Yes, the world may aspire to vacuousness, insignificance surrounds us. Then let us drink a cup of tea. Silence descends ...'

### INGREDIENTS

1 tablespoon dried lemongrass

1 tablespoon dried ginger root

MAKES 1 POT

Make up a pot of tea using the lemongrass and ginger root. Let cool, then place in the fridge. It will brew further in the fridge. Strain to serve.

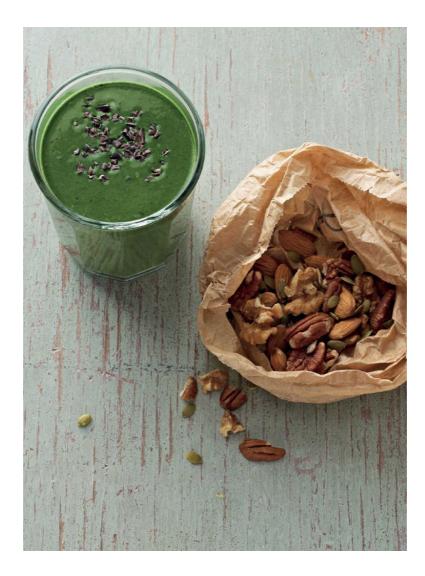
# **CHOC CHIP AND MINT WHIP**

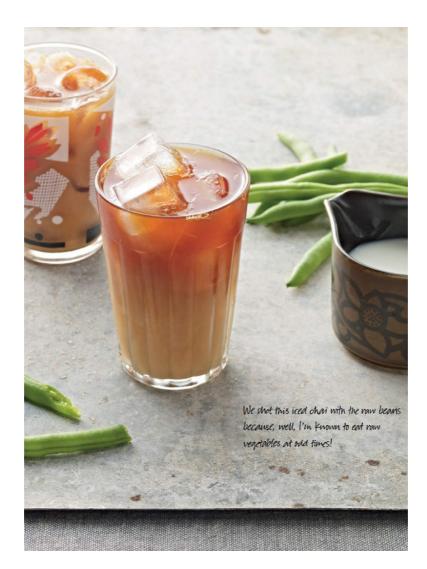
### **INGREDIENTS**

375 ml Homemade Almond Milk (see here)
1 small ripe avocado
large handful of mint leaves
3 tablespoons organic whey-based
protein powder (optional)
2 tablespoons green powder (optional)
1–2 generous pinches powdered stevia, to taste
small handful of ice cubes
2 tablespoons cacao nibs

# MAKES

Throw all the ingredients, except the cacao nibs, into a blender and blend until smooth. Toss in the nibs and blend for an extra few pulses.





# **ROOIBOS CHAI**

This is a wonderfully nourishing version of the standard black tea chai. Rooibos is easy to find at most health food shops and even at supermarkets. The spices used in this blend are perfect for curbing an afternoon sweet craving – the liquorice provides a sweet kick while killing the blood-sugar craziness. You can also make this with regular black tea or dandelion root, if you prefer.

#### **INGREDIENTS**

3 cardamom pods

3 cloves

- 3 peppercorns
- 3 star anise or 1 teaspoon fennel seeds
- 3 cm piece fresh ginger, finely chopped (I leave the skin on) or 1 tablespoon dried ginger root
- 1 teaspoon ground liquorice root (optional)
- 250 ml milk or Homemade Almond Milk (see here)
- 4 tablespoons loose organic rooibos tea

## SERVES 4

#### METHOD

Using a mortar and pestle, lightly crush the cardamom, cloves, peppercorns and star anise (alternatively, leave them whole). Tip the crushed spices into a saucepan and add the ginger, liquorice root (if using) and 750 ml water. Bring to the boil, then reduce the heat and simmer for 4 minutes. Take the saucepan off the heat and let steep for 4–5 minutes. Add the milk and rooibos tea and bring back to the boil. Remove from the heat, cover and steep for another 5 minutes. Strain and serve.

## TRY THESE DELICIOUS VARIATIONS:

• To make an iced version, omit the milk and place the chai in the fridge overnight to steep further. Strain the concentrate,

then serve over ice with cold milk.

- To make a mocha chai version, stir in 2 tablespoons raw cacao powder at the end.
- For a super-fun treat, blend the strained hot milky chai with 4 tablespoons almond spread.

# CHOCOLATE PEANUT BUTTER HOT COCOA

Angela at Oh She Glows vegan blog chose this hot beverage for us. It's wintry indulgent goodness in a cup!

#### **INGREDIENTS**

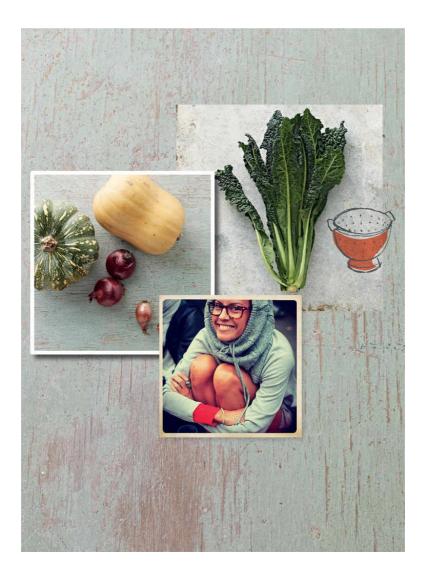
400 ml can coconut milk 125 ml Homemade Almond Milk (see here ) 160 ml rice malt syrup, or to taste 2 tablespoons natural peanut butter ½ cup (50 g) raw cacao powder, sifted well pinch of salt, or to taste cacao nibs to garnish (optional)

# SERVES 2–3

## METHOD

Throw all the ingredients except the cacao nibs into a saucepan and whisk like crazy. Bring to a low boil, then simmer for several minutes while whisking to remove any remaining clumps. Pour into mugs and top with cacao nibs to serve, if you like.





# HEALTHY DETOX MEALS

## FOR THE SUGAR DETOX PERIOD AND BEYOND

As you know, one of my main good eating tricks is to 'crowd out' - that is, eat as much nutritious, good stuff as you can and then see if you still want something sweet.

This approach ensures I'm primed with nutrition when I make the conscious choice to indulge or not. It also means I'm giving my body the best chance of being able to recalibrate and balance itself, which really is key when you go through the initial sugar detox period. The meals in this section all incorporate ingredients that are alkalising, cooling and detoxing. Dose up on one or three of these a day and you'll feel energised and balanced – no sugar required.



# **FOOLPROOF FENNEL SOUP**

This soup is both green and sweet. It reminds me of my mum. She's not green, but she's definitely sweet and she used to cook fennel and potatoes a lot when I was younger. She's also a big soup fan. It's where I got it from.

### INGREDIENTS

80 g butter

- 2 large bulbs fennel, sliced (reserve the leaves to garnish)
- 2 leeks, sliced
- 2 teaspoons fennel seeds (or a mixture of fennel seeds, aniseed and ground liquorice root)

splash of cider vinegar or white wine

1½ litres Basic Chicken Stock (see here)

2 cloves garlic, chopped

2 potatoes, chopped (or 1 cup (135 g) leftover cooked rice)

yoghurt or sour cream or shaved parmesan, to serve

4 slices pancetta, fried until crisp, cooled and crumbled

pinch of salt

# BATCH & FREEZE SERVES 4

## METHOD

Melt the butter in a large saucepan. Sauté the fennel and leeks until soft, then add the fennel seeds. Add the vinegar, stir a little, and pour in the stock. Bring to the boil. Add the garlic and potatoes, then cover and simmer for 30 minutes. Remove from the heat and blend using a stick blender. Serve the soup with a dollop of yoghurt or sour cream or some shaved parmesan, sprinkled with the crumbled pancetta and snipped fennel leaves.



### FOUR TASTY PESTOS

PESTO IS A WONDERFUL WAY TO GET GREENS INTO YOUR DIET. IT'S ALSO EASY TO MAKE AND CAN BE PREPARED IN BULK SO IT'S READY TO ADD TO YOUR MEAL. HERE, I'VE CREATED FOUR LUSH FLAVOUR BOMBS, PLUS SOME FRESH WAYS TO EAT THEM!

Many pesto recipes call for pine nuts, but I tend to use cashews because pine nuts are quite fragile and can go rancid quickly. In all these recipes you can choose to use parmesan, nuts or a combination of both, but if you omit the parmesan, add a little extra salt. If you have some spinach or rocket leaves, feel free to add them to any of the recipes to add extra green love. Each recipe makes 1½ cups (350 ml).

## **CORIANDER PESTO**

Fresh coriander is a herb that is a great natural detoxifier and is anti-inflammatory. Ditto the cayenne pepper.

- 2 cups (75 g) coriander leaves
- 2 medium spring onions, peeled
- 2 cloves garlic, peeled
- 3 tablespoons olive oil
- juice of 1 lime
- ¼ cup (25 g) grated parmesan or ½ cup (75 g) cashews, soaked in water for 1–4 hours and drained
- ¼ teaspoon cayenne pepper
- salt and freshly ground black pepper, to taste

Place all the ingredients in a food processor or blender and process until creamy and smooth. Store in a sealed container in the fridge for up to 1 week, or cover with a layer of oil and freeze.

## **BROCCOLI PESTO**

- 2 cups (350 g) broccoli florets
- 2 medium spring onions, peeled
- 2 cloves garlic, peeled
- 3 tablespoons olive oil

juice of 1 lemon

¼ cup (25 g) grated parmesan or ½ cup (75 g) cashews, soaked in water for 1–4 hours and drained

salt and freshly ground black pepper, to taste

Steam the broccoli florets. Place all the ingredients in a food processor or blender and process until creamy and smooth. Store in a sealed container in the fridge for up to 1 week, or cover with a layer of oil and freeze.

## **KALE PESTO**

Note: I prefer this one with parmesan instead of nuts.

- 1 medium bunch kale, stems removed
- 2 medium spring onions, peeled
- 2 cloves garlic, peeled
- 3 tablespoons olive oil

juice of 1 lemon

¼ cup (25 g) grated parmesan

salt and freshly ground black pepper, to taste

Steam the kale leaves for 2–3 minutes. Place all the ingredients in a food processor or blender and process until creamy and smooth. Store in a sealed container in the fridge for up to 1 week, or cover with a layer of oil and freeze.

## **BASIL PESTO**

I prefer cashews in my basil pesto as they temper the flavour best. I use ½ cup (75 g) cashews in this recipe, but you

can make a less creamy version by reducing the quantity of cashews.

- ½ cup (75 g) cashews, soaked in water for 1–4 hours and drained
- 2 medium spring onions, peeled
- 2 cloves garlic, peeled
- 2 cups (100 g) basil leaves
- 3 tablespoons olive oil
- juice of 1 lemon

salt and freshly ground black pepper, to taste

Place all the ingredients in a food processor or blender and process until creamy and smooth. Store in a sealed container in the fridge for up to 1 week, or cover with a layer of oil and freeze.



## TIP

Want to know how to remove kale stalks? Grab the stalk end and then run your fingers down it in one fluid motion to shear off the leaf. Keep the stalks in the freezer to use in stocks (see <u>here</u>).

## SIX CLEVER WAYS TO EAT YOUR PESTO

# **1** BROCOLLI PESTO QUINOA

½ cup (90 g) broccoli florets dash of thickened cream or ½ ripe avocado 1/3 cup (75 ml) broccoli pesto (see <u>here</u>), plus extra for serving ½ cup (70 g) cooked quinoa (see <u>here</u> – or pasta) olive oil, lemon juice and crumbled feta, to serve

Steam the broccoli florets. Add the cream to the broccoli pesto and blend briefly until creamy and smooth. Toss the quinoa and broccoli florets with the broccoli pesto. To serve, pour some oil over the top, add extra broccoli pesto and a squeeze of lemon juice, and sprinkle with feta.

# 2

## **PESTO AND GOAT'S CHEESE DIP**

Mix pesto with goat's cheese or Homemade Cream Cheese (see <u>here</u>) to make a dip.



## **PESTO FISH**

Dollop a spoonful of pesto on grilled white fish.

# 4

## **FANCY VEGGIES**

Sauté pesto with vegetables such as Brussels sprouts or asparagus.



## **PESTO SANDWICHES**

Spread pesto on rice cakes or toast with a slice of tomato, ham, cheese and courgette.

**6 GREEN EGGS** 

Add pesto to scrambled eggs (see here ).



# **CHEESY GREEN MISH-MASH SOUP**

The best thing about this soup is you don't have to try at all. It's great for using up vegetables that are lying around. Oh, and kids love it. Don't bother cutting the vegetables too precisely and don't worry if you only have, say, broccoli in the fridge – it's all good. Just get the green goodness in and life flows from there. Having said that, a combination of courgettes and broccoli works best. Throw in some celery, too, if you have it including the leaves.

INGREDIENTS

- 1 onion, roughly chopped
- 2 cloves garlic, chopped
- 3 tablespoons coconut oil, ghee or butter
- 6 cups (about 900 g) roughly chopped green vegetables (courgettes, broccoli, celery – whatever you have)
- 1 litre vegetable stock or Basic Chicken Stock (see here)

1 cup (25 g) rocket or watercress (optional)

1 cup (25 g) roughly chopped coriander, basil or flat-leaf parsley leaves

pinch of salt

juice of 1 lemon

½ cup (60 g) crumbled mature cheddar

**BATCH & FREEZE** SERVES 6 METHOD

In a large saucepan, sauté the onion and garlic in the coconut oil. Add the green vegetables and stir for a minute, then pour in the stock and bring to the boil. Reduce the heat and simmer for 10–15 minutes. Stir in the rocket, herbs and salt. Turn off the heat and purée until smooth using a stick blender, or transfer to a blender and pulse. Whisk in the lemon juice and stir through the cheese. Serve hot.

#### VARIATIONS

Instead of the cheese, serve the soup with a dollop of yoghurt or sour cream and a drizzle of olive oil.

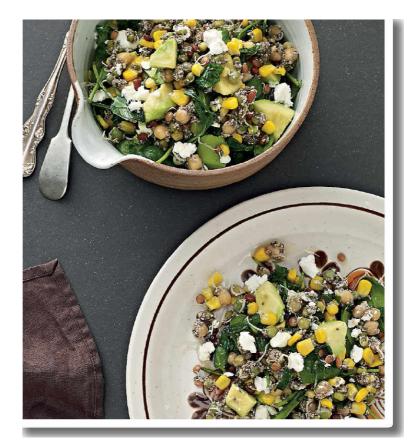
## FIVE GREEN HASH MEALS

I LOVE MAKING A HASH OF MY LUNCH. WHAT'S A HASH MEAL? IT'S A WAY OF COOKING AND EATING THAT I VERY MUCH SUBSCRIBE TO. HASHES ARE ABOUT WORKING WITH THE DENSELY NUTRITIOUS INGREDIENTS YOU HAVE IN THE FRIDGE (OR FREEZER) AND TOSSING THEM TOGETHER IN TASTY WAYS. HASHES ARE ALL ABOUT EFFICIENCY, SUSTAINABILITY AND HEIGHTENED FLAVOUR.

For me hash meals entail mixing up leftovers – meat, beans, vegetables – from the night before, frying them with some cheese and/or an egg, and tossing through fresh herbs for zing. I also like to squeeze a lemon over, to cut through any saturated flavours.

### NOTE

You'll notice that I don't provide precise quantities for these recipes. I use a handful of this or that, or whatever I've got. I suggest you do the same! It's a great opportunity to play and get a little bit loose. You have permission!



One of my favourite vitamin bombs: Warm sprouted pea hash

# **PUMPKIN AND PEPITA HASH**

### INGREDIENTS

pumpkin, chopped into 2 cm chunks

salt

coconut oil

frozen peas

par-cooked-and-frozen broccoli (see here )

ground cinnamon

pumpkin seeds (pepitas)

coconut flakes or shredded coconut

yoghurt

## METHOD

Sauté the pumpkin and salt in coconut oil in a pan. Add the peas and broccoli, cooking for a few minutes until they have thawed and heated through, then add cinnamon. Transfer to a serving bowl. Toss the pumpkin seeds in the same pan and add the coconut right at the end (it toasts super-fast) and cook until golden. Blob some yoghurt onto the vegetable mixture and scatter the coconut and pumpkin seeds on top.

# WARM SPROUTED PEA HASH

#### INGREDIENTS

sprouted legumes (see here )

dash of Basic Chicken Stock (see here ) or liquid aminos

chopped anchovies

crumbled feta

baby spinach leaves

avocado chunks

chia seeds (optional)

frozen sweetcorn kernels (optional)

#### METHOD.

Sauté the sprouted legumes in a little chicken stock (use a block or three from the ice-cube tray, if you have some) and a dash of water. Add the anchovies, then the feta and spinach. Toss quickly to wilt the spinach a little. Add the remaining ingredients, remove from the heat and serve.

## TIP

I toss chia seeds through many of these kind of meals. They soak up any excess liquid and make the meal seem weightier. They also add instant protein and fibre.

# **MUSHROOM HASH**

#### INGREDIENTS

sliced mushrooms thinly sliced ham, torn up eggs, lightly beaten (1–2 per person) milk chia seeds

## METHOD

Sauté the mushrooms and ham in a frying pan until both turn golden, then swirl through some beaten egg, a splash of milk and the chia seeds. Gently stir until the mixture forms a bit of a scramble, then serve.

# TURMERIC, BROCOLLI ANTI-INFLAMMATORY HASH

Feeling a bit blah? Toxic? The greenery and turmeric in this meal will bring things back in balance.

### INGREDIENTS

chopped red onion

parcooked-and-frozen broccoli (see here )

sprouted legumes (optional; see here )

- 1–2 cubes frozen Basic Chicken Stock (see <u>here</u>) or 1–2 teaspoons oil
- a little grated fresh turmeric or turmeric paste (grated turmeric preserved in cider vinegar) or ground turmeric
- eggs (1-2 per person)
- 1 avocado

METHOD

Sauté the onion, broccoli and sprouted legumes in the chicken stock. Stir in the turmeric, then toss through an egg or two, stirring to break up the yolk and disperse it through the vegetables. Once the white starts to firm, stir through the avocado (to warm it). Serve.

# SAUSAGE, WALNUT AND BEETROOT HASH

## INGREDIENTS

- 1 good-quality sausage (I like a pork sausage with fennel seeds)
- 1 small parcooked-and-frozen beetroot (see <u>here</u>), cut into 2 cm cubes, or wedges

red onion or a few spring onions

a few kale leaves, de-veined and finely chopped

splash of cider vinegar

handful of walnuts, preferably activated (see here )

yoghurt and olive oil, to serve

finely chopped preserved lemon (optional), to serve

## METHOD

Cook the sausage in a frying pan until almost done. Remove and chop into 2 cm chunks, then set aside. Add the beetroot, onion and kale to the pan and sauté. Add a little vinegar and stir, scraping any cooked bits from the bottom of the pan. Cook for 3–5 minutes until the kale is soft. Return the sausage to the pan and add the walnuts. Serve with yoghurt and a little oil drizzled over, or combine some preserved lemon, oil and yoghurt and spoon on top.



### TIP

If you don't have kale, you can use beetroot leaves instead.

# ROASTED PEPPER SOUP WITH FINNISH SCONES WITH FINNISH SCONES

This soup, which cleverly packs in nutritious sweetness, is from Maria at the Scandi Foodie blog. Maria's Finnish, ergo the scone addition.

#### INGREDIENTS

2 red peppers, halved and deseeded100 g day-old sourdough bread1 heaped tablespoon almond meal500 ml vegetable stockfreshly ground black pepper

### FINNISH SCONES

1½ cups (175 g) wholemeal spelt flour
1½ teaspoons baking powder
pinch of salt
1 tablespoon olive oil

# SERVES 2 METHOD

Preheat the oven to 220°C (gas 7). Place the pepper halves skin up on a baking tray and roast for 15 minutes or until the skin has slightly blackened. Transfer the peppers to a clean plastic bag. Leave the oven on.

Meanwhile, make the scones. Line a baking tray with baking paper. Combine the flour, baking powder and salt in a bowl. Pour in 180 ml water and the oil and mix with a wooden spoon until smooth. Divide the dough into 2 pieces and place on the baking tray. Pat each piece into a 1 cm thick disc. Using a knife, cut each disc into 4 scones (you don't need to cut all the way to the bottom). Bake for 15 minutes until golden.

When the peppers are cool, peel off and discard the skin. Place the flesh in a food processor or blender with the bread, almond meal, stock and pepper and blitz until smooth. Serve the soup warm or cold with the warm scones.



# **COOLING AVOCADO SOUP**

### INGREDIENTS

1 large ripe avocado or 2 small ripe avocados

2 small cucumbers

1 spring onion, chopped, plus extra to garnish

1 clove garlic, chopped

4 tablespoons coriander leaves

125 ml coconut water

juice of ½ lime

pinch of cayenne pepper or ground cumin

full-fat organic yoghurt, to garnish

### SERVES 2 METHOD

Combine all the ingredients except the yoghurt in a blender or food processor until smooth. If the soup is too thick, add more coconut water. Pour into serving bowls and cover with a plate or cling film. Refrigerate for 1 hour. Serve garnished with a dollop of yoghurt and some chopped spring onions.

# **SWEET POTATO SOUP**

#### INGREDIENTS

1 tablespoon coconut oil

- 1 onion, finely chopped
- 1 teaspoon ground cumin

½ teaspoon ground turmeric

½ teaspoon yellow mustard seeds

pinch of salt

- 1 cup (200 g) red lentils, rinsed (optional if you omit the lentils, add an extra sweet potato)
- 1 medium sweet potato, peeled and cut into chunks

1 tablespoon tamari or liquid aminos

freshly ground black pepper, to taste

### SERVES 2 METHOD

Heat the coconut oil in a heavy-based saucepan. Add the onion, spices and salt and cook for a few minutes. Add the lentils, sweet potato and 120 ml water and simmer for 30 minutes or until the potato is tender. Add a splash more water if needed, to cover. Season the mixture with the tamari and pepper and purée until smooth and thick. Serve hot.





# **SUMMERY QUINOA TABBOLEH**

#### INGREDIENTS

1½ cups (200 g) cooked quinoa (see here)

1 bunch spring onions, chopped

1 red pepper, chopped

1 cup (150g) finely diced cucumber

1 cup (225 g) cherry tomatoes, halved

1 cup (30 g) chopped flat-leaf parsley

½ cup (15 g) chopped mint leaves

½ teaspoon ground cumin

125 ml freshly squeezed lemon juice

1/3 cup (75 ml) extra-virgin olive oil

salt and pepper, to taste

SERVES 4–6 AS A SIDE METHOD

Combine all the ingredients in a large bowl. Allow to sit in the fridge for 1–2 hours before serving.

# PEA, HERB AND ALMOND CRUSH

Maria at the Scandi Foodie blog shared this recipe with me. It's a great vegan toast topper!

#### INGREDIENTS

400 g fresh or frozen peas
1 clove garlic, crushed
1 small bunch chives, roughly chopped
½ cup (50 g) blanched flaked almonds
freshly ground black pepper and salt, to taste
handful of mixed fresh herbs
zest and juice of 1 lime
1 tablespoon extra-virgin olive oil

### MAKES ABOUT 500 G METHOD

Place the peas, garlic, chives and almonds in a saucepan. Add ¼ cup (60 ml) of water and bring to the boil. Season with the salt and pepper and simmer, covered, for 5–10 minutes or until the peas are tender. Purée the mixed herbs, lime zest and juice and oil to a fine paste in a food processor. Add the herb paste to the peas and mash roughly to mix. Serve on top of fish or pasta or spread on toast. Store any leftovers in an airtight container in the fridge.

# **CHICORY SARDINE BOATS**

I love sardines. They're a sustainable fish, dirt-cheap and super-healthy. Forget the tinned ones – buy fresh and tuck into this recipe for some super nutritious fun. You can use toast instead of chicory, if you wish. This is a great breakfast dish and makes a fab hors d'oeuvre, too.

#### INGREDIENTS

6 sardine fillets

½ cup (15 g) finely chopped flat-leaf parsley

1 long red mild chilli, finely chopped

juice and grated zest of & frac12; lemon

2 tablespoons olive oil

4 tablespoons Homemade Cream Cheese (see here)

1 head of chicory

### SERVES 2 METHOD

In a pan grill the sardines on both sides over a medium heat with a little oil. Transfer to a small bowl and smash together with the parsley, chilli to taste, lemon zest and juice, and oil. Pull apart the chicory and top with a spoonful of cream cheese and some sardine mixture.







### IN AN INSTANT, FOR ON-THE-RUN AND FOR STOCKPILING

For a while during my I Quit Sugar journey, my aim in life was to invent the most nutritious, crunchy, satisfying, portable snack using the least number of ingredients and steps. The recipes in this section are all in the running. Snacks on the savoury end of the spectrum, especially those full of good, saturated fats and proteins, are where you want to be heading when you quit sugar. They'll curb cravings and fill you up fast (and provide nutritional oomph), to get you through to your next square meal. Which is the point of a snack, right?

# **ACTIVATED SPICY NUTS**

In the first part of this book I showed you how to make Activated Nuts (see <u>here</u>). Here are some ways to jazz them up into a bona fide snack food.

#### **INGREDIENTS**

- 2 cups (275 g) walnuts
- 2 cups (225 g) almonds
- ½-1 teaspoon each ground cinnamon, ground coriander and cumin
- ½ teaspoon ground turmeric

MAKES 4 CUPS (500 g)

Toss all the spices through the nuts before drying in the oven.

#### VARIATIONS:

### **1. SALT AND VINEGAR ALMONDS**

Lee at the Supercharged Food blog showed me this clever trick for a truly moreish snack. Toss 50 ml cider vinegar and 1 tablespoon salt over 1½ cups (175 g) of almonds just before you put them in the oven.

### **2. MEXICAN PEPITAS**

Toss the juice of 2–3 limes, 3 teaspoons chilli powder and 1 tablespoon salt over 1 cup (150 g) of pumpkin seeds just before you put them in the oven.

#### **3. TAMARI PEPITAS**

After activating the pumpkin seeds, toss 1 cup (150 g) into a frying pan. Add a splash of tamari and stir. The pumpkin seeds will become a gooby, caramely glob pretty quickly, so remove from the heat almost immediately.





# **'SALTED CARAMEL' HALOUMI AND APPLE**

This is a great afternoon snack, or you can serve it with lightly toasted walnuts as a dessert.

#### **INGREDIENTS**

6 x 5-mm-thick slices haloumi 1 green apple, cored and cut into 5 mm wedges pinch of salt sprinkle of ground cinnamon (optional) BATCH & FREEZE SERVE 2 METHOD

Place the haloumi and apple slices in a hot non-stick frying pan. Jiggle the pan a little so the fat from the haloumi coats the apple. Cook on both sides until both the apple and haloumi are a lovely caramel colour. Toss salt and cinnamon (if using) over the lot and serve.

### SOME SUPER SIMPLE SNACKS

#### SOMETIMES YOU JUST NEED SOME NO-FUSS SNACK OPTIONS THAT USE THREE INGREDIENTS OR LESS.



#### **CHICKPEA BOMBS**

- 400 ml can chickpeas (or 1 cup/170 g chickpeas, soaked overnight and cooked)
- 1 tablespoon olive oil
- 1 tablespoon garam masala or ras el hanout

Preheat the oven to 180°C (gas 4). Drain and rinse the chickpeas. Pat dry with kitchen paper and put in a bowl. Add the olive oil and garam masala and toss to coat. Arrange in a single layer on a baking tray and bake for 45 minutes. Allow to cool. Store leftovers in an airtight container. They should keep for about a week.

#### **CHEESY POPPADOMS**

poppadoms grated parmesan cheese Sprinkle the cheese on top of the poppadoms, then microwave for 20 seconds on high.

#### **TOASTY WATER CHESTNUTS**

tinned water chestnuts, drained

coconut, macadamia or sesame oil

Heat in a pan with a little oil until golden. Serve.

NOTE

Tinned water chestnuts are inexpensive and available in the Asian food section of most supermarkets. Cook them in your favourite oil.

#### **DAIKON CHIPS**

2 large daikon

2 tablespoons coconut oil, melted (or sesame or olive oil)

salt and chopped rosemary, to taste

Preheat the oven to 200°C (gas 6) and line a baking tray with baking paper. Cut the daikon into 5 mm slices, using a sharp knife or mandoline. Toss all the ingredients in a bowl to coat the daikon, then arrange on the tray and bake for 20 minutes. Turn off the heat and leave the daikon to sit in the oven for 10 minutes to crisp up. Serve immediately.

#### NOTE

Daikon are large, long white radishes found in Asian food stores. They're often grated over salads in Japanese restaurants. Turnips are a good substitute if you can't find any.

#### **KALE CHIPS**

1 bunch kale or cavolo nero (650 g), stalks removed

1 tablespoon olive oil

pinch of salt

Preheat the oven to 200°C (gas 6). Tear the kale roughly into 4 cm squares. Toss in the oil and salt, then lay on a baking tray and cook for 5–10 minutes until crisp. Can be eaten either hot or cold.

NOTE

Never eat kale stalks – they are too hard to digest. The easiest way to remove the stalks is to grab the stalk end and then run your fingers down it, shearing the leaf off (see <u>here</u>).

#### **SUPERFOOD POPCORN**

small handful of popping corn

knob of butter or coconut oil

1 tablespoon dulse flakes

To make in the microwave, put the popping corn and butter in a brown paper bag and roll down the top to close. Microwave on high for 2 minutes. Add the dulse flakes to the bag and shake. Serve.

To make on the stove, melt the butter in a frying pan. Add the popping corn and cover until the popping slows. Transfer to a serving bowl and toss through the dulse flakes. Serve.

#### VARIATION

For a cheesy flavour, instead of the dulse flakes use 1 tablespoon nutritional yeast and 1 tablespoon tamari or liquid aminos.

## **PARSNIP FRIES**

#### **INGREDIENTS**

3 tablespoons chunky unsalted unsweetened

peanut butter or almond butter

(see <u>here</u> for recipe)

1 tablespoon olive oil

salt, to taste

3 parsnips, peeled and cut into thin sticks

SERVES 1-2

#### METHOD

Preheat the oven to 200°C (gas 6) and line a baking tray with baking paper. Mix the nut butter, oil and salt. Add the parsnips and toss with your hands to coat. Arrange on the baking tray and bake for about 45 minutes until crisp. Serve immediately.

# **POTATO SKINS**

Sally Fallon is a hero of mine, and her *Nourishing Traditions* cookbook is permanently open on my kitchen worktop. She happily shared this recipe with me recently. Sally cooks like your grandmother used to, with full nutritional zing as the focus.

#### INGREDIENTS

4 large baking potatoes

40 g butter, melted

1 cup (115 g) grated cheddar cheese

1 bunch spring onions, finely chopped, to serve (optional)

sour cream, guacamole, crispy bacon bits, to serve (optional)

SERVES 1-2

#### METHOD

Preheat the oven to 180°C (gas 4). Wash and dry the potatoes, then brush with melted butter. Bake until soft. Leave the oven on. Split the potatoes lengthways and scoop out the flesh (use it for mashed potato, or Foolproof Fennel Soup <u>here</u>). Brush the potato skins inside and out with melted butter and bake for about 30 minutes or until crisp. Serve with the cheese sprinkled on the top and, if desired, spring onions, sour cream and other accompaniments.

# **CHEESY BISCUITS**

These use coconut flour, so they are chewy and dense (see <u>here</u>). Two of these and you'll be full as a goog for hours.

INGREDIENTS

½ cup (50 g) almond meal or LSA (or other nut flour)

3 eggs

60 g butter, melted

a good grind or two of salt

generous shake of chilli flakes or paprika

2 cups (225 g) grated cheddar cheese

½-¾ cup (50-75 g) coconut flour, sifted

chopped cherry tomatoes and basil leaves, to serve

🏁 BATCH & FREEZE



#### METHOD

Preheat the oven to 200°C (gas 6) and line a baking tray with baking paper. Blend the almond meal, eggs, butter, salt, chilli and cheese. Add ½ cup (50 g) of the coconut flour and knead the dough until moist and the consistency of playdough. Add a little more flour if necessary. If it seems too dry, add another egg, extra melted butter or a little coconut water. Form the dough into walnut-sized balls and put on a tray. Flatten each ball until 1 cm thick (or less if you want thin crackers). Bake for 15 minutes until golden and crisp, turning once. Serve with chopped cherry tomatoes and basil leaves.

# **MEAL-IN-A-BISCUIT CRACKERS**

Serve these crackers with dips, mashed avocado or Homemade Cream Cheese (see <u>here</u>), or keep some at work for an afternoon crisp fix.

#### INGREDIENTS

½ cup (75 g) chia seeds

½ cup (75 g) sunflower seeds

½ cup (60 g) sesame seeds

½ cup (50 g) almond meal or LSA

2 cloves garlic, crushed

2 teaspoons freshly chopped herbs (I like sage for these)

1 teaspoon dulse flakes (optional)

¼ teaspoon salt

### MAKES 20

#### METHOD

Preheat the oven to 170°C (gas 3) and line a baking tray with baking paper. Combine the seeds and almond meal in a bowl. In a separate bowl, whisk the remaining ingredients with 250 ml water. Pour the liquid mixture onto the seed mixture and stir until thick and combined. Spread the mixture on the tray, pressing down using the back of a spoon, until it is 5 mm thick. Bake for 30 minutes. Remove from the oven, cut into 20 crackers using a knife, flip them over and bake for another 25 minutes. Cool completely on the tray. Store in a sealed container for 2 weeks.





### SUGAR-FREE KIDS

### SOME SERIOUSLY CONVINCING INDULGENCES FOR THE LITTLE ONES.

One of the questions I get asked most is, 'How in the world do I get my kids to go sugar-free?' It's a good, fair question because kids are almost force-fed the stuff from every angle and denying them access can seem cruel. I mean, what to do at kids' parties? What to pack in their lunchboxes that won't leave them the laughing stock on the handball court? And how to navigate the minefield of competing messages that are geared at confused parents?

What to do? Well, I think these recipes are a healthy start.

# **AVOCADO AND COCONUT LOLLIES**

#### INGREDIENTS

1 large ripe avocado

200 ml coconut cream

juice of 1 lime

3 tablespoons coconut water

1 tablespoon rice malt syrup

1 teaspoon chia seeds (preferably white ones)

¼ teaspoon salt

MAKES 6–8 METHOD

Blend all the ingredients in a food processor or use a stick blender. Beat to a creamy liquid. Spoon the mixture into lolly moulds, then insert the sticks. Freeze for at least 4 hours.

\_\_\_\_\_

#### VARIATION

You can also make these with the flesh of a baby coconut rather than avocado, using an additional 3 tablespoons of coconut water.





# **BUTTERFLY CUPCAKES**

My mum used to make these for us as kids. A little bit of novelty can go a long way to making a basic recipe buzz! Of course, you can make them as straightforward cupcakes, too. INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENIS

200 ml milk

1 tablespoon lemon juice or cider vinegar

2 large eggs

3 tablespoons powdered stevia

1¼ cups (145 g) self-raising flour, sifted

¼ cup (25 g) almond meal

2 teaspoons baking powder

1 teaspoon vanilla powder

100 g unsalted butter, softened

2 tablespoons sour cream or yoghurt

CREAM CHEESE ICING

1½ cups (340 g) Homemade Cream Cheese (see here)

3 tablespoons powdered stevia

1 teaspoon natural vanilla extract

3 tablespoons thickened cream

#### MAKES 12

#### NOTE

Use cinnamon shards or cocktail sticks for the butterfly antennae.

#### METHOD

Preheat the oven to 180°C (gas 4) and line a 12-cup muffin tray with paper cases. Combine the milk and lemon juice and let sit for 5 minutes. Blend the eggs and stevia for 5 minutes or until very thick and creamy. Add the flour, almond meal, baking powder, vanilla powder, butter and sour cream. Pour in the milk mixture and beat lightly until well combined. Spoon into the paper cases and bake for 12–15 minutes until firm and a skewer inserted comes out clean. Remove from the oven and cool on wire racks.

To make the icing, blend the cream cheese, stevia and vanilla extract with a stick blender. Add 1 tablespoon of cream at a time until you reach a smooth, creamy consistency. Using a bread knife, cut off the top of each cupcake (the part that extends over the edge of the paper), then cut each cupcake top in half. Spread a layer of icing over each cupcake, then arrange the 2 top pieces to resemble butterfly wings.

### WHAT DO I FEED THE KIDST

### OVER THE PAST THREE YEARS OF VOICING MY SUGAR-FREE MESSAGE I'VE COLLATED SOME TIPS AND SOME GREAT LUNCHBOX IDEAS FROM EXPERTS, FRIENDS AND COMMENTERS ON MY BLOG.

#### LEAD BY EXAMPLE

Don't keep sugar in the house. At all. Avoid talking about it, too. The more that the sugar-free experience is normalised, the more kids will slip into line.

#### GET THE KIDS INVOLVED

Take them shopping and have them to help you find the 'good' sugar-free yoghurt, the cereal with no sugar and have them find the best stuff to eat on the tuckshop menu and when out at restaurants. The more they own the process, the less friction.

#### **BREAKFAST CEREALS**

The best – and possibly only – options are Vita-Brits and Weetabix. Everything else is laden with sugar, apart from a few fruit-free muesli options out there (but check the nutritional label to make sure honey hasn't been added). Trick up these wheat bricks with a sprinkle of my Coco-Nutty Granola (see <u>here</u>).

#### **KEEP FLAVOURS SIMPLE**

Regular reader on my blog and Chinese medicine practitioner (and mum!) Nat Kringoudis recommends using the IQS experience to get kids back to the simple – as in, one or two – flavours they like.

#### **TREAT WITH OTHER THINGS**

My best mate Ragni, who has three kids under seven, says: 'The rod many parents make for themselves is to reward with food ... I try really hard not to do this and to reward them with fun experiences – doing a puzzle, going to the beach, making some pasta together!'

### **AT PARTIES**

Oh dear. This is hard. My only advice – as gleaned from many, many mums and dads – is not to worry about parties. Let them do their thing. And hopefully two things will happen. One, the practices instilled at home will mean your kids will be more focused on playing games than hovering around the fairy bread. Two, after a few mouthfuls of hideous orange fizzy drink they'll feel sufficiently ill and work out they'd really rather have some water instead.

### SOME SIMPLE LUNCHBOX IDEAS

### FROM ME AND FROM READERS OF MY BLOG

- A small container of plain yoghurt with frozen berries (which will keep it cool until mid-morning).
- Cheese and crackers.
- A Chewy Pumpkin and Coconut Muffin (see <u>here</u>) with some Homemade Cream Cheese (see <u>here</u>).
- A zip-lock bag of Coco-Nutty Granola (see here).
- I like the 'Fish and Chips' idea David Gillespie shared with me a while back a small tin of tuna with a small bag of potato chips.
- Celery sticks lined with nut butter (see <u>here</u>). Nicole on my blog adds mung beans on top and calls it a celery log boat (I used to call it ants on a log as a kid).
- A frozen Tetra-pak of coconut water (which will go nice and slushy by lunchtime).
- Lauren says, 'I bake a sweet potato, remove the skin, then add avocado, cinnamon, coconut, even cacao powder. I give it a quick spin in the food processor and my one-and-a-halfyear old goes crazy for it.'
- Sweet coconut chips: coconut flakes lightly toasted with cinnamon (great for after school, too).
- Apple sandwiches. I make these for myself! Almond butter (see <u>here</u>) spread between apple slices, or a chunk of cheese between two slices of apple.
- Blog reader Nat carries hard-boiled eggs in her bag at all times for her younger kids.
- Wrap slices of ham around a pickle, cucumber or avocado.
- Seaweed snacks. You can find these little packets in Asian grocers great for a 'something in a packet' fix.
- Kimberly suggests guacamole (just mash avocado and lime juice) and vegetable sticks. She gets her sons to mash the

guacamole.

- Superfood Popcorn (see recipe <u>here</u>). My mum used to do this when I was a kid and microwaves were first invented. I loved it because the brown paper bag made it very 'tuckshop-ish'.
- Connie makes Vegemite mixed in with cream cheese or ricotta.
- Sugar snap peas.
- A great afternoon snack idea from <u>www.firstourselves.org</u> : corn tortillas with hot melted cheddar cheese. Place on a baking tray and stick them under the grill until they're warm and the cheese is melted and bubbly.

# **ZEST-AND-POPPY COOKIES**

#### INGREDIENTS

2 tablespoons grapeseed oil

1½ tablespoons granulated stevia

1 tablespoon vanilla powder

1 tablespoon grated lemon zest

1¾ cups (175 g) almond meal

pinch of salt

1 tablespoon poppyseeds

1 egg white, lightly beaten

### MAKES 12-16

### METHOD

Preheat the oven to 180°C (gas 4). In a large bowl, combine the oil, stevia, vanilla powder and lemon zest. Add the almond meal, salt and poppyseeds and work with your fingers for a good 5 minutes to release the oil in the meal and form a good dough. Roll out the dough to about 1.5 cm thick, then cut into shapes using a cookie cutter. Brush with the egg white to give the cookies a pretty gloss. Bake for 6–8 minutes until light golden brown around the edges.

#### TIPS

Use a bunny-shaped cutter to make Easter cookies.

If you can't be bothered with cookie cutters, roll the dough into balls and squish them flat instead.





# **CHOCOLATE NUT BUTTER CUPS**

You know those junky peanut butter cups you can buy? Well, these are same-same-but-way-better. The coconut cream in this recipe makes the 'chocolate' smoother. Interestingly, I find the more coconut cream you use, the harder the chocolate texture.

#### **INGREDIENTS**

½ cup (120 g) coconut oil, melted

½ cup (60 g) raw cacao powder

1 tablespoon rice malt syrup

2 tablespoons coconut cream

4 tablespoons peanut, macadamia or almond spread

large pinch of sea salt

MAKES APPROX. 20–25 METHOD

Arrange small paper cases on a tray. Combine the coconut oil and cacao powder until smooth, then stir in the syrup and coconut cream. Pour a thin layer into the bottom of the paper cases. Freeze for 5 minutes, then remove from the freezer and spoon 1/3 teaspoon nut spread into each one. Pour the remaining cacao mixture on top and scatter sea salt over. Refrigerate for 30 minutes until set (or, if you're short of time, freeze them). Eat straight from the fridge – these will melt at room temperature.

### TRY THESE DELICIOUS VARIATIONS:

### **1. COCONUT BUTTER CUPS**

Make a coconut version by using a small ball of coconut butter (see <u>here</u>) instead of the nut spread.

### **2. PEPPERMINT PATTIES**

Make peppermint patties by adding a few drops of peppermint oil (to taste) to small balls of coconut butter (see <u>here</u>) instead of the nut spread.

### **3. BERRY CUPS**

Make a berry version by placing a frozen raspberry in the middle instead of the nut spread.

## **SUGAR-FREE NUT-ELLA**

The processed version of this spread is a dire sugar explosion. This one, though, will fool even the most sceptical child.

INGREDIENTS

1 cup (135 g) hazelnuts

125 ml coconut milk

80 ml rice malt syrup

1 tablespoon macadamia oil (or coconut oil)

¼ cup (30 g) raw cacao powder

1 tablespoon vanilla powder

MAKES ABOUT 1 cup (135 g) METHOD

Preheat the oven to 180°C (gas 4). Bake the hazelnuts on a tray for 8–10 minutes until browned. Rub off most of the skins as they can be bitter (you don't have to be too precise). Grind the nuts in a food processor until smooth. Add the remaining ingredients and process until well mixed. Add extra coconut milk if you want more of a 'sauce' consistency. Store in the fridge for several weeks.

# **FLUFFY CARROT MOUSSE**

#### **INGREDIENTS**

coconut oil, butter or ghee for greasing

5-6 cups (900 g) chopped carrot

¼ cup (25 g) almond meal

3 eggs

2 tablespoons rice malt syrup

½ teaspoon ground nutmeg

½ teaspoon ground cinnamon

1 tablespoon grated orange zest

### SERVES 4

### METHOD

Preheat the oven to 180°C (gas 4) and lightly grease a small baking dish. Steam the carrots for 15–20 minutes until soft. Transfer to a blender and blend with the remaining ingredients until smooth. Pour the lot into the baking dish and bake for 1 hour until browned around the edges and done in the centre. Serve warm straight from the oven or allow to cool, then refrigerate overnight and serve cold.

#### VARIATION

Whip up a batch and pour into individual ovenproof cups or ramekins for after-school afternoon tea.





# **SWEET POTATO CASSEROLE**

As well as a dessert, this is a great side dish for 'special-ish' occasions or an easy Sunday night no-fuss meal.

#### INGREDIENTS

coconut oil, butter or ghee for greasing

3 cups (750 ml) Sweet Potato Purée (see here)

3 tablespoons Homemade Almond Milk (see here)

1 tablespoon rice malt syrup

1 teaspoon vanilla powder

pinch of salt

½ cup (75 g) chopped pecans, preferably activated (see <u>here</u>)

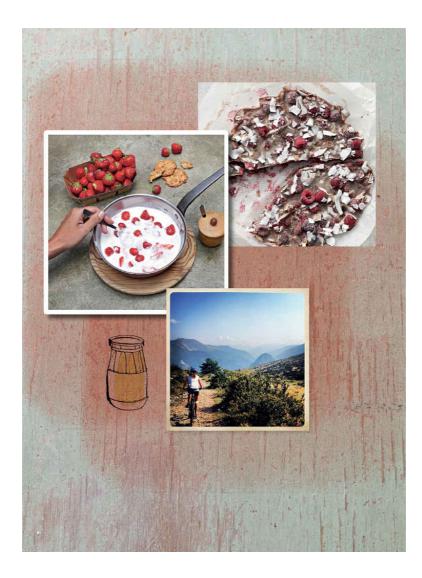
1 teaspoon ground cinnamon

½ teaspoon ground ginger

½ teaspoon ground allspice

### SERVES 4–6 METHOD

Preheat the oven to 180°C (gas 4) and lightly grease a small baking dish. Combine the sweet potato, almond milk, syrup, vanilla powder and salt and pour into the baking dish. Toss the remaining ingredients in a small bowl, then sprinkle evenly on top of the sweet potato mixture. Bake for 30 minutes. Serve immediately, with cream if having for dessert.



## SWEET TREATS

### SWEET AND SUGAR-FREE. IN FACT, ALL THESE SIMPLE SNACKS ARE GOOD ENOUGH TO EAT FOR BREAKFAST

The recipes I've assembled here are the kinds of things you can make in an instant when a craving hits. They look and taste like explosive indulgences, but on closer inspection contain highly nutritious ingredients – coconut, nuts, cream, low-fructose fruit and raw cacao. Many of the recipes are also left uncooked, leaving the crucial enzymes intact. That said, they are designed to take the place of your sweet treats of yore, so they're still occasional indulgences, not meal substitutes, OK?

# **ALMOND BUTTER BARK**

This is one of my favourite treats. Hand it out to fans of salted caramel and see if it doesn't make them smile in blissful surprise.

#### INGREDIENTS

1/3 cup (75 g) coconut oil, melted

4 tablespoons almond spread, slightly warmed or melted

2 tablespoons coconut flakes

2 teaspoons rice malt syrup

pinch of rock salt, ground

handful of cacao nibs or dark (85% cacao) chocolate shavings

# MAKES 12–15 SHARDS METHOD

Line a baking tray with baking paper. Combine the oil, almond spread, coconut flakes and syrup in a bowl. Spread on the tray and sprinkle with salt and cacao nibs. Freeze for about 20 minutes, then snap into shards. Store in an airtight container in the fridge (the shards will melt if left out at room temperature).

#### VARIATION

If you don't have any almond spread, make some by combining 80 g softened butter and 1/3 cup (40 g) almond meal or LSA.

# **CANDIED PECANS**

INGREDIENTS

butter for greasing

3 egg whites

pinch of salt

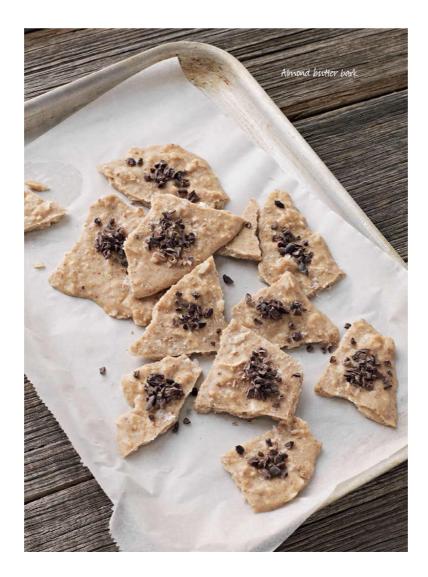
1/3 cup (75 ml) rice malt syrup

1 tablespoon vanilla powder

4 cups (450 g) pecans

MAKES 4 CUPS (450 g) METHOD

Preheat the oven to 80°C (gas 1/4) and grease 2 baking trays with butter. In a clean dry bowl, beat the egg whites with the salt. Slowly beat in the syrup and vanilla powder, then fold in the pecans until they are well coated. Spread on the trays and place in the oven for several hours until the egg-white coating hardens. Store in an airtight container in the fridge for 2 weeks.



# **GRAPEFRUTTI- TUTTI CAKE**

### INGREDIENTS

ghee for greasing

zest and juice of 1 grapefruit (you need 80 ml juice)

80 ml rice malt syrup

125 ml Homemade Almond Milk (see here ) or other milk

3 large eggs, lightly beaten

125 ml extra-virgin olive oil (or 80 ml olive oil + 80 ml melted coconut oil)

½ cup (50 g) millet flour

½ cup (50 g) brown rice flour or quinoa flour

¼ cup (25 g) coconut flour

¼ cup (30 g) arrowroot

1½ teaspoons baking powder

¼ teaspoon bicarbonate of soda

¼ teaspoon salt

### MAKES 1 CAKE METHOD

Preheat the oven to 180°C (gas 4). Grease and line a 23 cm square tin with baking paper. Alternatively grease a bundt tin. Stir the grapefruit zest into the syrup and set aside to steep. Mix the grapefruit juice with the milk and add to the zest-infused syrup, whisking. Stir the eggs and oil into the zest and syrup mixture.

Sift the remaining ingredients. Add this to the zest and syrup mixture, gradually stirring until the lumps disappear and the mixture thickens. Pour the mixture into the tin and bake for 45 minutes. Remove from the oven and cool on a rack.

# **CHEWY QUINOA MACAROONS**

#### INGREDIENTS

3 large or 4 medium egg whites

80 ml rice malt syrup

1½ cups (150 g) shredded coconut

1 cup (135 g) cooked quinoa (see here)

pinch of salt

## MAKES ABOUT 12 METHOD

Whisk the egg whites and syrup. Stir in the coconut, quinoa and salt and place in the fridge for 1 hour. Preheat the oven to 170°C (gas 3) and line a baking tray with baking paper. Scoop the quinoa mixture into 'blobs' and arrange on the tray. Use your fingers to mould the blobs into small domes. Bake for 15 minutes until golden brown. Cool.

# **SWEET POTATO TRUFFLE BALLS**

### INGREDIENTS

- 1 cup (250 ml) Sweet Potato Purée (see here)
- 3 tablespoons coconut oil, softened
- 2 tablespoons coconut cream
- 1 tablespoon coconut flour

1 teaspoon granulated stevia or 1-2 teaspoons rice malt syrup

pinch of salt

handful of shredded coconut (toasted if you like)

## MAKES ABOUT 16 METHOD

Combine all the ingredients except the shredded coconut, stirring well. Cover and refrigerate for at least 1 hour. Scoop out teaspoonfuls and roll into balls, then roll in coconut. Store in the fridge for a week.

# **SPIRULINA AND SESAME BALLS**

#### INGREDIENTS

- 1 cup (about 125 g) nuts (almonds or brazil nuts are best), preferably activated (see <u>here</u>)
- 125 ml almond spread
- ½ cup (125 g) tahini

½ cup (50 g) almond meal

4 tablespoons sesame seeds, plus extra for coating

1 tablespoon spirulina powder

1 teaspoon granulated stevia

MAKES ABOUT 12 METHOD

Line a baking tray with baking paper. Roughly chop the nuts in a food processor. Combine all the ingredients in a bowl, mixing until smooth. Add extra almond meal if the mixture feels a bit wet, or extra tahini if it feels a bit dry. Grab small handfuls and roll into balls, then roll in the extra sesame seeds to coat. Place on the tray and refrigerate for 1 hour. The balls will keep for several weeks.





# **SIMPLY SWEET BISCUITS**

### INGREDIENTS

- 2½ cups (250 ml) almond meal
- ½ teaspoon bicarbonate of soda
- ½ teaspoon sea salt
- 120 g butter, softened
- 1/3 cup (75 g) powdered stevia
- 1 teaspoon vanilla powder

### MAKES ABOUT 30 METHOD

Preheat the oven to 180°C (gas 4) and line a baking tray with baking paper. Pulse the almond meal, bicarbonate of soda and salt briefly in a food processor. Add the butter, stevia and vanilla powder and blend a little more. Spoon heaped tablespoons of the mixture onto the baking tray and press down with your hand to flatten. Bake for about 8 minutes until golden. Cool on wire racks.

THREE LOVELY VARIATIONS:

### **1. MOCHA CHIP COOKIES**

Add ½ cup (60 g) sugar-free chocolate chopped into small chunks (or ½ cup (60 g) cacao nibs), 3 tablespoons raw cacao powder and 1½ tablespoons ground coffee to the mixture.

### 2. SOPHISTICATED LAVENDER SNAPS

Add 2 teaspoons finely chopped dried lavender and 1 tablespoon finely grated orange zest, and blend for an extra 10 seconds.

### **3. GINGERBREAD CHEWS**

Add 1 tablespoon ground ginger, 1 teaspoon ground nutmeg, 1 teaspoon ground cinnamon and 1 tablespoon finely grated orange zest, and blend for an extra 10 seconds.

#### FOUR REALLY SIMPLE COCONUTTY CREATIONS

BY NOW YOU ARE PROBABLY VERY AWARE THAT I ADVOCATE GETTING WELL SETTLED ON THE COCONUT TRAIN WHEN QUITTING SUGAR. HERE ARE SOME FUN WAYS TO DO SO.

## **COCONUT BUTTER**

This is the cheapest, easiest, most nutritious and damn tastiest thing in this book. The processing takes some patience with a regular food processor or blender, but be sure not to give up before the mixture turns runny – it simply won't taste the same. Also, always use a whole packet of coconut: the recipe doesn't work with small quantities because the lack of volume means it won't 'take' to the blender.

#### **INGREDIENTS**

1 packet shredded coconut (bigger is better)

MAKES 1 JAR

#### TIP

Pour the coconut butter into small paper cases or moulds or into an ice-cube tray, and keep in the fridge to use as a white chocolate truffle-ish indulgence.

#### METHOD

Using a food processor, process for about 15 minutes (or, if you have a high-powered blender, about 2 minutes) until a runny butter forms. Scrape the sides of the bowl as necessary. Store in a jar either at room temperature or in the fridge, depending on the season and climate. Use as a soft spreadable paste on toast, sprinkled with salt – if you store the coconut butter in the fridge, you'll need to 'cut out' a chunk and soften it at room temperature before using. Alternatively, melt and pour on a pancake with berries that you've simply stewed in their own juices.



# **COCONUT CHOCOLATE BUTTER**

You might want to make this in bulk and store it in ice-cube trays so you can pull out one or two for toast, pancakes or a smoothie, or for a little ganachey treat with your tea in the afternoon.

INGREDIENTS

3 tablespoons coconut oil, softened or melted

1½ teaspoons raw cacao powder

2 tablespoons hazelnut meal (optional)

\* BATCH & FREEZE SERVES 2 METHOD

Using a teaspoon, mix all the ingredients in a small cup until blended (the cacao powder requires a bit of 'smashing' to ensure all the lumps disappear). Refrigerate or freeze until firm.

# **CARAMELISED COCONUT CHIPS**

INGREDIENTS

1 cup (75 g) coconut flakes (the big chunky ones)

¼ teaspoon salt

pinch of ground cinnamon

MAKES 1 BIG BOWL METHOD

Toast the flakes in a non-stick frying pan over medium–high heat for 2–3 minutes until they are a nice toasty colour. Stir frequently so they don't burn. Transfer to a bowl and toss through the salt and cinnamon. Allow to cool, then store in an airtight container.

# **CHOCOLATE COCONUT NUT BALLS**

These balls are foolproof. A tip though: the more you mix the nuts and oil/butter, the better the balls will 'hold'.

#### INGREDIENTS

2½ cups (about 300g) nuts (almonds or brazil nuts are best), preferably activated (see <u>here</u>)

125 ml almond spread

½ cup (50 g) raw cacao powder (or to taste)

2 large handfuls of shredded coconut

100-120 g salted butter, softened

4-5 heaped tablespoons coconut oil, softened

vanilla powder or liquorice root tea or granulated

stevia or ground cinnamon, to taste (choose the flavour you prefer)

#### FILLERS (OPTIONAL)

almond meal, LSA, chia seeds, protein powder, maca powder, acai powder

## MAKES ABOUT 24 METHOD

Line a baking tray with baking paper. Roughly chop the nuts in a food processor. Blend all the ingredients in a bowl, using a metal spoon to splodge the coconut oil and butter through the dry stuff. Don't be precise – throw in what feels right. Add any fillers you have to hand or have a soft spot for. The mixture will become quite wet because the coconut oil will turn liquid. Add one or more of the dry filler ingredients to adjust the consistency (chia seeds do this super well) if you need or want to, and if you happen to have them in the fridge. Grab small handfuls, roll into balls and place on the tray. Stick in the fridge for 1 hour to set before eating. The balls will keep for several weeks.

# **MY RASPBERRY RIPPLE**

This would have to be one of the most popular recipes I've created. It's appeared on TV several times and has made cameos all over social media.

INGREDIENTS

- 1/3 cup (50 g) frozen raspberries
- 1/3 cup (40 g) shredded coconut (or coconut flakes for a chunkier version)
- 1/3 cup (75 g) coconut oil

80 g salted butter

2 tablespoons raw cacao powder or cocoa

2-3 tablespoons rice malt syrup

# SERVES 6–8 METHOD

Line a dinner plate or baking tray with baking paper (a dinner plate is ideal as the slight indent creates a good shape). Scatter the berries and coconut on the plate or baking tray. Melt the oil and butter in a saucepan or in the microwave (the oil takes longer to melt, so add the butter a little after), then stir in the cacao powder and syrup. Pour over the berries and pop into the freezer for 30 minutes until firm. To serve, either break into shards or cut into wedges.

#### NOTE

Be sure to use salted butter in this recipe – it gives a lovely kick.





## DESSERTS

### SOME PRETTY DESSERTS AND BAKED GOODNESS

I've made all the recipes in this section for various special occasions, and they have never failed to convert a sugar addict or two. However, a little word before we start. Most of these contain sweeteners: fruit, rice malt syrup, dextrose or stevia. They're great as true treats – that is, occasional indulgences – so proceed with a little caution.

### **TIPS FOR: SAFE SWEETENERS**

Now might be a good time to re-familiarise yourself with the various safe sugar alternatives and how much to use. They differ a lot. (See <u>here</u> for details.)



# **CRUNCHY NUT CHEESECAKE**

I made this cake one hot afternoon with my friend Claire. We just added bits of this and that until we got the right consistency. We dropped the base at one point (and mooshed it back together) and didn't have a temperature gauge on the oven, and still it worked out a treat. Proof that you can't stuff it up! Be sure to allow the cheesecake to cool for several hours before serving, otherwise it can taste too eggy.

#### INGREDIENTS

- 750 g Homemade Cream Cheese (see <u>here</u>), at room temperature
- 2 tablespoons yoghurt or sour cream
- 3 tablespoons coconut cream
- 125 ml rice malt syrup (or to taste)

1 egg

dash of vanilla powder

small handful of pistachios and toasted coconut flakes, to serve (optional)

### BASE

1 cup (125 g) shelled pistachios or hazelnuts

1 cup (100 g) shredded or desiccated coconut

1 cup (100 g) almond meal or other nut meal or LSA

120 g unsalted butter, softened

### SERVES 6-8

#### METHOD

Preheat the oven to 170°C (gas 3) and line the sides and base of a 23 cm spring-form tin with baking paper. To make the cheesecake base, grind the nuts in a food processor until semifine. Add the coconut, almond meal and butter and rub with your fingers to make a dough. The more you rub, the more you'll release the oils in the nuts and achieve the right consistency. Add more butter if required. Press into the tin, covering the base and sides to an even thickness (about 5 mm). Bake for 5–8 minutes until starting to turn golden. Remove and allow to cool completely.

Combine the cream cheese, yoghurt, coconut cream, syrup, egg and vanilla powder in a large bowl. Don't over-mix, and try to keep the aeration to a minimum while stirring (too much air will make the filling puff up and then collapse during cooking). Spoon into the cold base and return to the oven for 20–30 minutes or until the mixture pulls away from the base a little and the centre is custard-like (don't overcook). Place in the fridge for at least 2 hours to firm before serving.

## **PUMPKIN PIE WITH CREAM**

Don't be impatient when making this one. It's much better when it's cooked properly (it should look like a baked custard when you remove it from the oven). Also, be sure to leave it to cool for a good few hours (to allow it to set right). In fact, it's actually nicer the next day when it has set fully. It also works well frozen and thawed just a little.

### **INGREDIENTS**

3 eggs

125 ml rice malt syrup

1½ cups (375 ml) Pumpkin Purée (see here)

180 ml cream, plus extra to serve

1 tablespoon grated fresh ginger

1 teaspoon ground cinnamon

¼ teaspoon ground nutmeg

¼ teaspoon ground cloves

1 teaspoon salt

1–2 tablespoons arrowroot

grated zest of 1 lemon

### CRUST

60 g butter, melted

2 cups (200 g) almond or hazelnut meal (or a combination of both, or use LSA)

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1 teaspoon salt
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# SERVES 6-8

### METHOD

Preheat the oven to 180°C (gas 4). To make the crust, combine the melted butter, nut meal and salt in a 22 cm pie dish and mix well. (I find the crust 'holds' better the more you work it, as this releases the oils in the nut meal.) Press the mixture into the bottom and sides of the dish to make a pie crust. If there isn't quite enough mixture, throw in a bit more of both butter and meal. Cook in the oven for 5–8 minutes until it just starts to turn golden. Remove from the oven and let cool fully (refrigerate or freeze it if you are short of time).

Cream the eggs and syrup, then blend in the rest of the ingredients until the mixture is the consistency of thin custard. If it's a bit too runny, add extra arrowroot. Gently pour the filling into the cold crust and bake for 45–55 minutes or until the centre of the pie is set (when it starts to crack away from the base a little). Remove from the oven and cool completely before putting in the fridge. Serve with cream.

See variations next page.



## PUMPKIN PIE VARIATIONS

### **DAIRY-FREE PUMPKIN PIE WITH COCONUT**

Make as for Pumpkin Pie with Cream (see here ) but:

- use coconut oil instead of butter in the crust
- use less rice malt syrup (about 4 tablespoons)
- use coconut cream instead of cream.

### **FIVE-SPICE PUMPKIN PIE**

One clever thing: instead of the spices, you can use 1½ tablespoons of a five-spice mix that includes fennel and mandarin peel. I usually add an extra dose of ground cinnamon, too.

### **PUMPKIN PIE PUDDINGS WITH NUT CRUNCH**

These are great for after-school snacks for the kids. Make up the filling as for Pumpkin Pie with Cream (see <u>here</u>). Pour into small ovenproof cups or ramekins and bake for 35–40 minutes. Make up a quarter of the amount of the crust mixture, spread on a baking tray and bake at the same time as the filling for 10 minutes until golden. Sprinkle the crust on top of the puddings to serve. Cover any puddings you can't eat straight away with cling film and freeze.

# MAKES 8–12 MINI PUDDINGS

### NOTE

Instead of the nut crunch, you may wish to simply serve it with a spoonful of yoghurt on top.

# **BLUEBERRY QUINOA CRUMBLE**

### INGREDIENTS

1 cup (about 150 g) nuts and seeds (pecans, almonds, pumpkin seeds, sunflower kernels, sesame seeds – any combination will work)

1 cup (135 g) cooked quinoa (see here)

¼ cup (25 g) shredded coconut

pinch salt

80 ml rice malt syrup

3 tablespoons butter or coconut oil, melted

½ teaspoon vanilla powder (optional)

3-4 cups (about 400 g) fresh or frozen blueberries

yoghurt, to serve

# SERVES 6-8

### METHOD

Preheat the oven to 180°C (gas 4). Using a food processor, roughly chop the nuts and seeds (they should still be a little chunky). Add the quinoa, coconut and salt and pulse a few times to combine. Combine the syrup and butter in a large bowl, then add the quinoa mixture and stir. Arrange the berries in a baking dish, sprinkle with vanilla powder (if using) and scatter the quinoa mixture over. Bake for 20 minutes until golden. Serve warm with yoghurt.

### **STRAWBERRY GRANITA**

Could there be a simpler, prettier dessert? Jane Kennedy, comedian and cookbook author, and I both say no. Jane says she has experimented with this recipe a bit, but it is now perfect. She tells me it's all about using the most luscious organic strawberries you can find.

### **INGREDIENTS**

2 cups (300 g) strawberries



### METHOD

Tip the strawberries into a blender or food processor and whizz until smooth. Pour into a rectangular container and freeze. Every few hours, remove from the freezer and beat lightly with a fork to mix in the frozen crystals. By the time the granita is frozen firm, it should be granular. Remove from the freezer 10–15 minutes before serving. It looks best served in glass – champagne cups (not flutes) are perfect!

# **DAIRY-FREE COCONUT ICE CREAM**

I posted this recipe from Lee Holmes from the Supercharged Foods blog on my site a while ago, and boy, did the crowd love it. Lee suggests serving the ice cream with toasted coconut flakes, mint leaves and a cinnamon stick. For a creamier ice cream, use 6 egg yolks.

### INGREDIENTS

500 ml cold Homemade Almond Milk (see here)

- 2 teaspoons powdered gelatine
- 4 egg yolks
- 4 tablespoons almond pulp (left over from making the almond milk)
- 400 ml coconut cream
- 4 tablespoons coconut flakes
- 12 drops liquid stevia
- 2 teaspoons natural vanilla extract

pinch of salt

### SERVES 4-6

### METHOD

Have ready a sink of iced water. Pour the almond milk into a small saucepan and sprinkle over the gelatine. Leave until the gelatine softens. Put the saucepan over low heat and stir until the milk has heated through and the gelatine has dissolved. Remove the saucepan from the heat and place in the sink of iced water until the milk cools to room temperature. Blend the egg yolks until pale, about 1 minute. Add the almond pulp, coconut cream, coconut flakes, stevia, vanilla and salt and process until well combined. Add the gelatine milk and blend for a few more seconds. Refrigerate until chilled, then pour into an ice-cream maker and churn following the manufacturer's instructions. Store in the freezer for up to 2 weeks. The ice cream will be quite hard when it comes out of

the freezer, so leave at room temperature to soften for 15 minutes before serving.

#### NOTE

If you don't have an ice-cream maker, pour the mixture into a container and place in the freezer for 1½ hours. Mix with a stick blender or fork, then return to the freezer for 1 hour. Blend again to break up the ice crystals (these make the ice cream more icy than creamy). Freeze until required.

# AVOCADO AND CHOCOLATE MOUSSE

I like to experiment with this recipe – for example, you might like it with less cacao powder. The chia seeds make it nice and thick and have a texture like choc chips.

### INGREDIENTS

2 ripe avocados

125 ml chilled coconut cream (it needs to be firm)

¼-½ cup (25-50 g) raw cacao powder

1 tablespoon chia seeds

1-2 teaspoons granulated stevia or 2 teaspoons rice malt syrup

1 teaspoon vanilla extract or a sprinkle of vanilla powder

½ teaspoon ground cinnamon

pinch of sea salt

# SERVES 4-6

### METHOD

Whizz all the ingredients in a blender until smooth. Scoop the mousse into small serving dishes, such as antique teacups (I use little Chinese teacups), and put in the fridge to chill for at least 2 hours.

# **CHOC BERRY MUD**

This chocolaty dessert is gloriously simple and 100% nutritious, and it tastes as good as any sorbet I've eaten – perhaps a little creamier, even! You can use the quantities given here to make four smaller serves, if you prefer. Pour into little teacups and freeze, then you can pull one out, let it thaw for about an hour, and eat on a hot afternoon when you 'need' chocolate.

### **INGREDIENTS**

½ cup (75 g) frozen berries

½ medium ripe avocado

1 cup (30 g) baby spinach leaves

4 tablespoons raw cacao powder

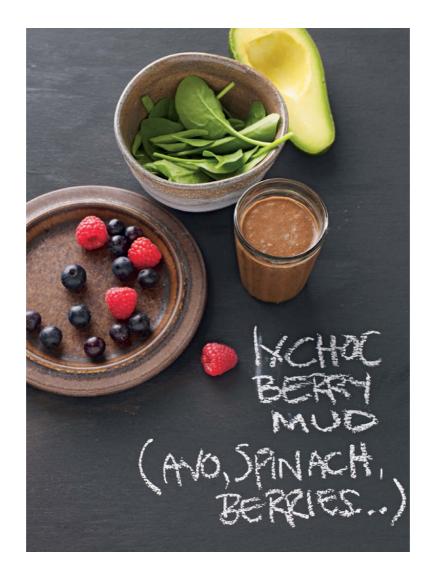
½ teaspoon granulated stevia

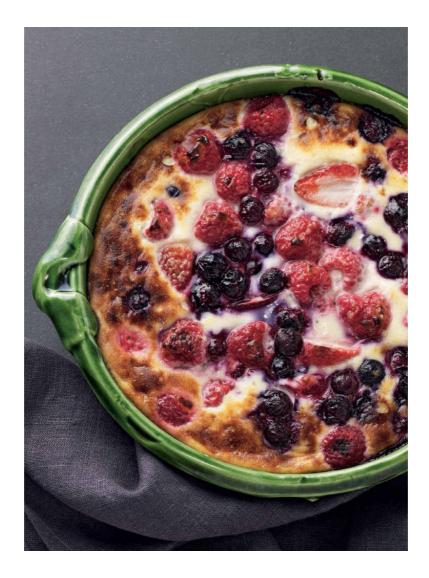
pinch of vanilla powder

2 trays ice cubes

# SERVES 2

Blend all the ingredients using a blender, preferably a highpowered one. If you're using a regular blender or stick blender, add a little water. Pour into bowls and serve immediately.





# BERRIES WITH CARAMELISED CREAM

Gwyneth Paltrow kindly shared this recipe with me. She says she invented it as a fridge surprise when she didn't have time to make a cobbler, saying, 'I just adjusted the sweetener.' It takes her 7 minutes to make, she reckons. Time yourself!

### INGREDIENTS

500 g blueberries, blackberries and/or raspberries

250 g mascarpone

2 tablespoons sour cream

2 tablespoons double cream

1 large egg, plus 1 egg white

3 tablespoons granulated stevia

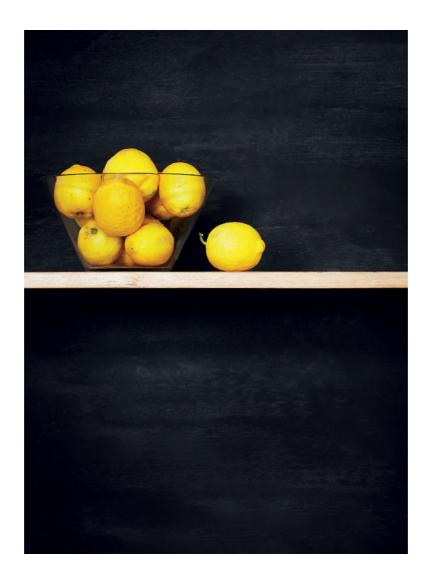
seeds from 1 vanilla pod

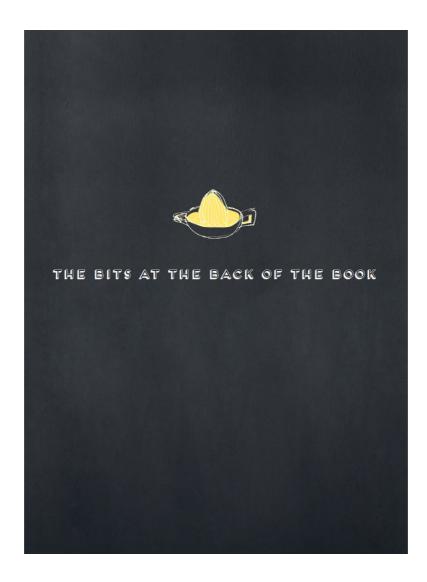
pinch of salt

SERVES 4-6

### METHOD

Preheat the grill and put the oven shelf in the middle or lower half of the grill compartment. Put the berries in a pie dish or casserole dish. Whisk together the remaining ingredients until completely smooth, then pour over the berries. Put the dish under the grill and cook for 5–10 minutes until the topping is just browned and caramelised. Serve immediately.





### THE SHOPPING LIST

This is not a comprehensive list of ingredients and it doesn't include fresh produce. It's the stuff that's best to have at hand when quitting sugar (for quick snacks and the like) and for cooking the bulk of the recipes.

PLEASE REMEMBER THIS!

### I've streamlined things so there's no wastage or superfluous, random ingredients you'll never use again!

### **IN YOUR LARDER**

- Chia seeds
- Coconut flakes
- Tinned tuna and other tinned fish
- Ground cinnamon
- Sea salt
- Vanilla: I like to use the powder (organic), but extract form is OK.

### **IN YOUR FRIDGE**

- Haloumi cheese (choose organic varieties where possible; store leftover chunks in a container filled with water)
- Other types of unprocessed cheese: I like to work with goat's cheese quite a bit it goes well with nuts and cinnamon. But your choice.
- Nut paste: macadamia, almond, peanut (not the processed kind), cashew. Buy one at a time and work out which one you like best.
- Tahini
- Eggs. Always free-range organic.
- Yoghurt: full-fat and unflavoured. Try different types Greek styles, sheep's milk, goat's milk.

- Avocados
- Sliced meat: chicken, turkey, ham
- Coconut water
- Coconut cream (yes, best stored in the fridge!)
- Organic butter (never margarine)

**IN YOUR FREEZER** 

- Activated nuts (see <u>here</u>)
- Vegetables: broccoli, beetroot, pumpkin, onion (see here)
- Frozen berries

OILS

- Coconut
- Olive
- Nut oils: this is optional, but you might like to try some of the 'sweeter' varieties, like macadamia oil (my favourite) for pouring over yoghurt, cheese, vegetables.

**CONDIMENTS** 

- Mustard: French, seeded, Dijon your choice.
- Mayonnaise: whole egg only
- Tamari
- Cider vinegar

**SWEETENERS** 

- Rice malt syrup
- Stevia: I recommend finding a granulated version that can be used in a 1:1 manner.

TEAS

- Chai
- Dandelion or rooibos
- Herbal blends containing cinnamon, fennel, nutmeg, liquorice
- Green tea

### **BAKING BITS**

- Coconut flour
- Raw cacao powder

RESOURCES

# IF YOU ENJOYED MY BOOK AND WANT TO KNOW MORE:

 VISIT MY WEBSITE, <u>iquitsugar.com</u>
 FOR ADVICE, TIPS AND TRICKS, RECIPES AND MORE.

READ MY BLOG, <u>sarahwilson.com</u> FOR MY LATEST POSTS AND MORE RECIPES AND TIPS.

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OR FIND ME ON FACEBOOK ON MY IQS PAGE
 (a) <u>http://www.facebook.com/i.quit.sugar</u>

CHECK OUT MY PINTEREST FEED FOR MORE RECIPE INSPIRATIONS

(a) <u>http://pinterest.com/sarahwilson108/</u>

I ALSO SHARE SUGAR-FREE FINDS ON INSTAGRAM

@ http://followgram.me/\_sarahwilson\_

CONTRIBUTORS

### A FEW SPECIAL FOLK KINDLY KICKED IN A SUGAR-FREE RECIPE.

If you liked their creation, you should check out their respective books, blogs and bytes.

### AGGIE BEER

Maggie is a legend and arguably Australia's best-loved food personality. We met at a Happiness and Its Causes conference where I was chairing and Maggie was talking about food and happiness. She's a fan of whole-food eating and her cookbooks – including *Maggie's Farm*, *Maggie's Orchard*, *Maggie's Table*, *Maggie's Harvest*, *Maggie's Kitchen*, and her most recent, *Maggie's Verjuice Cookbook* – reflect her earthy values. She's the recipient of Senior Australian of the Year 2010 and South Australian of the Year 2011 awards, and is a Member of the Order of Australia (AM) 2012. Check out her line of products.

### SARAH BRITTON

A Copenhagen-based holistic nutritionist and vegetarian chef – and an incredibly sweet and generous soul to boot – Sarah is the creative force behind award-winning blog My New Roots and is currently on assignment at Noma's test kitchen, the Nordic Food Lab. A certified nutritional practitioner, Sarah is also founder of New Roots Holistic Nutrition.

### Solution Sol

Joe is a New York-based media entrepreneur. I met Joe several years ago and have stayed in contact since, getting updates on his Reboot Media project – a health and lifestyle brand that

makes juices (available in supermarkets), cookbooks and educates on getting well (Joe was fat, tired and seriously sick when we met and he healed himself through his eating alone!). Make sure you look out for his film *Fat, Sick and Nearly Dead* . The guy's an inspiration!

### SALLY FALLON

Sally is a Washington-based journalist, chef and nutrition researcher. She's also founder of the Weston A. Price Foundation for Wise Traditions in Foods, which educates on eating whole foods with plenty of good fats and protein. Her book *Nourishing Traditions: The Cookbook that Challenges Politically Correct Nutrition and the Diet Dictocrats* not only has the best subtitle ever, it's my most cherished cookbook.

### ➡ LEE HOLMES

Lee is the Sydney-based founder of Supercharged Food, a site brimful of whole-food eating ideas and inspirations. Her recipe book *Supercharged Food* – I'm a huge fan – features more than 90 gluten-, wheat-, dairy-, yeast- and sugar-free recipes.

### 🖘 JANE KENNEDY

Jane is a Melbourne-based mum, writer, producer, director, actress and foodie (and a good egg to boot). We 'e-met' on Twitter and I love that she's been thrilled to share her sugarfree ideas from *Fabulous Food, Minus the Boombah*. Her second book is *OMG! I Can Eat That?* 

### 🖘 MARIA LAITINEN

Maria is a Sydney-based prop stylist and health-food blogger. I've featured a number of her recipes from her site Scandi Foodie because they are that damn good. She's a sugar-free fan and shares a lot of vegan and vegetarian ideas.

### ANGELA LIDDON

Angela is the Canada-based creator of Oh She Glows, an incredibly popular healthy vegan recipe website. Her work has been featured in *O, Fitness, Self, Veg News, Glamour, Glow* and *Best Health*. *Chatelaine Magazine* named her one of Canada's Women of the Year 2011. She's currently working on her first vegan cookbook for release in 2014.

### SWYNETH PALTROW

Gwyneth needs little introduction. But perhaps you haven't checked out her cookbook *Notes from My Kitchen Table* yet? With a breezy and generous spirit, similar to the vibe of her site Goop, she shares 150 of her favourite recipes, how she involves her kids in cooking, and how she balances healthy food with homemade treats.

### ARK SISSON

Mark is a California-based blogger and health guru. His site Mark's Daily Apple is the go-to joint for Paleo living. Mark's *Primal Blueprint Cookbook* is available through his website.

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olive oil ref1, ref1 omega-3 fatty acids refl omelette, perfect, with baked mushrooms refl omelette-making ref1 onions, caramelised ref1 Р Palaeolithic diet ref1 palm sugar ref1 pancakes ref1 buckwheat galettes <u>ref1</u> coconut fluffs <u>ref1</u> with coconut treacle <u>ref1</u> simple apple pancakes <u>ref1</u> so-Frenchie-so-chic ham and cheese <u>ref1</u> spiced berry swirl <u>ref1</u> with spiced pumpkin butter and pecans <u>ref1</u> the Waldorf refl parsnip fries <u>ref1</u> parties ref1 pasta sauce with sauté onion refl sugar content <u>ref1</u> pea, herb and almond crush refl, ref2 peanut butter chocolate peanut butter hot cocoa <u>ref1</u> parsnip fries <u>ref1</u> pecans candied pecans refl

spiced pumpkin butter and pecan topping <u>ref1</u> sweet potato casserole <u>ref1</u> pepitas Mexican pepitas refl pumpkin and pepita hash <u>ref1</u> tamari pepitas <u>ref1</u> peppermint patties <u>ref1</u> pepper soup with Finnish scones refl, ref2 perfect omelette with baked mushrooms <u>ref1</u> pestos basil pesto <u>ref1</u> broccoli pesto refl broccoli pesto quinoa <u>ref1</u> coriander pesto <u>ref1</u> kale pesto ref1, ref2 uses <u>ref1</u> pine nuts ref1 poached eggs refl, ref2 uses ref1 polyunsaturated oils ref1 popcorn superfood popcorn <u>ref1</u> poppadoms, cheesy refl porridge ref1, ref2 pumpkin pie porridge <u>ref1</u> potato skins <u>ref1</u> protein ref1, ref2, ref3 high-protein foods ref1

protein powder refl pub food ref1 pumpkin chewy pumpkin and coconut muffins <u>ref1</u>, ref2 with coconut flakes ref1 with coconut oil ref1, ref2 dairy-free pumpkin pie with coconut <u>ref1</u> five-spice pumpkin pie <u>ref1</u> fluffy pumpkin and chia muffins <u>ref1</u> pumpkin and pepita hash <u>ref1</u> pumpkin pie with cream <u>ref1</u> pumpkin pie porridge <u>ref1</u> pumpkin pie puddings with nut crunch <u>ref1</u> pumpkin purée refl pumpkin stir-fry, with eggs refl spiced pumpkin butter and pecan topping <u>ref1</u> pumpkin seeds, toasted ref1 Mexican pepitas *ref1* tamari pepitas <u>ref1</u>

## Q

quinoa <u>ref1</u>
blueberry quinoa crumble <u>ref1</u>
broccoli pesto quinoa <u>ref1</u>
chewy quinoa macaroons <u>ref1</u>
chia and quinoa parfait <u>ref1</u>
rinsing <u>ref1</u>
summery quinoa tabboleh <u>ref1</u>

R

raisins <u>ref1</u> raspberry ripple, my <u>ref1</u> rewards, for kids <u>ref1</u> rice cakes with almond spread <u>ref1</u> with pesto <u>ref1</u> rice malt syrup <u>ref1</u>, <u>ref2</u>, <u>ref3</u> rice milk <u>ref1</u> rice pudding with coconut milk <u>ref1</u> rice syrup <u>ref1</u> rice syrup <u>ref1</u>

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salt and vinegar almonds ref1
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 berry grown-up sauce ref1
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sauces, see also tomato sauce
sausage, walnut and beetroot hash ref1
Schopenhauer, Arthur ref1
scones, Finnish ref1

seaweed snacks ref1 seed oils ref1 seeds activated <u>ref1</u> meal-in-a-biscuit crackers <u>ref1</u> spirulina and sesame balls <u>ref1</u> zest-and-poppy cookies <u>ref1</u> self-testing ref1, ref2 simple apple pancakes <u>ref1</u> simply sweet biscuits <u>ref1</u> slippery elm powder ref1, ref2 smoothies ref1 berry yoghurt refl choc chip and mint whip <u>ref1</u> with coconut ref1 make-me-over mojito smoothie <u>ref1</u> spinach and fennel <u>ref1</u> tips <u>ref1</u> snacking ref1 soda water refl so-Frenchie-so-chic ham and cheese topping *ref1* soft drinks ref1, ref2 sophisticated lavender snaps <u>ref1</u> soup cheesy green mish-mash soup <u>ref1</u> cooling avocado soup <u>ref1</u> foolproof fennel soup <u>ref1</u> with poached egg refl

roasted pepper soup with Finnish scones refl, ref2 sweet potato soup <u>ref1</u> soya milk ref1 spiced berry swirl pancake topping <u>ref1</u> spiced pumpkin butter and pecan topping <u>ref1</u> spices ref1 spicy nuts <u>ref1</u> spinach and fennel smoothie refl spirulina powder refl spirulina and sesame balls refl spring onions ref1 sprouts legumes <u>ref1</u> uses <u>ref1</u> warm sprouted pea hash <u>ref1</u> stevia ref1, ref2, ref3 conversions ref1 stick blender ref1, ref2 stock ref1 chicken ref1 freezing ref1 homemade ref1 strawberry granita refl stress ref1 stress hormones ref1 sucrose, in table sugar ref1 sugar alternatives to ref1, ref2

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tonic water <u>ref1</u> toothpaste ref1 toxins ref1, ref2 tuna with steamed vegetables and poached egg refl turkey, sliced ref1 turmeric, broccoli anti-inflammatory hash refl turnips: breakfast casserole <u>ref1</u> V vanilla powder ref1, ref2 vegetable juice refl vegetable oils refl vegetables ref1, ref2, ref3 cheesy green mish-mash soup ref1, ref2 eggy muggins <u>ref1</u> frittatinis <u>ref1</u> frozen <u>ref1</u> leftover with egg ref1 nutrition ref1 par-cooked/frozen ref1 roast ref1 sautéed with pesto refl tinned <u>ref1</u> vitamin D 21 W walnut oil ref1 walnuts, with yoghurt ref1 sausage, walnut and beetroot hash *ref1* warm sprouted pea hash <u>ref1</u>

wastage ref1 , ref2
water chestnuts, toasty ref1
Week One ref1
Week Two ref1
Week Three ref1
Week Four ref1
Week Four ref1
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Week Seven ref1
Week Seven ref1
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weight gain ref1 , ref2 , ref3 , ref4
whole foods ref1
Why We Get Fat (Taubes) ref1
work stress ref1

# Y

yoghurt berry yoghurt smoothie <u>ref1</u> with frozen berries <u>ref1</u> with groats/nuts <u>ref1</u> homemade cream cheese <u>ref1</u> low-fat <u>ref1</u>, <u>ref2</u> natural, full-fat <u>ref1</u> pumpkin pie puddings with yoghurt <u>ref1</u> yoghurt with walnuts <u>ref1</u>

zest-and-poppy cookies refl

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I'm grateful to the readers on my blog who encouraged my sugar-free experimenting and steered me to turning it into a book.

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Oh (is the band starting up yet?), thank you to my Mum.

For showing me how to love food. xx

# ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Sarah Wilson is an Australian media personality, journalist, health coach and blogger. She's the former editor of *Cosmopolitan* magazine and was the host of the first series of *MasterChef Australia*, the highest-rating show in Australian TV history, as well as the health makeover series *Eat Yourself Sexy*. She kicked off her career as a restaurant reviewer for News Ltd, then moved into political and social commentary, appearing regularly on Australian screens as a host on *The Morning Show*, and *Mornings with Kerri-Anne*, and regular panellist on *Sunrise*, *Good News Week* and *The Project*.

She's also been a regular magazine and newspaper columnist for over a decade, a gig that's seen her

### MEDITATE WITH THE DALAI LAMA, TAP DANCE OUT OF A PLANE WITH SIR RICHARD BRANSON AND DISCUSS DATING TIPS WITH THE PRIME MINISTER OF AUSTRALIA.

Sarah likes biking, hiking and wearing the same pair of green shorts (for eight years; she's not quite sure why). She's come full circle now, focusing again on food with her *I Quit Sugar* books.



Sarah's put gourmet back into nutrition. Her well-balanced understanding in the therapeutic value of food, personal sugarquitting journey and inventive mind has led to the creation of these fabulous eats. This book is welcomed with open arms. Sarah is truly an inspiration and a gift to the wellness industry.'

**NAT KRINGOUDIS** (Doctor of traditional Chinese medicine, acupuncturist, natural fertility educator and blogger)

'I've noticed that the kids seem less hungry and quite satisfied at dinner time since I've taken sugar from our diet.'

#### VANESSA

'Sarah Wilson breaks things down in easy to assimilate bitesized pieces and leaves you with the feeling she is right there holding your hand, as someone who themselves has been there and understands. Sarah herself is a walking advertisement for her own accomplishments and quitting sugar, with Sarah Wilson's help, is the best first step toward total physical and mental health anyone can take.'

**NORA GEDGAUDAS** (CNS, CNT, author of *Primal Body, Primal Mind: Beyond the Paleo Diet for Total Health and a Longer Life* )

'Thank you for this brilliant programme. I've lost 11 kg to date, and I am now at a perfect weight for my height and eat as much (quantity-wise) as I used to but I am now eating the right things. I'm bouncy, have clear, glowing skin and am just generally enjoying life without the lethargic, dark cloud hanging over me constantly. Living this experiment has opened me up to a whole new way of living.'

#### MATT

'I weighed 78 kg when I started and I'm at 68 kg six months later. In addition, I do not have the anger issues, depression/mood swing issues, joint pain (my pain is gone!!) and I am all around a more energetic person.'

### NICOLE

'I went from running a health-focused, organic cookery school to enrolling in a patisserie course, so addicted was I to the sweet stuff. That, however, was before I bought your IQS ebook. Your work has prompted me to get real, and finally own up to the fact that it was time to get back on track. I gave my patisserie course spot to someone else.'

### SABRINA



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